CHEAP and EFFECTIVE REMEDY FOR CUTS, BRUISES, INSECT BITES OR STINGS, PILES, PRICKLY HEAT, and OTHER SKIN AILMENTS.

CALVERT'S CARBOLIC OINTMENT.

Larger 13½d. pots.
Free from Animal Fat.

Sold by TREACHER & Co., Bombay, Byculla, and Poona.

Makers awarded 56 Gold and Silver Medals and Diplomas.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28516—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, AUGUST 21, 1891.

OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

CUTLER, PALMER'S
FAMOUS WHISKIES.

	Per Doz. Rs.	A.
Pall Mall, 11 years old	36	0
Napier Johnstone's Square Bottle	31	8
Heart Bottle	28	12
O. B.	27	0
Glentromie	26	0
Ben-Tor (cheapest)	18	0

O. V. G. Market Rates.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1891. Friday.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	21st Aug.
B.I. KAISAR-I-HIND	4029	700	G. W. Atkinson	28th „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	4th Sept
B.I. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	11th „
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	18th „
				Saturday.
B.I. MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	26th Sept.
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	3rd Oct.
B.I. MALWA	2970	500	C. F. Preston	10th „
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	17th „
B.I. CATHAY	2983	700	A. Symons	24th „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	31st „
B.I. ORIENTAL	4972	1000	E. Stewart	7th Nov.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	14th „
B.I. OCEANA	6188	1200	P. S. Tomlin	21st „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	28th „

The steamers marked B.I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare, from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing.

A Steam Barge leaves the P. and O. Dockyard at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captains.	About
SURAT	3142	500	R. J. Sleeman	27th Augt.
ROHILLA	3387	700	C. H. S. Tocque	10th Sept.
RAVENNA	3257	700	A. B. Daniell	24th „

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, August 10, 1891.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Hand-books.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other First Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay:—

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	
S. S. Duc. BALDUINO	5,000	800	10th Sept., 1891.
S. S. SINGAPORE	5,000	800	1st Oct., 1891.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of Food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer	To sail
BISAGNO	On the 8th Sept., 1891.

For Hand-books of Information and other Particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, August 20, 1891.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	L. Lemessich	4,200	660	1st Sept. '91.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st Oct. '91.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 131

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class
TO TRIESTE or BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail
PANDORA	G. Mettel	3,800	500	18th Sept. '91.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons,	H.P.	To sail
THISBE	A. Lussich	3,800	550	21th Aug. '91.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

O. VON HOFFER,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, 80, Church Gate Street, Bombay.
August 4, 1891.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail.
BRITANNIA	Jas. Brown	3069	29th Aug.
PERSIA	R. Hutchison	3547	22nd Sept.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles.)

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.

All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.

For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, August 15th, 1891.

CHEAP PASSAGES. HOMEWARD AND OUTWARD.

PASSAGES promptly engaged and best Berths secured FREE OF COMMISSION, in P. and O. and all other LINERS; and also in selected NON-LINERS, such as the "BEDOUIN," "WOODS," &c., from Rs. 200 to 300 to the Continent, and Rs. 300 to Rs. 375 to English ports, 1st Saloon.

Outward, in Non-Liners, from £20 to £30 per adult, Saloon.

CONTINENTAL RAIL-TICKETS provided, and PULLMAN-CAR BERTHS engaged.

HEAVY BAGGAGE stored, shipped, or forwarded by P. and O. at Cargo rates to port of destination or address.

PASSENGERS met on arrival and departure by reliable Agents.

SOVEREIGNS, DRAFTS AND CIRCULAR NOTES supplied at best rates.

LADIES, Children, and Gentlemen respectively grouped in selected Saloon cabins; special arrangement for Families and Parties.

INSURANCE effected at reasonable rates.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE TELEGRAMS arranged for economically.

INTEREST at 3 per cent. allowed on passage money deposited with us in advance.

Full particulars supplied and HAND-BOOKS sent free on application.

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY—28, APOLLO STREET.
KARACHI—BUNDER ROAD.
LONDON—27, LEADENHALL STREET.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, on the 23rd August, at 11 a.m., or after arrival of incoming English Mail steamer, transferring Mails and Passengers at Kurrachee to the Persian Gulf Steamer.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,554 tons, on the 26th August, at noon, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ELLORA," 1,970 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 21st August, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 20th August, 1891. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1891.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.*

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured at very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.

Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked furnished at once.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by MESSRS. KING, BAILLIE & Co. MESSRS. KING KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished and every facility given for examination.

LOANS granted on approved security. Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES arranged at current rates, and addresses in connection with the same registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. *free of charge.*

Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward bound Passengers' forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA. KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamers.	Date of leaving Calcutta. On or about
BHUNDARA	1st September.
VIRAWA	15th October.
BOOLDANA	31st „

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 12th August, 1891. Agents.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.

FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 10th September 1891, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

Passengers are invited to be on board by noon in the Prince's Dock on the day of sailing.

SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail
CITY OF DUNDEE	E. Halley	4,000	19th Sept., 1891.

THIS Steamer, which is lighted throughout with the Electric Light, and has all the latest improvements, carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two Berth Cabins on deck amidships. Punkhas and every Comfort for First-Class Passengers. Crew entirely European. Apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 17th August, 1891.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for Commission.* Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.

CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

SECOND SALOON.

The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.

Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. "Grindlay's Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.

Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when required.

PACKAGES from Europe for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO by S.S. "RENOWN" are hereby notified of her ARRIVAL from LONDON, and that she is discharging in PRINCE'S DOCK. They are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our Countersignature, and to remove their cargo without delay.

All damaged goods must be surveyed by the Steamer's Surveyor, Captain Macaulay, before removal from the Dock premises, and all claims must be presented duly signed by the Commander previous to the vessel leaving Port, after which no claim will be admitted.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 17th August, 1891. Agents.

PRICE CURRENT—Published once a week. Contains shipping arrivals, departures, exports, imports, and other commercial news. Subscription—Rs. 18 per year.

SHERRIES.

OUR SHERRIES are selected and matured on the spot and shipped by the well-known firm of Gonzalez, Byass & Co., who have obtained a world-wide reputation for the high character and superior quality of their Wines.

The following have been selected by TREACHER & Co. as specially suited to the taste and requirements of residents in India. The Company's large importations enable them to quote lower prices than customary for such high-class Wines.

	Cash Prices. Per doz. Rs.	as.	Credit Prices. Per doz. Rs.	as.
AMONTILLADO.—A genuine "natural" Sherry of superior quality, very old and choice, one of the driest of the Xerez Wines	40	0	45	0
MANZANILLA.—Dry, of a fine straw colour, and unsurpassed for delicacy and purity; it is a "perfect San Lucar" Wine of full flavour and firmness	31	0	35	0
GOLDEN SHERRY.—Rich nutty-flavoured Dessert Wine, much admired	31	0	35	0
OLD DRY SHERRY.—Well matured, remarkably soft and dry, and free from acidity. Specially recommended	29	0	32	8
VINO DE PASTO.—A good generous Dinner Wine, unequalled for price, and well suited for family use	27	0	30	0
PALE DINNER SHERRY.—An excellent light Wine for general use, in great demand as a good clean drinking Sherry	24	0	27	0
EXTRA DRY PALE SHERRY.—A light natural unblended Wine	19	0	21	8
LIGHT SHERRY.—A pure light Spanish Wine of very fair quality	15	0	17	0

TREACHER & CO., LD.,

WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, POONA, AND MAHABLESHWUR.

COTTON PRESSES, OIL PRESSES.

GREENWOOD & BATLEY, LD.,
ALBION WORKS, LEEDS, ENGLAND,
SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THE

CUMMINS' PATENT COTTON BALING PRESSES.

500 lbs. BALES 8 CUBIC FEET. 400 lbs. BALES 6·4 CUBIC FEET.

MANUFACTURERS OF

HALF-PRESSES AND FINISHERS.
COMBINED, or SEPARATE, with FIXED or REVOLVING BOXES.

ANGLO AMERICAN OIL MILL MACHINERY.
With all the LATEST IMPROVEMENTS, insuring HIGH YIELD of oil, and most ECONOMICAL WORKING.

SPECIAL PRESSES FOR COPRA.
70 PER CENT. OIL FROM FINE COPRA HAS BEEN OBTAINED.

HIGH SPEED ENGINES.

Our Representative, Mr. A. E. Cummins, from Leeds, expert in cotton and oil-pressing, is now on circuit in India, and is prepared to give advice, quotations, and accept orders, on behalf of the firm.

A. E. CUMMINS,
Care of CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK, BOMBAY.
PRO TEM.—APOLLO BUNDER HOTEL, BOMBAY.
PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, PHOTOGRAPHS, ON APPLICATION.

VOLKART BROTHERS, BOMBAY.

ELECTROTECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.
CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
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AND CONTRACTORS FOR
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
STOCK AND SHOW ROOMS:
APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET,
BOMBAY.

SWEATER, FOOTBALL, AND POLO, JERSEYS, &C.

WHITE SWEATER JERSEYS.

Inches	34	36.
Rupees	6-8	6-8.

SUPERIOR WHITE SWEATER JERSEYS.

Inches	34	36	38	40.
Rupees	7-8	7-8	8-8	8-8.

FINEST CASHMERE JERSEYS (Club Colours.)

Inches	34	36	38	40.
Rupees	10-8	10-8	11-8	11-8.

EXTRA FINE WHITE CASHMERE JERSEYS.

Inches	34	36	38	40.
Rupees	9-8	9-8	10-8	10-8.

NAVY LAMBS WOOL JERSEYS.

Inches	34	36	38	40.
Rupees	5-8	5-6	6-8	6-8.

WHITE CASHMERE SQUARES, OR MUFFLERS.
Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 3-8.

SILK SQUARES, FINEST RIBBED SILK, PLAIN, AND CLUB COLOURS.
Rs. 5-8 and Rs. 7-8.

ELASTIC BELTS, ALL COLOURS.
Rs. 2-8.

THORPE AND CO.,

BOMBAY.

SWIFT AND FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.,
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(in Pamphlet form),
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*,
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

MESSRS. MARCKS & COMPANY,

WATCH, CLOCK, AND CHRONOMETER MAKERS;
GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS;
MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF JEWELLERY;
DIAMOND AND PEARL MERCHANTS;
DEALERS IN EVERY SORT OF PRECIOUS STONES,
No. 43, ESPLANADE ROAD, AND No. 1, ASH LANE,
BOMBAY, AND AT POONA.

OUR numerous Friends and Customers having often expressed their appreciation of our liberal arrangements for their convenience, we beg to state publicly that we shall always study how best to meet the wishes of all persons dealing with us. The large European and Native establishment of skilled workmen kept by us has lately been increased; and we are prepared to execute all the additional orders, with which we may be favoured, with even greater despatch than heretofore.

THE REPAIRING of WATCHES and CLOCKS is still done entirely by the best-skilled European Watch-makers; and each Time-piece is thoroughly examined and tested by the Managing Director before it leaves their hands.

MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LD.,
43, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY, AND AT POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PEACH BRANDY.

THIS fine LIQUEUR is come into great favour.

		Cash.	Credit.
PRICE	Quarts	Rs. 5 8	Rs. 6 4
Do.	Pints	„ 3 0	„ 3 8

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

MILK PUNCH.

PREPARED FROM AN ORIGINAL RECIPE.

IT has achieved a considerable reputation as being the best in the Indian Market.

Cash Rs. 25; Credit Rs. 28 per dozen.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

A SOUND CLARET

AT A MODERATE PRICE.

KEMP'S HOUSEHOLD CLARET (Prize Medal, Amsterdam, 1883) is a genuine Bordeaux Wine of better quality than many other brands at higher prices.

Per doz. Pints, Rs. 5-8. Per doz. Quarts, Rs. 10.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

CHICKEN WINE.

INVALUABLE for weak or debilitated Patients, or where solid food cannot be given. A liqueur glassful equals in strengthening properties a teacupful of strong Chicken Broth. Per Bottle, Rs. 3.

KEMP & Co., LD., BOMBAY.

A COMFORTABLE SHAVE

GUARANTEED by using KEMP'S SAFETY RAZOR. Makes a pleasure of what is so often a painful operation. Cutting or injury to the skin Impossible. Price, Rs. 5 each.

KEMP & Co., LD., BOMBAY.

ENGLISH BRIAR PIPES, MYALL WOOD PIPES, MEERSCHAUM PIPES.

WE HOLD A LARGE STOCK OF THE above, Plain and Silver-mounted, in all the most approved Shapes. Prices from As. 12 to Rs. 30.

KEMP & Co., LIMITED,
CUMBALLA HILL AND BYCULLA.

KEMP'S

BRANDY BITTERS. TONIC ORANGE BITTERS.
SHERRY BITTERS. UNITED SERVICE BITTERS.
PEACH BITTERS. IMPERIAL DINNER BITTERS.

BITTERS.

Per Small Bottle, Re. 1-4. Per Large Bottle, Rs. 2.

KEMP & Co., LD., BOMBAY.

SAVARESSE'S CAPSULES

CONTAINING ENGLISH OIL OF YELLOW SANDALWOOD.

THE PHYSIOLOGICAL peculiarity of Savaresse's Capsules is that the organic membrane of which they are made so resists the action of the gastric juice that they rarely dissolve in the stomach: this avoids nausea, eructations, and indigestion and brings the medicine, undiluted, nearer to the seat of Disease. Price Rs. 2-8 per box.

CASCARA-HAWLEY.—Cures Constipation. A tasteless Laxative for Ladies and Children. In boxes of 20 and 100 Capsules.

SAVAR'S COCA WINE.—Concentrated and Standardised. The best restorative Tonic.

SAVAR'S CUBEB CIGARETTES.—Always relieve Asthma and Catarrh. In pocket cases.

Sole Agents for Bombay Presidency,
KEMP & Co., Limited, BOMBAY.

PIANOFORTE SHOW-ROOMS.

PERSONS in want of a really good new (or second-hand) PIANO are invited to call at the above.

PIANOFORTES exchanged,
PIANOFORTES for hire,
PIANOFORTES renovated,
PIANOFORTES tuned,

At No. 43, Esplanade Road, and No. 1, Ash Lane,
Fort, Bombay.

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., LD.,
IMPORTERS AND AGENTS.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION. Special attention given to the selection of berths.

FAVOURABLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing berths according to individual requirements.

THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe, allowing breaks of journey anywhere *en route.*

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at Plymouth, London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris, and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.

HOTEL COUPONS available at over 1,200 Hotels in all parts of the World.

SPECIALLY REDUCED FARES for Military, Civil, and Naval Service Officers to Europe via China and America.

HEAVY BAGGAGE received, warehoused, and forwarded.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued of the value of £20, £10, and £5, which are cashed by any of our Agents and Banking Correspondents in all parts of the World.

LETTERS OF CREDIT for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World issued.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on our Branch Offices.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at favourable rates.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received, available at any time for remittance to England. Rate of interest on application.

INTEREST, PAY AND PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS OR REMITTANCES made expeditiously at best rate of Exchange *without charge for Commission*, and payable at our offices in any part of the World.

INSURANCE POLICIES against death by accident issued. Insurance of Passengers' Baggage effected on moderate terms.

Handbook of information free on application.

BOMBAY: 13, Rampart Row.
CALCUTTA: Old Court House Street.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR'S CELEBRATED MANGE REMEDY, G.'S LINIMENT,

An Infallible Remedy for the speedy cure of Mange, Malabar Itch, and other Skin Diseases in Horses, Dogs, and Cattle.

IN MALABAR ITCH many remedies have been tried without relief, the disease never being thoroughly eradicated. In the cases in which G.'s LINIMENT has been tried, ONE OR TWO APPLICATIONS have proved at once a Relief, and with careful attention to the directions, will be found a thorough Specific.

Per Pint Bottle, Re. 1-8.

The following testimonial from an eminent physician we have been allowed to publish:—

"I used G.'s Liniment for Malabar Itch in three cases with great success.

(Signed) W. A. S., M.D."

An unprecedented number of other Testimonials has been received for years past by the Proprietor, certifying to its efficacy and universal success in the cure of Mange and Scabies generally. The undernoted are a few extracts from some of the letters:—

"Done my Dog a great deal of service in one of the worst cases of Red Mange I have seen.
(Sd.) H. F. W."

"Both Greyhounds are now quite well; I can strongly recommend this Ointment.
(Sd.) W. H. DEM."

"I cannot too strongly recommend this Ointment.

"After three or four days the Skin becomes clean and smooth.

"Your G's. Liniment and Condition Powder are worth treble the money. I wouldn't be without them on any account."

THOMSON AND TAYLOR'S CONDITION POWDER.

When a horse is out of condition it is generally indicated by a dulness of the coat, and a want of that spirit and liveliness he usually exhibits.

These powders promote the action of the skin, increase the appetite, and assist digestion.

Price Rs. 2 per bottle.

"Your "Condition Powder" acts like a charm; a few doses have quite restored my horse.
(Sd.) D. H. W."

HOOF DRESSING

For the Prevention and Cure of Brittle or Shelly Feet, Sand Cracks, Seedy Toes, Diseased Frogs, &c., &c.

This Dressing may be used with advantage on feet that are in sound condition, as it prevents them getting brittle.

In tins containing 1 lb. Price Re. 1-8 per tin.

HORSE BALLS.

PHYSIC BALLS.
CONDITION BALLS.
TONIC BALLS.
WORM BALLS.
DIURETIC BALLS.
COUGH BALLS.

Per doz. Rs. 2-8.

Blistering Ointment in all sized pots.
Mild Liquid Blister for Coughs, Colds, etc.
Iodine Ointment for Curbs, Splints and Chronic Thickenings.

Private Recipes carefully prepared from the purest Drugs at moderate prices.

THOMSON & TAYLOR,
CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,
No. 35, HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S., VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SKATING RINK.

TO-DAY, FRIDAY, 21st AUGUST,

SKATING CLUB EVENING SESSION,

(8-30 to 11 P.M.).

The Rink will be reserved this evening for Members of the Skating Club, their Families and Friends.

MORNING SESSION FROM 11 A.M., to 1 P.M.
AFTERNOON do. 5 to 7 P.M.

The greatest care is taken by the Management to keep these Sessions Select.

Admission Re. 1 with use of Skates.

An experienced EUROPEAN INSTRUCTOR will be in attendance and a BAND will play at the CLUB SESSION.

NUGENT & Co.

KEMP & COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.—THE TENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING will be held at the Company's Laboratory Premises, 6, Armenian Lane, Fort, TO-DAY, FRIDAY, the 21st instant, at 4-30 p.m., for the transaction of the following business :—

1.—To receive the Accounts made up to the 30th June and the Directors' Report.
2.—To declare a Dividend.
3.—To elect Directors.
4.—To elect Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from this date until the 26th instant, inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
JOHN BRISTED,
General Manager.

Bombay, 12th August, 1891.

NOTICE.

SASSOON MECHANIC'S INSTITUTE.

ONE of the proposals to be put forward at the meeting on MONDAY next, 24th instant, will be that sanction be given to a part of the lower floor being leased, as a temporary measure, for use as shops or otherwise.

H. F. WESTON,
Honorary Secretary.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.

Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.

Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.

Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.

List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.

Charters and Engagement.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy....................Annas. 4.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS, BOMBAY.

In the matter of HARSAMAL BALDAVDAS and MAHADAVRAM BALDAVDAS, trading in the name of HARSAMAL MAHADAVRAM ; adjudged Insolvents.

WHEREAS the Petition of NANOOMAL ASSOOMAL the Petitioning Creditor of the abovenamed Insolvents verified by the declaration of the said Petitioning creditor Nanoomal Assoomal was filed in this Honourable Court on this day and whereas the said Harsamal Baldavdas and Mahadavram Baldavdas have been this day duly adjudged to have committed an act of Insolvency under the Provisions of Section nine of the Act Eleven and Twelve, Victoria, Chapter twenty-one. It is ordered that all the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court. And it is further ordered that the said Insolvents do within thirty days from the date hereof file a Schedule in this Honourable Court in the form in Schedule C. to the said Act annexed, containing the statement of their debts, estate and effects. Dated this twentieth day of August; One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-one.

C. W. L. JACKSON,
Clerk of the Court.

Court House, Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay, this 20th day of August, 1891.

NEUBERG'S

CIGARS,

CHEROOTS,

CIGARETTES,

TOBACCOS.

SPECIALITIES :—

HIGH CLASS TOBACCO.

GUARANTEED QUALITY.

PERFECT CONDITION.

BOCK'S AND UPMANN'S

REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS

In hermetically sealed tins of

50 and 100 each.

J. NEUBERG,

TOBACCONIST,

BOMBAY.

NOW READY.

BOMBAY GAZETTE

OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12.
Single Copy....................Annas 4.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being a reprint of two letters to the *Bombay Gazette*,

and a Lecture by

F. BEAUCLERK,

Price 8 Annas,

CAN BE HAD AT

THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
" THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta.
" HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great Poets; by W. E. H. PRICE, Rs. 1-8; postage, Anna 1.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

PRESENTATION WATCHES, comprising minute-repeating, chronograph, clock, and calendar mechanism, in solid heavy 18-carat cases, or enamelled in various colors; also set with diamonds, rubies, or emeralds. —MARCKS & COMPANY, Limited, Bombay and Poona.

LEATHER and PLUSH Goods, Albums, Purses, Wallets, Card Cases, Writing Desks, Tourist Cases, Hand Bags, Combination Cases, Work Boxes, &c., &c.—MORENAS & Co.

THE WONDER OF THE DAY.—ORNAMENTS for a DRAWING ROOM, CLOCKS going (400) days in once winding. Guaranteed to keep perfect time. Height 5 feet. Price Rs. 125 cash. CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Railway Watch-Maker, 42, Medows Street.

LANSON'S CUVEE DE RESERVE CHAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON and Co., Sole Agents.

NAGUR'S WORLD RENOWNED Safes and Chests. SAFES for Sale and Hire. Repairs carefully and efficiently executed. New and Old Safes exchanged or sold on commission. New and Second-hand English Safes of all makers.—NAGURDAS PURBHOODAS, 62, Apollo Street, Fort.

A. B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whisky and Highland Whisky, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

MOTIVALA'S COUGH PILLS are now acknowledged on all hands as the best, safest, cheapest and most reliable remedy in all cases of Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Diseases. Prices: 4, 6 and 10 annas per Phial. See certificates of cures, for which apply to S. B. Motivala, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay.

EUROPEAN (25), with Home Indian Cotton Mill experience, desires a SITUATION as a SALESMAN or otherwise in similar concern. Address "X," care of this paper.

WHERE do you get your PRESCRIPTION dispensed? At the Old Established Firm of FERNANDES and Co. So do I. Really very good and reliable Medicines at reasonable Charges; great advantage of Medical Advice gratis.—25 years established, 30, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.

WILL any reader kindly let me know of any Firms that will buy Skins of Animals, and Birds' Feathers for Mounting or Stuffing? Apply to SHIKAREE, care of this paper.

PEARSE & Co. have just Unpacked Fresh Consignments of Oilman Stores. Prices lower than any of the well-known Firms. Green Peas, French Beans, per tin As. 4 only; Cocoa and Milk and Chocolate and Milk, per tin As. 5 only, per doz. Rs. 3 only.

REDUCTION in PRICE of CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.—From 1st April 1891. Sold by the principal European and Native Druggists of Calcutta. Obtainable from the Superintendent, Botanic Garden, Calcutta, Post free, at 4 oz., Rs. 3-4; 8 oz., Rs. 6-8; 16 oz., Rs. 12-12. Cash with order.

FOR SALE.—LANDAU and Pair of Australian HORSES. Landau nearly new. Horses young, handsome, and fast. Apply to R. BRANSON, High Court.

CUMBALLA HILL.—UNFURNISHED HOUSE TO LET, from 1st October. Apply to R. BRANSON, High Court.

A DESIRABLE, airy and comfortable BUNGALOW, at Mazagon, (near Hancock Bridge) available from 1st October next. Rent Rs. 110.—Apply to DADY HOMEJEE DADY, "Homejee Hall," Mazagon.

RESIDENTS on MALABAR HILL will be SUPPLIED with FRESH BUTTER daily on applying to the BOMBAY DAIRY SUPPLY Co., Tamarind Lane.

MATHERAN.—RUGBY HOTEL, Matheran, the well-known and most comfortable Hotel on the Hill will RE-OPEN in October next. Rooms bright, airy and commodious. Apply PROPRIETORS, "Poona Hotel," Poona.

EXTRACTS out of Numerous TESTIMONIALS of BATLIWALA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE:—Very Rev. B. Fernandes, Vicar da Vara:—It is most efficacious. E. M. Morris, Esq., Tunnel Works, Goilkera:—It is a diamond drop to a man dying with Malarious Fever. Surgeon-Major M. E. Reporter, Cannanore:—All the cases tried upon have recovered. Send your orders to Dr. H. L. Batliwala, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had at Kemp and Co., Phillips and Co., &c, at Re 1.

SUTTON'S SEEDS in Fancy Tin Boxes just received. Vegetable, Rs. 4-8, 8-12, and 18; Flower, Rs. 4-8, 6-8 and 8-12.—PALEKAR and Co., Esplanade X Road, Bombay.

THE STANDARD NEW ASSURANCES in 1890 were £1,572,218, the Largest Record in the Annals of this Company. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady, trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms apply to "B. L. A.," care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

TEA.—From different Tea Plantations in India for sale from 8 Annas up to 2 Rupees a lb. Liberal Discount will be given for large orders.—D. V. D'SOUZA, Tea Merchant and Sole Agent, Penshurst Estate, Sirdar's Building, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, and Bandora.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES !!! The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette*.

GENT'S HANDKERCHIEFS, NEAT COLORED BORDERS, Assorted Patterns in each dozen, fast colours, a remarkably cheap line, per doz. Rs. 4 cash.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

ADAM'S IDEAL Hand Camera, 1891. The very best of all Hand Detective Cameras. Cash price Rs. 115.—C. F. PEARSON & Co., Photographic Chemists, Secunderabad, Deccan.

CHEAPEST DEPOT of Brazilian Pebble SPECTACLES, FOLDERS, etc., fitted on the latest scientific method. Gold framed from Rs. 14 to Rs. 18, metal framed Rs. 3 and upwards. GOLD JEWELLERIES can be had ready or made to order.—DINSHAW M. DUSTUR, Oculist-Optician, 93, Medow St., Fort (opposite Soundy and Co).

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY for 1891—Enlarged, Corrected, and Revised up to Date Indispensable for Visitors and Residents. Cloth bound Price Rs. 5. Postage, 4 Annas.—*Bombay Gazette*, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay.

INSURANCES.

LIFE ASSURANCE.

THE

LONDON ASSURANCE

CORPORATION are now accepting Lives in India at £1-5 Per Cent. over English rates.

APPLY TO
EWART LATHAM & CO.,
AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE.

CAPITAL—£2,500,000.

FUNDS EXCEED £1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous rates on the shortest notice.

WALLACE & Co., Agents,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

GUARANTEES AGAINST EMBEZZLEMENT.

INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, THE PROPERTY OF THE LATE CAPTAIN SIR HENRY MORLAND :—

A PAIR OF BLACK AUSTRALIAN COBS, beautifully matched, go in Single and Double Harness, fast, steady, and believed to be sound.

A WELL-BRED WALER MARE, 15 hands, aged about 9 years, very fast and steady, believed to be sound.

SINGLE AND DOUBLE ENGLISH-MADE HARNESS for the above.

AN ENGLISH-BUILT BROUGHAM, in first-class order, with Pole and Shafts.

CAN BE SEEN ON APPLICATION AT No. 2, RAMPART ROW.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEADOWS STREETS, FORT.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 355 of 1880.

Jamilabibi..*Plaintiff.*

vs.

Hajee Syed Imadoodin and others ..... —*Defendants.*

Pursuant to the consent decree made herein on the 14th March, 1891, Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on the premises, the following properties :—

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 21st August, 1891, at 4 p.m.

LOT No. 1.

All that piece or parcel of fazundari land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the eastern side of Nowrojee Hill First Row, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Mandvi, containing by admeasurement seventeen feet in breadth, and ninety feet in length, or thereabouts, formerly assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under No. 135, and now under No. 148, formerly in the occupation of Ally Khan bin Hossein Khan, but now in that of the tenants of the first two defendants in the said suit, and bounded on the east by a passage, on the west by the said Nowrojee Hill First Row, on the north by a passage partly belonging to the said premises and partly to the house of Gungaram Purdesee, and on the south by a passage partly belonging to the premises and partly belonging to the house of Kessowjee Jadowjee.

On MONDAY, the 24th August, 1891, at 4 p.m.

LOT No. 2.

All that piece or parcel of Government land, or ground, together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the western side of Timbker Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub district of Fort, containing by admeasurement one hundred and thirty-three square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's old No. 1238, Collector's new No. 8404, old Survey No. 1/2361, and new Survey No. 3812, formerly assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under No. 58, and now under No. 60, formerly in the occupation of the tenants of Ally Khan bin Hoosein Khan, but now in that of the tenants of the first two defendants in the said suit, and bounded on the east by the said Timbker Street, on the west by the sweeper's passage, on the north by the chawl of Tamizudin Sarang, and on the south by the house of Hassan Khan Goree.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to Messrs. ARDESIR, HORMASJEE, and DINSHAW, plaintiff's Attorneys, or to Mr. MIRZA HOOSEIN KHAN, Attorney for the first and second defendants, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, August 21, 1891.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, &c.

AT 1-30 P. M.

1 handsome strong second-hand Victoria in good order.
1 do. do. four-seated open carriage in good order.
1 do. do. palanquin office shigram.
1 strong Bay Arab horse, 14-1, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 chesnut Arab galloway, goes well in harness.
1 strong pony-cart, with pony and harness.
1 pair of well matched flea-bitten grey, Arab geldings, aged, height 14-1½, broken to saddle, also single and double harness, driven in landau.

BONA FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the Executors of the late Captain SIR HENRY MORLAND, Messrs. BENNETT AND Co. will, on TUESDAY, the 25th, and WEDNESDAY, the 26th inst, at 1 p.m., each day, sell by Public Auction, at No. 2, Rampart Row, above Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co's. Office, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood, French-polished plain and carved house-hold furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome rosewood semi-grand piano, by "Schiedmayer," nearly new, handsome Kanga and Satsuma Daulton and Crown Derby table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, a pair of very handsome black Australian cobs, beautifully matched, to go in single and double harness, fast and steady, a handsome strong brown Australian mare, fast and steady, a handsome strong English-built glass fronted brougham, sets of single and double English harness, &c., &c; also English and French Library wines, provision, &c.

Catalogues are ready, and the property is now on view.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On FRIDAY, the 28th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Colaba, Opposite the Chapel, near the Tram Stable, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, platedware, glass and crockery ware, a mahogany square pianoforte, by Soundy & Co., first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome table and hanging kerosine lamps, carpets, &c., &c., the property of N. J. Sassoon, Esq.

The above will be on view 4 days before the Sale.

AUCTION SALE OF SOLID SILVER WARE AND GOLD AND SILVER AND DIAMOND JEWELLERY.

Under instructions from the Executors of the late Captain SIR HENRY MORLAND, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on MONDAY, the 31st inst., at 1 p.m., sell by Public Auction at No. 2, Hornby Row, above Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co's office, a large quantity of solid silverware, and gold and silver, and diamond jewellery, full particulars of which will be given hereafter.

AUCTION SALE OF WOOLEN GREY AND WHITE PIECE-GOODS, &c.

Under instructions from the receiver appointed in suit No. 320 of 1891, (J. E. Sassoon and others vs. Hajee Jamal Hajee Ahmed and others) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd proximo, at 8 a.m., sell by Public Auction, at English bazaar Street, near jackaria Musjid, the whole of the stock-in-trade of Hajee Jamal Hajee Ahmed, consisting of socks, woolen shawls, drills, handkerchieves, neckties, napkins, Turkish towels, morrocco leather, nainsooks, cashmere, merino, woolen checks, coating and trousers cloth, woolen shirts, &c., &c.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, August 21, 1891.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF WASTE.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 21st inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Soortee Mohulla, by order and in the warehouse of Hussonally Soolemanjee, and on account and at the risk of Rungildass Bhoocandass and Co.

150 to 200 cwts waste.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of Sale.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 22nd inst., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Cumballa Hill, next to Messrs. Kemp & Co's establishment, the valuable and handsome French-polished, blackwood and teakwood substantial-made household furniture, best-plated-ware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned mahogany grand pianoforte, by Schiedmayer and Soehne, rich table and cabinet ornaments, hammock chair, a set of electric call bells, with wire and battery complete, Hinks's table and hanging lamps, pictures, Persian carpets, &c., the property of A. PELL, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 24th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white, and coloured piece-goods, and the following :—

9 cases T. Red cambrics, 24 yards.
50 coils galvanized wire fencing.
On account of the concerned ex. s.s. Sutlej—
1 case containing boys' caps, ladies' hats, trimmings, ribbons, children's sun hats, plush ostrich boas, bonnets, &c.

By order of the Administrator-General the effects of the late Mr. E. Sutton, consisting of gold and silver lockets, buttons, chain, ring, earrings, silver spoon, foot ruler, triangles and compass, &c.

AT 2 P.M.

1 handsome double-seated brougham.
1 strong serviceable office-shigram.
1 second-hand mail-phaeton.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On SATURDAY, the 5th September, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Wodehouse Bridge Road, Middle Colaba, near the Tramway Terminus, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned rosewood square pianoforte, rich table ornaments, China and Japanese vases, Hinks's table and hanging lamps, carpets, pictures, a first-rate large size cooking stove, with utensils, handsome clock, striking every half hour, &c., the property of W. SWANSEGER, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the Sale.

On a date to be fixed hereafter Messrs. Crawford and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the "sea view," middle Colaba, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, rich table ornaments, handsome China flower vases, a sweet-toned mahogany grand piano forte, by Rose and Co, Hinks's table and hanging lamps, Persian and Brussels carpets, large size in box, oilpaintings, large size, fishbowls with fishes, nearly new English cooking stove, a collection of Poona roses in tubs and pots, &c., the property of A. MURRAY, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the Sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, August 21, 1891.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY CLUB.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Club will be held in the Club House on FRIDAY, the 28th August, 1891, at 5-30 p.m.

C. L. WEBER.
Honorary Secretary.

23rd July, 1891.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs. JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

NOTICE.

"EUROPHEN."

THE above is the Registered Trade Mark of the Firm of FARBEN FABRIKEN VORMALS FRIEDRICK BAYER and Co., of Elberfield, in the Empire of Germany, Manufacturers, and is the exclusive property of that Firm, and the Public are hereby cautioned against any improper use of the said Mark, and any one using the same or any imitation thereof will be prosecuted.

A. St. JOHN CARRUTHERS,
Solicitor, Calcutta,
Agent for the Farben Fabriken Vormals Friedrick Bayer and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons claiming against the estate of the REVEREND THOMAS CARSS, late of Bath, in the County of Somerset, Clerk, who died at Bath, aforesaid on the 28th. October, 1890, and Letters of Administration of whose estate throughout the Presidency of Bombay were granted on the 10th. August, 1891, by the High Court at Bombay to THOMAS WITHEY CUFFE, are hereby required to send in their claims to the said administrator at his office, in the Standard Buildings, Fort, Bombay, within one Calendar Month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time he will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

All persons indebted to the estate of the deceased, or having property of his in their hands, are hereby required to pay their debts or hand over such property to the administrator.—Dated this 13th day of August, 1891.

CRAIGIE, LYNCH, & OWEN,
Administrator's Attorneys.

NOTICE is hereby given that NARANDASS PRANJEEWANDASS has contracted to SELL the Undermentioned property, viz., all that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the East side of Nagdevi Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, admeasuring 15 feet in breadth, and 73 feet in length, assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 368, and Street No. 307 and 309, and bounded on or towards the West by the said Nagdevi Street, on or towards the East by the sweepers' passage, on or towards the North by a sweeper's passage, and the property formerly of Bhansali Jaivut Jugmul, but now of Khetsey Dewjee, and on or towards the South by the property of the Mahomedan Community, and which said premises are in the occupation of the tenants of the said Narrandass Pranjeewandass.

All persons having any claim or interest in the above property by way of inheritance, sale, gift, mortgage, lease, lien or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office No. 9, Hornby Road, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claims.—Dated this 13th day of August, 1891.

MULJEE BHOWANIDASS BARBHAYA,
Purchaser's Solicito

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting, Fuses, Red lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig lead, all sorts of paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

હેપતુલા શેકઆદમની કું૦

i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

NOTICE.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 121 Military Messes and 32 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses :—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	Pall Mall, London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS.	Pall Mall, London.
CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	Pall Mall, London.
POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
HEIDSIECK AND Co.	Rheims.
AYALA AND Co.	Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
COLIGNY FRERES	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
CURLIER FRERES	Cognac.
GABRIEL St. MARC	Cognac.
LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON AND Co.	Madeira.
COCKBURN, SMITHES & Co.	London.
VAN ZELLERS AND Co.	Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms-am-Rhein.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
WOODHOUSE AND Co.	Marsala.
JAMES CATHCART AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
GOVERNMENT CELLARS.	Budapest.
THOS. MOSLEY AND Co.	Gibraltar.
J. SACCONE	Gibraltar.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côtes d'Or.
J. & R. GRANT	Rothes.
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
C. A. LINDGREN AND Co.	Stockholm.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
FRANK BAILEY AND Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES.

Selected and Shipped by BLANDY BROS. & Co., of London.

MADEIRAS—From the Celebrated "Blandy" Stock.
PORTS—From Hooper Bros., Oporto.
SHERRIES—From Manuel Gaztelu E. Yriarte, Cad z.
CHAMPAGNES—From Henriot and Co., Reims.
CLARETS—From Le Fils D'A Leon Aine, Bordeaux.
HOCKS—From Meyer & Coblenz, Bingen-am-Rhein.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder & Co., Leith.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Ross and Cameron, Inverness.

DETAILED LIST OF PRICES & TERMS FROM
R. RAMCHANDRA & Co., SOLE AGENTS,
11, FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

SOUTHALL'S

SANITARY TOWELS

FOR LADIES.

ANTISEPTIC AND ABSORBENT. FOR ACCOUCHEMENT AND GENERAL USE.

An Eminent Medical Authority writes:—'One of the most valuable inventions for Women's comfort I have seen in the Quarter of a Century I have been in practice. I have distributed several gross amongst my patients, and in every instance they have been most valued and appreciated.'

A Desideratum of the highest importance, increased comfort, cleanliness: Less Liability to Chill when in delicate health. Diminution of Risks of Disease—No washing—Advantage to Ladies travelling.

MANUFACTURED IN TWO QUALITIES,

NO. 1 and 2, SUITING ALL CLASSES.

☞ *For protection against useless and injurious imitations, each Packet bears the Signature of the Patentees.*

SOUTHALL BROS. AND BARCLAY,

BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.

Special Wholesale and Retail Agents for the Bombay Presidency: Treacher and Co., Ld., Bombay, Byculla and Poona. *For the Bengal Presidency*: Bathgate and Co., Calcutta. *Agents in the Punjab*: Ball Habson and Co., Umballa. *Agents in Lucknow*: Peak Allen and Co. *Agents in the Bombay Presidency*: Thomson and Taylor, Bombay; Kemp & Co., Ld., Elphinstone Circle, Bombay; Mr. S. J. Noble, Bombay. *Agents for Kurrachee and Sind*: E. Speechly, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Kurrachee; Plomer and Co., Lahore.

RICH CANTON SILK.

LUXURIOUS WEAR. EXTREMELY DURABLE.

SHIRTS Rs. 7 NET.

SLEEPING SUITS. Rs. 15 NET.

MEASUREMENTS REQUIRED, COLLAR WORN, CHEST AND HEIGHT.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,

BOMBAY.

SPENCER & CO.'S

CIGARS.

PROPRIETARY BRANDS :—

SALISBURYS,
BEACONSFIELDS,
GOLD MOHURS,
IMPERIALS,
LITTLE RANDOLPHS,
SIESTAS,
MAYOS,
SUMATRAS,
BORNEOS.

NOTICE :—SPENCER & Co.'s FACTORY at Dindigul is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE CIGAR FACTORY IN INDIA. All their Cigars are made from Picked Material, under trained European Management, and they have no hesitation in stating that their Productions are unequalled by any in India.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL THE

PRINCIPAL CIGAR

DEALERS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

CAUTION :—It having come to SPENCER & Co.'s knowledge that many Native Firms, with and without European designations, are supplying Cigars bearing the same names as their Popular Brands, they beg to warn the Public against these Imitations, and to request Purchasers to satisfy themselves that the Cigars are of their manufacture by examining the outside of the Box, and to accept none but those bearing the Signature of the Firm on the Label, and one of the Firm's Trade Marks, as below, branded on the Lid :—

Cigars covered with Sumatra leaf bear this brand.

FLOR DE SUMATRA
TRADE MARK
SPENCER & Co. MADRAS

Cigars manufactured with Dindigul Tobacco bear this brand.

Gold Mohurs.
PURE INDIAN LEAF
TRADE MARK
SPENCER & Co. MADRAS

SPENCER AND CO.,

HEAD OFFICE :—MADRAS. FACTORY :—DINDIGUL.

WANTED.

SINGAPORE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS HEALTH OFFICER.

THE Municipal Commissioners of the Town of Singapore REQUIRE a fully qualified MEDICAL MAN to fill the post of Health Officer and to act as Medical Officer to the staff and employés (some 200 in number) of the Municipality. Salary dol300 per mensem, with dol40 extra allowance for 2 horses.

Preference will be given to candidates under 35 years of age and to those holding a diploma in Public Health and Sanitary Science.

No private practice will be allowed except among the families of Municipal Officers or in consultation cases with other practitioners.

The engagement will be for three years with option of renewal; passage paid out and home on completion of agreement.

Full particulars as to the duties of the appointment may be obtained from the President or the undersigned to whom applications, accompanied by copies of testimonials, must be forwarded not later than the 30th of September next.

By Order,
D. G. PRESGRAVE,
Secretary to the Municipal Commissioners, Municipal Offices, Town Hall.
Singapore, 9th July, 1891.

BANKS.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.

PAID-UP CAPITAL........... £ 607,229
REST .... " 20,000

LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest :—

FIXED, for 12 months ....4½ per cent. per annum

INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts, daily balances not exceeding Rs. 50,000.

DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.

A Baggage and Agency Department in London has been added for the convenience of Eastern Constituent, and a West End Branch has been opened at 25, Cockspurs St., Trafalgar Square.

A. F. SIMPSON,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Capital......$ 100,00,000. Paid up...$ 92,96,677·07
Balance in Course of Payment.........$ 7,03,322·93
Reserve Fund..............................$ 68,06,596·31
Reserve Liability of Proprietors......$100,00,000·00

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

F. DE BOVIS, *Acting Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE :

ALBERT DEACON, Esq. (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co.
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.
A. H. PHILPOTTS, Esq., Carshalton, Surrey.
THOMAS JACKSON, } Managers.
EWEN CAMERON, }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.
BANGKOK.
BATAVIA.
BOMBAY.
CALCUTTA.
FOOCHOW.
HAMBURG.
HANKOW.
HIOGO.
ILOILO.
LYONS.
MANILA.
NEW YORK.
PEKING.
PENANG.
SAIGON.
SAN FRANCISCO
SINGAPORE.
TIENTSIN.
YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 Per Cent. on Daily Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 4 Per Cent.

Terms for shorter periods on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Agent.

40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPTAL—£800,000.

RESERVE FUND—£300,000.

HEAD OFFICE :
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000.

On FIXED DEPOSITS for
12 months at 4 per cent. per annum.
6 " " 3 " "
3 " " 2 " "

All Letters shuld be addressed, and Remittances made Payable to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

CAPITAL...................£3,200,000.

LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

LONDON OFFICE, 32, Threadneedle Street, E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.

DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.

DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

E. C. MONOD,
Acting Manager.

Rampart Row, W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (LIMITED).

HEAD OFFICE—47, Threadneedle Street, London.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£933,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £466,500
RESERVE FUND............£140,000

LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, Ld.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at per cent. per Annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances, under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest is allowed on Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon, Mandalay, and Delhi. I grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
J. BUCHAN,
Manager.

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE CO.

(1845)

FOR many years has issued Policies with treble options, which have given great satisfaction. For Terms and Particulars apply to

TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Chief Agents for Bombay.

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BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. 500	Rs. 25	Rs. 960
Bank of Bengal	10,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	1,000
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	890
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	122½
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£23
Char. Mercantile	31,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	330
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	17½ pr.ct.	..
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	180
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	160
Silver Share	..	—	..	..	101xd

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	630	1,000	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	Rs. 15	505
Anglo-Indian	9,315	100	100	4	91
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 pr. ct.	50
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	720
Bombay Cotton Manfg Co.	600	500	500	20	410
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	645
Central India	3,750	500	500	35	1,160
China Mills Co. Ld	800	1,000	1,000	Nil.	610
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1025
Connaught Mills	800	500	25	10 pr. ct	635
Colaba Land & Mill	1,000	700	700	15	615xd
Coorla Mills	890	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	425
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 30	410
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	870
Empress	2,100	500	25	10 pr. ct.	620
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	565
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	115
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	775
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	25	10 pr. ct.	660
Howard and Bulloughs	1,600	800	500	25	620
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	790
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	..	365xd
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	960
James Greaves	1,100	500	25	10 pr. ct.	635
Jaffer Alli	600	500	50	Nil.	345
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,600	250	250	10	237½
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	795
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	555
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	640
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	25	25	Nil.	56
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	540
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr. ct	200
Lord Reay Mfg.	445	1,000	1,000	25	700
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,800	1,000	1,000	50	997½
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2,025
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	430
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	50	pr. c	400 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	Rs. 60	1302½
Mazagon	5,000	250	25	5	125
Morarji Gouldas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,690
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.	4,500	100	100	7 pr. c	105
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	175
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	690
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 15	382½
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,190
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	785
Ripon Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,120
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,400
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	80	1,400
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	51
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	100 nom
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12	282½
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	Nil.	245
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	565
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Nil.	465
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	800
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	24	390
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	720
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	700

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last half-yearly.	
Alcock, Ashdown	1,000 750	200 150	200 150	10 7½	260 182½x
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	50
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	12	92xd
Banty Bros.	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	100	All.	Nil.	100 no
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	70	1,000
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	135	3,850
Do. New Issue	500	375	625	33¾	970
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	25	85xd
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	6 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	925xd
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	50	Nil	405
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 1	182½
Geyer & Co., Ld	500	100	70	...	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety-Ship Assn.	5,000	10	1	10 pr. ct	13
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct	90
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	26½	335
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	30	30	100
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	10	Nil.	30
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 5	94
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9pr. ct	51xd
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	..	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	155
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	1½
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr. ct	70
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	440
Prince of Wales Fire In.	250	8,000	1,000	N dv	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	45
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	84
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,000	100	100	5 pr. ct.	59
Do.	Prf. 1,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	85	950
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	90xd
Telephone Co.	9,20	25	25	5-8	17½
Western India Flour	...	..	...	..	20

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	all	5 p.c.	2,400
B. B. & C. I. R. New £18 Shares	...	£18	...	do.	420

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 14	
Carolas	" 230	
Maxican Dollars	" 223	
Five-Franc Pieces	" 270	
Bar Silver, 17½ betterness	" 106-12	
Gold Leaf	" 22	
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	" 22-3	unsettled
Australian Gold, 100 touch	" 22-1	unsettled
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	" 22-1	unsettled
Pekin do	" 22	unsettled

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	107-15
Four-and-a-half per cent	106
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	111-8
New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loan	216
Port Trust Bonds	105

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.	Rate.
London Banks	On demand	1s. 5 9-32d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	1s. 5¼d.
Do. do.	3 Months' sight	1s. 5⅜d.
Do. do.	4 Do. do.	1s. 5 13-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 5 15-32d.
Do. Credit	3 Do. do.	1s. 5 7-16d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 5 9-16d.
Do. Documents	3 Do. do.	1s. 5 15-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 5 19-32d.
France	3 Do. do.	1·83½
Do.	6 Do. do.	1·85
Calcutta	At sight	100 1-32
Do.	60 days' do.	99¾
Madras	At sight	100 1-16
Do.	30 days' do.	99¾
China	60 days' do.	218

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White Hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "RESTORERS." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere, at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Co., Limited, Farringdon-Road, London, England.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Kemp and Co., Limited, 4-30 p.m.
Polo on the Maidan, 5 p.m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 6 p.m.
Skating Rink, 11 a. m. to 1 p.m., 4-30 to 7 p. m., and 8-30 to 11 p. m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Aston Hall (s), from Liverpool; and Poseidon (s), Trieste.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—I. M. S. Clive, for Karachi; and R. Rubattino (s), Genoa.

POLO.—There will be game to-day at 5 o'clock.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Mombassa, Zanzibar, and Maritius per extra s. s. Chilka will be closed at the General Post Office at 1 p.m. to-morrow.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Strait of Magellan entered the dock on Tuesday and the s.s. Ponani left it yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s.s. Britannia entered the dock on Wednesday, the s.s. Werneth Hall left it on Tuesday, the s.s. Newcomen on Wednesday, and the s.s. Raffaele Rubattino yesterday.

DEATH OF MRS. M. A. ROGAY.—We regret to announce the death of Mrs. Mahomed Amin Rogay, mother of Mr. Mahomedali Rogay, which took place at the family house, Pydownie, on Wednesday evening, the 19th instant, after a lingering illness.

BROACH MUNICIPALITY.—The following gentlemen have been elected members of the Managing Committee of the Broach Municipality for the next term:—Messrs. Chunilal Venilal, Sakurlal Maneklal, Hargovindas Kersoondas, Peerbhoy, Furdunsha Pestonjee, and Nusserwanjee S. Ginwalla.

A CHILD ROBBED.—Ramchand Narayen, living at Khetwaddy, has reported to the police that on Wednesday evening, whilst his nephew Damodar, about five years of age, was playing in the street in front of his house, somebody enticed away the child and robbed it of ornaments valued at Rs. 22.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.—The "Ancient Mariner" will be performed at a concert at the Town Hall on Tuesday, 1st September, at 9-15 p m. The soloists will be—soprano, Miss N. Tudball, contralto, Miss Carpenter; tenor, Mr. R. F. Chisholm; bass, Messrs. Basil Scott and A. F. Harrington.

CAUGHT RED-HANDED.—Yesterday morning at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Saunders Slater, acting Presidency Magistrate, Rahim Hoosein was charged with attempting to pick the pocket of Abba Luximon while he was offering a cocoanut to the sea. The accused was caught red-handed and made over to the police. On pleading guilty he was sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labour.

MEETING OF OLD CHELTONIANS.—The 5th annual meeting of Old Cheltonians at Poona is fixed for next month. The cricket match O. C's. v. Poona is fixed on the 4th and 5th September and the O. C. dinner on the 5th idem. O. C's. desirous of playing in the above, or who intend to be present at the dinner, will kindly communicate with Captain L. L. Steele, East York Regiment, the Club, Poona.

A DESERTER.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Inspector Lee-Smith brought John Penham before Mr. Saunders Slater, acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, and charged him with being a deserter from the 2nd Battalion of the Lancashire Fusiliers now stationed at Poona. Penham admitted having deserted his battalion. The Magistrate passed the usual order to hand him over to the military authorities to be dealt with according to the regulations.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry, Mr. A. Wilson, Bandmaster, will play the following programme at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club this evening, commencing at 6 o'clock:—

March	Iolanthe	Sullivan.
Overture	Bauer und Dichter	Suppe.
Valse	Britl des Mints	Lamothe.
Prelude	Parsifal	Wagner.
Selection	Mignon	Thomas.
Russian Dance		Glinka.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THE SCIENCE OF MAGNETISM.—Professor Chevalier V. G. Melinni, who travels under the title of "Spiritualist and Magnetist to the Imperial Court at Vienna," has arrived in Bombay with the intention of giving some performances before he sails for Europe. From the programme the Professor proposes to submit, he would appear to be a mesmerist, for one of the items is "magnetisation, when he will magnetise several persons from the audience." But there are other more mysterious exhibitions of apparitions. "Magneta, or Goddess of the Air," the "Mysterious Service, or the Spirit of Dr. Faust," the "Spiritualist Cabinet," the "Spiritual Miracle," are items which should excite some curiosity.

THEFT ON BOARDSHIP.—Yesterday afternoon, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Saunders Slater, acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, Constable Marchant charged Khyraz Hoosein, Rahimtulla Hamdula and Haydatulla Nurulla, with stealing four blankets, valued at Rs. 18, from the P. and O. Company's s. s. Siam. The accused were seen by a police sepoy passing by the Mallet Bunder with the blankets on them, They were arrested on suspicion and taken to the s. s. Siam, were the blankets were identified as those belonging to the P. and O. Company. The Magistrate convicted all the accused, and sentenced each of them to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment with hard labour.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Inspector Greyhurst charged Hajee Esmail Hajee Umja, before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with the theft of wearing apparel, valued at Rs. 30, the property of his master, Ahmed Abdula, a *hakim*, living at Bhendy Bazaar. A few days ago the accused asked the complainant to allow him leave to go to his native town, but as the complainant refused to do so, the accused stole the clothes and absconded from Bombay. The matter was reported to the police, who succeeded in arresting the accused at his native town, Vilar. The accused pleaded not guilty, but his worship convicted him on the evidence and sentenced him to six weeks' imprisonment with hard labour.

REPORTED BURGLARIES.—Mooljee Dossa, living at Musjeed Bunder Road, has reported to the police that his room was broken into on the night of Wednesday last, and gold and silver ornaments, valued at Rs. 308, stolen from a cupboard which was forcibly broken open. Balmookand Lalchand, living on the first floor of a house in Shaik Memon Street, also reported to the police that his room was broken into on the night of Wednesday last, and a box containing gold and silver ornaments, valued at Rs. 305, stolen from a cupboard. Arbhoy Mahomed, a shopkeeper at Grant Road, reported that his shop was broken into on Tuesday night, and property valued at Rs. 196 stolen from a box, which had apparently been opened with a duplicate key.

INTOXICATION NO EXCUSE FOR THEFT.—Dhondia Krishna, on old offender, having nothing particular to do on Wednesday morning, went on a round in Cammatipoora, where he found a bowl in the street, and seeing no one near, Dhondia at once picked it up, but, as he was walking away, he was arrested on suspicion by a police sepoy, who on inquiry found that the bowl belonged to a Mahomedan named Hoosein. The accused was subsequently charged before Mr. Hamilton at the Girgaum Police Court. On being questioned by his worship, the accused stated that he was under the influence of liquor at the time he picked up the bowl, and had no knowledge of what he was doing. His worship sentenced the accused to undergo eight days' rigorous imprisonment.

THE SKATING CLUB.—As will be seen from our advertising columns, the session of the Bombay Skating Club, which has been formed at the Columbia Skating rink by the efforts of Mr. Nugent, manager of the rink, will take place this evening, when none but the members of the club, their families and friends, will be admitted. A large number of gentlemen have already joined the club, and the members holding the club pass will not only be admitted to the club sessions but on all other occasions (except *fete* nights), and they will also be allowed to use skates. An experienced European instructor will be in attendance, and a band will play at the last session. Mr. Nugent seems to have spared no pains to make the rink worthy of the patronage of the best clubs in Bombay. A large attendance is expected this evening.

JUVENILE OFFENDERS—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Inspector Nolan charged a Hindu lad named Oomed Ramjee, about 14 years of age, before Mr. Saunders Slater, acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, with stealing gold and silver ornments, valued at Rs. 340, the property of his master, Choonilal Koosalchand, a pearl merchant. On the 10th instant the complainant went to his work, leaving the key of his safe in an open desk. The accused found the key, and opening the safe therewith stole the ornaments, and when his master returned he handed over the key to him. On examining his safe the complainant found the ornaments missing, and he questioned the accused, who denied all knowledge of the ornaments. The matter was immediately reported to the police, who traced the ornaments to the possession of the accused's brother, to whom he (accused) had given them for safe custody. The Magistrate committed the accused to the reformatory for two years.—Before Mr. Hamilton, at the Girgaum Police Court, a lad named Peerajee Seetaba was yesterday charged by Inspector Nolan with stealing a *pugree* belonging to Luximon Ramjee. Early yesterday morning the accused entered the complainant's room while he was asleep and stole the *pugree*, but as the was about to leave the room complainant awoke and arrested the accused, who was subsequently made over to the police. The Magistrate sentenced the accused to receive twelve stripes.

CRICKET.

ORDNANCE C. C. Vs. ST. PATRICK'S C. C.

ON Wednesday afternoon the return match between these clubs was played on the Crescent, and terminated in the defeat of the Ordnance C. C. by 134 runs. The representatives of the Department elected to take the wicket first, and were easily disposed of in three quarters of an hour for the score of 41 runs, to which the principal contributors were Gainher, Woodcock, and Cruickshank with 11, 10, and 7 runs, respectively. As will be seen from the St. Patrick's score, Forde, who retired without being disposed of, G. Kelly, Aldridge, and Jackson did some good work, and gave their opponents a good bit of leather-hunting before the last wicket went down. Fleming, who possesses, a very long reach, knocked up 12 runs rapidly, and the batting all round was good. The following are the scores:—

ORDNANCE C. C.

Cruickshank, b Aldridge	7
Pinsent, b Guaynon	0
Woodcock, a Geoghan, b Aldridge	10
Walsh, b Guaynon	0
Walmsley, b Aldridge	0
Norris, b Jackson	4
Gainher, b Aldridge	11
Owens, not out	0
Tooth, b Jackson	2
Banett, b Aldridge	1
Ward, b Aldridge	4
Extras	2
Total	41

ST. PATRICK'S C. C.

Jackson, b Woodcock	20
Guaynon, b Cruickshank	1
J Kelly, b Cruickshank	5
Forde, retired	31
G Kelly, b Woodcock	29
Aldridge, b Tooth	38
Fleming, b Woodcock	12
Kerrigan, b Tooth	2
Geoghan, b Pinsent	2
Talbot, b Tooth	
Devine, not out	1
Extras	25
Total	175

MAHUWA RELIEF FUND.

THE following sums have been subscribed to the above fund:—

	Rs.
H. H. Aga Sultan Mahomed Sha	1,000
Harkisondas and Bhagwandas Narotamdas	50
Ebrambhai Hassum	51
Mookhee Ladok Hajee	51
Dr. Ismail Jan Mahomed	25
Sorabjee N. Wadia	25
Total	1,202
Amount previously subscribed	9,332
Total	10,534

The following sums have been paid into the Bank of Bombay:—

Mulji Mangal	115
Trambakbhai Zeenabhoy	201
Laloobhai Nanabhai	101
Bhagwan Jiwabhai	101
Shamji Bhimji	151
Daudbhai Moosabhai	125
Purshotam Jiwabhai	51
Ramji Purshotam	100
Messrs. Mulji Jetha & Co.	150
Messrs. Thakarshi Mulji & Co.	201
H. H. Aga Sultan Mahomed Sha	1,000
Messrs. Harkison and Bhagwandas Narotamdas	50
Sorabjee N. Wadia	25
Total	2,371
Amount previously paid into the Bank	4,532
Total	6,903

Subscriptions are received by Talakchand Manekchand and Munjeebhoy Nuthoobhoy, Honorary Secretaries, Mahuwa Relief Fund.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

THE following is a List of Unclaimed Letters lying at the Post Office in Bombay.

Aldham
Abbrate, G, Capt
Blackwell, C H
Branson, J T
Buckley, J
Bourdillon, J A
Barwell
Butts, H H
Benjamin
Buckle, Mrs
Blank, J, Mrs
Bowen, W, Dr
Boase, E M, Miss
Bunyan, Geo
Bamanji Jivaji Mistri
Coles, C E
Carroll, H S
Coulson, W
Chater, A
Cain, W
Colvelle, H S
Cabral, A L
Durand, Mrs
D'Ivoy, P
DeSa, F X
Dhunjishaw E Patel
Dodero, G B
Dora, Miss
Dyer, A E
DeSouza, M
Ellis, H
Fonseca, C M
Farrell, M, Mrs
Fieldhouse, A, Mrs
Fareshue, R Mrs
Fernandez, W S
Fryar, E S, Mrs
Gordon, A Mr
Grinberg, D
Greenberg, W
Ground, A
Gorman, W H
Gunga Tookaram
Griffin, W W
Harris, H J
Hemley, T
Hewitt and Co
Herseh, M
Higgins, T B
Harichandar
Hellier, R, Capt
Habeb Brahim
Israel, M
Jamul Emam Mia
Jacob, H P
John, A
Jones, E
Kane, M N G, Major
Kennedy, H, Major
Little E
Leslie, G Maj-Genl
Love, H B, Col, RE
Lopez
Miller, F P
Morment, G
Mongrolie, P S
Mullens, E, Miss
Moore, P J
Morgensterm, R
Manekji B Mistry
Millard, A J
North, J
Nicholls, W
Noormahomed
Newcome, J T
Nathasing
Phillips, A M, Col
Perkins, J A
Prinsep, Justice
Purkrop, T
Penny, A
Paulet, Monsiur
Peatling, T H
Potts, W F, Capt
Robinson, T
Roinnie, A
Rogers, V S
Rita Burton, Miss
Stewart, J W
Sauft, N
Smith, W M
Sugfield, E, Miss
Thurston, E
Torris, Mr
Tudoo Kechi S Chillion
Tyler, J, Sir
Vurcert, A H
Varley, J
Varley, H
Warton, W B
Woolf, A A
Wyatt, W H
Welton, Mrs
Warran
West, Robert
Wade, E
Walt, G, Dr
Walker, N A
Xavier, F

THE B. B. & C. I. MAILS.

CONSEQUENT on the alteration in the hour of departure of the mail train on the B. B. & C. I. Railway, the latest hours of posting for post-towns on the B. B. & C. I. Railway, Gujarat, Cutch, Kathiawar, Ahmedabad and Rajputana at the General Post Office and Town Sub Post Offices in Bombay will be as follows:—

Names of Offices.	Ordinary letters. P.	Ordinary letters. M.	Registered letters. P.	Registered letters. M.	Parcels. P.	Parcels. M.
Bombay General Post Office	6	0	6	0	5	0
Byculla	5	5	4	50	4	0
Byculla Railway Station	4	20	4	5	...	...
Colaba	5	20	5	5	4	0
Esplanade	5	35	5	20	4	0
Girgaon	5	30	5	15	4	0
Grant Road	6	0	4	45	...	...
Jacob's Circle	4	40	4	25	4	0
Malabar Hill	4	50	4	35	4	0
Mandvi	5	30	5	15	4	0
Market	5	30	5	15	4	0
Mazagaon	5	20	5	5	4	0
Mumbadevi	4	55	4	40	4	0
Parel	4	40	4	25	4	0
Prince's Dock	4	55	4	40	4	0
Tardeo	5	5	4	50	4	0
Umarkhadi	5	20	5	5	4	0
Wellington Pier	5	35	5	20	4	

2. Letters and papers for this mail can be posted at the Grant Road Railway Station Post Office from 6-0 p.m. to 8-0 p.m. on week-days, and on Sundays from 5-0 p.m. to 8-0 p.m. on payment of a *late fee* of half an anna.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

AUGUST 20.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

Telegrams for Antofa, Gusta, Iquique, and remaining offices in Chili may be in preconcerted language, but are sent at sender's risk.

Cable Suakim D'jeddah interrupted. Postal Service Suez D'jeddah irregular.

Cable Gibraltar Tanger interrupted.

Mauritius mail via Zanzibar closes Aden evening of Saturday 22nd.

Land lines Valparaiso to Serena interrupted.

Holloway's Pills.—Nervousness and want of Energy.—When first the nerves feel unstrung, and listlessness supplants energy, the time has come to take some such alterative as Holloway's Pills to restrain a disorder from developing itself into a disease. These excellent Pills correct all irregularities and weaknesses. They act so kindly, yet so energetically on the functions of digestion and assimilation, that the whole body is revived, the blood rendered purer, while the muscles become firmer and stronger, and the nervous and absorbent systems are invigorated. These Pills are suitable for all classes and all ages. They have a most marvellous effect on persons who are out of condition; they soon rectify whatever is in fault, restore strength to the body and confidence to the mind.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's s s Ellora, 1,470 tons, Captain F Sheldrick, cleared yesterday for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's s s Renown, 1,067 tons, Captain N Ninnes, cleared yesterday for Bushire and Busreh, with the same bottom cargo.

THE British s s Tanjore, 1,402 tons, Captain G J Raffin, will sail to-day for Aden, Jedda, &c., with a general cargo and 25 deck passengers.

THE s s Poseidon, of the Austro-Hungarian and Lolyd's S N Company, under the command of Captain Lemesich, which arrived in harbour yesterday, reports that she experienced strong South West monsoon, with squally weather and heavy sea.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—AUGUST 20.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Renown	1067	Ninnes	A	B I S N Co
" Clio	1779	Coleman	B	Finlay, Muir & Co
" King Arthur	1047	Fairweather	C	B & P S N Co
" Calder	400	Lovett	D	B & P S N Co
" La Seyne	1151	Schmitz	F	Maritime Co
I G S Magdala			G	Indian Marine
S.S. Chilka	1450	Lewis	H J	B I S N Co
" Kt. Companion	2542	Durant	K	K Nixon & Co
" Taif	878	Hannah	P	Hajee Cassum

Time-ball drops at Prince's Dock at noon, or Greenwich mean time, 7h. 8m. 44·3s.

The Time-ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba mean time, or 8h 8m 44·3s a.m. of Greenwich mean time.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Sirdhana	2055	Black	1	M Mackenzie
" Britannia	1991	Brown	2	W & A Graham & Co
" Tanjore	1402	Raffin	4	H Cassum
" Cuba	1301	Boyle	6	K Nixon & Co
" Thisbe	1848	Costanzo	8	A H Lloyds S N Co
" Deccan	2022	Bray	12	H Cassum
" Incharran	1843	Macdonald	13	K Nixon & Co
" Alderly	1961	Davies	16	Beyts Craig & Co

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.

S.S. Straits of Majallan.....1777 ..Clark.....T Morrison & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
20	Aston Hall (s)	Fowler	Liverpool, July 4.
	Poseidon (s)	Lemesich	Trieste, Aug 3.

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
20	I. M. S. Clive	Creagh	Karachi.
	R. Rubattino (s)	Merello	Genoa.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
Steamer Tanjore, Raffin, for Aden, Jedda, &c.
" Ellora, Sheldrick, for Coast and Calcutta.
" Renown, Ninnes, for Bushire and Busreh.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—
Steamer Karagola, for Karachi.
" Himalaya, for Karachi.
" Kt. Companion, for Antwerp.
" Britannia, for Marseilles and Liverpool.
" Nizam, for China, &c.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.			
16 Assaye s	Wadley	Liverpool, July 11.
Culna s	Stewart	Bombay, July 24.
Restitution s	Jenkins	Middlesboro, July 11.
Coconada s	Butler	Rangoon, Aug 12.

DEPARTURES.

August 16.—Steamers Palamcotta and Byculla.

MADRAS.

ARRIVAL.

Aug.
18 Java s .... Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—AUGUST 20.

FROM GLASGOW.

Cuba s—50 casks Epsom salt, D R Umrigar and Co; 25 packages printing papers, S A S Dawood; 32 bales writing paper, Byramjee Shapoorjee.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Newcomen s—50 boxes tinplates, M Ebramjee; 5 cases bleaching powder, Moosajee Nathajee; 3 packages earthenware, S Abdoolally; 4 packages earthenware, G H Cullian.

FROM LONDON.

Chyebassa s—4 bales printing papers, C Abdoolrahim Bros; 10 cases provision and medicine, V Nathoo and Co.

FROM ANTWERP.

Braunfels s—85 cases window glass, S M amoojee.

FROM TRIESTE.

Imperatrix s—3 bales printing papers, M A Essabhoy and Co; 4 cases needles, E Soolemanjee.

FROM HULL.

Clio s—25 cases matches, Abdool H Kurrimbhoy; 30 drums turpentine, A Cader Abdool Hoosen; 200 drums linseed oil and 534 kegs paints of sorts, T F Bengallee; 10 cases matches, T Bagabhoy; 25 cases matches, M Kaderbhoy; 7 packages printing papers, S A S Dawood; 50 drums linseed oil, L Sumsoodin; 20 cases matches, A H Dawoodbhoy; 40 drums bleeching powder, Finlay, Muir and Co.

FROM HAMBURG.

Clio s—12 cases provisions, A N and C S Co-operative Society.
Braunfels s—8 cases glassware, S, Lilladhur.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 20.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Incharran s—2,000 cwts wheat, S Dossa and Co; 55 bales wool, Sir Charles Forbes and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Siam s—14½ cwts ivory, and 2 cases tortoise shells, Nanjee Meanee; 2 boxes silver coins (Rs. 13,000), New Oriental Bank Corporation.

FOR HULL.

Alderley s—2,000 cwts wheat, Beyts Craig and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Cuba s—2,400 cwts wheat, Beyts Craig and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Kt Companion—2,711 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Britannia s—4,000 cwts wheat, F L Batliboi and Co; 634 cwts groundnutsand 361 cwts teelseed, Ralli Brs.
Siam s—1 box silver coins (Rs. 6,450), The Comptoir N d'Escompte de Paris.

FOR HONGKONG.

Thisbe s—2 cases rosa oil and 1 bundle twist, N Jeewakhan; 100 bales twist, Sorabjee N Talati and Co; 25 bales twist, C Bomonjee and Co; 8 bales twist, Presidency Mills Co; 75 cwts olibanum and 87½ cwts cloves, Quan Lun Eaoo.
Surat s—50 cwts cloves, D Mowjee; 194 chests opium, Bombay and Persia S N Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Surat s—300 bales twist, Framjee, Sands and Co; 200 bales twist, C Ebram; 50 bales twist, The Bombay U S and W Co; 302 bales twist, C Bomonjee and Co; 100 bales twist, The Ripon M Co.

FOR KOBE.

Thisbe s—53 bales twist, Dinshaw D Currance and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Waverley s—101 bales cotton, A S Moodeliar and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—AUGUST 17.

Budgen, Br-Genl, Bombay Staff, off leave, from Kirkee.

AUGUST 19.

Macdonald, Captain, Bengal R E, on leave, from Dalhousie.
Pringle, Captain, Bengal R E, on leave, from Dalhousie.

DEPARTURES.—AUGUST 18.

Renny, Captain, Bombay R A, on duty, to Kamptee.

AUGUST 20.

Hill, Colonel, M Staff Corps, on leave, to Genoa.
Harold, 2nd Lt, Bombay 1st Worc, Regt, on duty, to Karachi.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR R. S. BROWN, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 21st August, 1891.

1. Lieut T. M. English will captain the team for the "Simultaneous Match" fired on the 15th September 1891. Members wishing to compete (for the same) are requested to send their names to the Adjutant not later than the 26th instant.

2. The following member having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to "E" Company:—No. 3082 Vol. J. A. D'Cruze.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. There will be practice at Tent-pegging on Saturday, the 22nd instant, at 7 a.m., on the Kennedy Sea Face.

2. There will be practice at the Colaba Range on Saturday, the 22nd instant, from 4 p.m. (Trained members only.)

By Order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Major,
and Adjt, B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY CAPTAIN A. LESLIE, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 21st August, 1891.

I. Leave of absence for 4 months from the 1st September 1891 is granted to Gunner T. Potts.

II. The following member is transferred from No. 1 Battery to No. 2 Battery from the 18th inst:—Gunner R. Robertson.

By Order,
(Sd.) J. S. SLATER, Lieut.,
Acting Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, August 29.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Tho following Native promotion is made with effect from this date:—7th Bombay Lancers.—Kote Dafedar Major Umar Khan to be Jamadar (provisionally) vice Muhammad Ismail Khan, who reverts to Kote Dafedar Major.

The undermentioned Warrant officer has been granted by the Secy of State for India an extension of leave on private affairs up to the date of the arrival of the first troopship at Bombay:—Condr T Legat, Ordnance Dept.

The undermentioned officer and Warrant officer have been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty:—Capt A Phayre, I S C, and Condr Legat, Ordnance Dept.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the Leave Rules for the Staff Corps:—Major F T N Spratt, R E, Military Secy to H E the Comdr-in-Chief, for three months.

G I P Ry Vol Rifle Corps—E R Dangerfield, Gent, to be Second Lieut.

Second Lieut G M Rolland, 2nd Battn Bedfordshire Regt, is appointed a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps.

Second Lieut W A Fisher, R A, is appointed a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps.

The following acting promotions in the Public Works Dept (Barrack Branch) are made vice Asst Commissary and Hony Lieut J W Lewis proceeded on leave:—Depy Asst Commissary and Hony Lieut J Riding to be acting Assist Commissary; Condr G Dunn to be acting Depy Asst Commissary; Sub-Condr W R Nicholson to be acting Conductor; and Sergt M J Flannery to be acting Sub-Conductor.

Second Lieut J H Peck, 2nd Battn Rl Dublin Fusiliers, is appointed a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps.

Sind Vol Rifle Corps—Capt J Tate to be Major vice Major J Pollen, C S, L L D, placed on the Supernumerary List.

Asst Apothecary C A Bryce, Sub Medical Dept, is granted an extension of his furlough in India, on medical certificate, for three months.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr Krishnaji Moreshwar Biwalkar is appointed to be a Special Magistrate, and is invested, within the limits of the Poona City and Suburban Municipalities, with the powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd class.

Mr Thawardas Ochiram has been appointed to be Clerk of the Subordinate Civil Court at Jacobabad, in the Shikarpur Dist, vice Mr Rehumal Balumal, transferred.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned officers in the Surat Dist to be Visitors of the District Jail at Surat:—Mr. J W A Weir, Asst Collector and Magistrate, 1st class; and Mr L C Crump, Asst Collector and Magistate, 3rd class.

Mr Chintaman Sakharam Kirtane has been appointed to act as Clerk of the Dist Court of Nasik during the absence on privilege leave of Mr Bhaskar Bhikaji Joshi.

Mr S L Batchelor, Magistrate of the 2nd class in the district of Broach, is invested with power to try cases under the Opium Act of 1878.

Mr T D Fry, C S, Asst Collector and Magistrate of the 2nd class in the district of Satara, is invested with power to commit for trial.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr J L Lushington to be Divisional Inspr, Land Records and Agriculture, Southern Divn, vice Mr F W Francis.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Mr A W Crawley-Boevey, C S, to do duty as Collector and Dist Magistrate, Thana, and Dist Registrar, Thana, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Thana Dist, pending further orders; and Mr E M Pratt, C S, to act as Collector and Dist Magistrate, Thana, and Dist Registrar, Thana, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Thana Dist, with effect from the date of assuming charge, in addition to his own duties, until relieved by Mr Crawley-Boevey.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to attach Mr F Gleadow, Depy Consvr of Forests, to the office of the Consvr of Forests, Northern Circle, on the return of Mr R C Wroughton to duty, pending further orders.

The following appointments are made in the Registration Dept:—Mr Khan Mahomed valad Kurbanali, Sub-Registrar of Moro in the Hyderabad Dist, to be Sub-Registrar of Badin in the same district; Mr Mahomed Saleh valad Abdul Hafiz, Sub-Registrar of Tando Bago in the Hyderabad Dist, to be Sub-Registrar of Moro in the same district; and Mr. Lal Mahomed valad Sha Mahomed, Munhsi to the Sub-Registrar of Hyderabad, to be probationary Sub-Registrar of Tando Bago in the Hyderabad Dist.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Surgn-Major F C Barker, MD, FRCSI, to act as Presidency Surgn, First District, and Ophthalmic Surgn during the absence of Bgde Surgn G A Maconachie on privilege leave, or pending further orders.

Asst Surgn Rastamji Jamshedji Kapadia, LM & S, is appointed to act as Civil Surgn, Shikarpur.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr H Murray, Depy Consvr of Forests, 4th grade, and Divisional Forest Officer, Belgaum, is allowed furlough for thirteen months from 5th Oct 1891 or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Khan Saheb Ibrahim Shaik Daud Ahwadi, L C E, is promoted to Ex Engr, 4th grade, temporary rank, with effect from 14th Aug 1891, vice Mr A E Hight, proceeded on furlough.

BY THE COMMISSIONER.

Northern Division.

Sayad Nurridin Khan, C S, Asst Collector, Surat is allowed privilege leave for one month from such date in the month as he may avail himself of it.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Head-Quarters, Simla, 13th August 1891.

The Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

No. 2 Derajat Mountain Battery.—Lieut J A Stewart, No. 21 Battery Eastern Div, R A, to be Offi Subalter vice J L Parker.

The Punjab Garrison Battery.—Lieut J L Parker, No. 2 (Derajat) Mountain Battery, to be offg Commandant vice Capt T W G Bryan granted two years' furlough to England.

The Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Corps of Guides.—Capt A Daniell, Wing Comd, 1st Punjab Infy, to be offg 2nd-in-Command, Infantry, with effect from date of joining, vice Batty, offg as Comdt.

The undermentioned officers are qualified for promotion to the rank of Lieut:—2nd Lieuts R L Vander Gucht, W B Hickie and A S H Teed, Liverpool Regt.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to England:—5th Lancers—Lieut A Parker, for three months, on private affairs.

The undermentioned officer has leave of absence:—Staff Corps—Col J H Green, C B, in India, for four months, on private affairs, under the Leave Rules for the Staff Corps, in extension of the leave ganted him.

Head-Quarters, Simla, 14th August.

The Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make to following appointments:—

4th Bengal Cavalry—2nd Lieut F V Smith, Suffolk Regt, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, to be Offg Sqdn Officer on probation.

18th Bengal Lancers—2nd Lieut H H Cobbe, R A, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, to be Offg Sqdn officer on probation.

15th Sikhs—Lieut J L R Gordon, Worcestershire Regt, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, to be Offg Wing Officer on probation.

29th Punjab Infantry—Lieut J L C Stevens, Manchester Regt, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, to be Officiating Wing Officer on probation.

The undermentioned have passed the Lower Standard examination in Persian:—Major, E S Browne, V C, 2nd Battn South Wales Borderers, and A H Fraser, 1st Battn Hampshire Regt; Captains G R T Rundle, Royal Artillery, F J Gavin, 2nd Bn Royal Irish Regt, A B Dunsterveille, L T Bowles, 1st Bn East Surrey Regt; Lieuts W B Wright, 2nd Battalion Northumberland Fusiliers; W H Wardell, 2nd Bn Liverpool Regt; J St J Knowles, 2nd Bn Royal Irish Regt; R T Kirkpatrick, 1st Bn Leinster Regt; A E Webb, 17th Bengal Infy; S H Climo, 24th Punjab Infy; and Qr-Mar W Norris, 1st Bn Suffolk Regt.

The undermentioned passed the Lower Standard examination in Hindustani:—

Capts G H Symonds, 2nd Batt Royal Irish Regt; H A C M Gompert, 1st Battn Hampshire Regt; V J Garland, 1st Battn Leinster Regt; Lieuts D H Cameron, R P Molesworth, H A P White, P T Cooper, H E J Brake, R E Bennett, A LeM Bray, and G F Herbert, Royal Artillery; A H D Riach, Royal Engineers; A G Dallas, 16th Lancers; C duP P Powney, 3rd Battn Grenadier Guards; B R K Tarte, 1st Battn East Kent Regt; F C Turner, 2nd Battn Northumberland Fusiliers; F G F Browne, 2nd Battn Royal Warwickshire Regiment; W L Loring, 2nd Battn Rl War.Wickshire Regt; R P Stares, 1st Battn Bedfordshire Regt; C H Vigors, 2nd Battn Rl Irish Regt; J S M Shea, 2nd Battn Rl Irish Regt; E H S Twyford, 2nd Battn Scottish Rifles; H S Walker 2nd Battn Scottish Rifles; W C B Banbury, 1st Battn East Lancashire Regt; G S Sheppard, 9th Bengal Lancers; W N Evans, 10th Bengal Lancers; O C Argles, 6th Bengal Infantry; A S R Anneslev, 10th Bengal Infantry; F A Jacques, 14th Bengal Infantry; J A Wilson, 44th Gurkha Rifles; W D Turner, 2nd Bn. 2nd Gurkha Rifles; C S Dodgson, 30th Bo Infy; 2nd Lieuts E S Nairne and E Barnes, Royal Artillery; G T Scott, Royal Engrs; W B Hickie, 2nd. Bn. Liverpool Regt; C J Cumberlege, E T Carwithen, T L Ormistoon, 2nd Battn. King's Own Scottish Borderers; M F Colchester Wemyss, 2nd Battn Scottish Rifles; J C M Wheeler, A C Garbett, 2nd Bn Derbyshire Rt; A E Beaden, H A K Gough, G B Sanford, 2nd Battn Whiltshire Regt; A H Browne, 2nd Bn Rl Munster Fusiliers; H K Harley, 2nd Bn Rl Dublin Fuslrs; M Fitz R Kindersley, 18th Bengal Lancers; A E McBarnet, 13th Bengal Infy; F B Hill, 34th Pioneers; J C D Pinney, 2nd Central India Horse; Surg R H Clement, Medical Staff, Surg T W Shaw, Indian Medical Service; Rev T Scott, Presbyterian Chaplain; 2nd Grade Assist Apothecary E J Wright, Medical Dept; Corpl G Jone, 2nd Bn Highland L I; Lance Sergt A Hearsey, Vol H O B Scott, E W Tomkins, S C Tomkins, S A Wood, 2nd Punjab Vol R C.

The undermentioned passed the Lower Standard examination in Pushtu:—Lieut-Col J G Kelly, 19th Bengal Infy (attached 24th Punjab Infy); Capt E J Medley, 17th Bengal Cavalry; Capt J B Woon, 40th Baluch Regt; Lieut G O Roos-Keppel, 2nd Bn. Royal Scots Fusiliers; Lieut F C K Macmullen, 12th Bengal Cavy; Lieut H C Ricketts, 15th Bengal Lancers; Lieut A G Medley, 19th Bengal Lancers; Lieut H I E Palmer, 5th Punjab Cavy; Lieuts C A Fowler and R M Lowis, 22nd Punjab Infantry; Lieut S H Climo, 24th Punjab Infantry; Lieut H B Ford, 25th Punjab Infantry; Lieut W H Miller, 27th Punjab Infantry; Lieut G R Crawford, and P S M Burlton, 28th Punjab Infantry; Lieut J H B Beresford, and F H Taylor, 3rd Sikh Infantry; Lieut J W Ross, 1st Punjab Infy; Lieut W S Browne, 6th Punjab Infy; A LeG Jacob, 30th Bo Infy; 2nd-Lieut H G Gogarty, 2nd Bn Rl Scots Fuslrs; H K Harley, 2nd Bn Rl Dublin Fuslrs; Surg A C Younan, R C Macwatt, and Bawa Jiwan Singh, Indian Medical Service. Sergt-Maj J Fraser, 2nd Bn Northumberland Fusiliers; Capts R A Wahab, Royal Engrs, and E H Rivett-Carnac, 19th Bengal Lancers; Lieuts M Cowper, 10th, A C M Waterfield 11th, and T W Haig, 12th Bengal Infantry; H S Fox-Strangways, Queen's Own Corps of Guides.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to England:—

2nd Battalion Scottish Rifles—Lieut and Adjt E H S Twyford, for nine months on private affairs.

The undermentioned officer has leave of absence:—

33rd Punjab Infantry—Lieut C H Peterson, to Barrackpare, for six months, to study the Native languages, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps.

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON THURSDAY, THE 20TH OF AUGUST, 1891.

1. The barometric readings are all corrected to Calcutta standard and reduced to the same temperature (32°) and also to the sea level.

2. The 2nd column under the head "Wind" gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 24 hours, and is obtained by dividing the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometer during the previous 24 hours by 24.

3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade or in a small shed with open sides and a thatched or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 a.m.

4. The humidity is given as a percentage expressing the rates of the actual amount of moisture in the air to the amount required to saturate it.

STATIONS.	Barometer, 8 A.M.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Rate per hour.	Temperature in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temperature in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity, 8 A.M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Since 1st June to date.	Rainfall. Variation, 1st June to date.
Delhi	29·707	W	3	94·0	80·5	64	..	19·48	+0·71
Agra	29·751	S E	4	93·0	84·4	89	..	10·25	−9·15
Cawnpore	29·714	N N E	7	80·1	74·1	95	1·68	20·33	
Allahabad	29·630	E S E	19	78·0	74·1	95	6·68	31·66	+9·30
Jhansi	29·727	Calm	3	90·4	74·2	95	0·41	8·44	−18·69
Jacobabad	29·609	S E	5	101·9	79·7	72	...	0·40	−2·24
Karachi	29·711	W S W	18	82·0	75·8	86	...	0·01	−5·16
Ajmere	29·784	W	5	95·3	75·1	70	...	4·57	−10·72
Deesa	29·776	WNW	13	91·3	73·8	78	...	10·11	−8·34
Rajkote	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...
Veraval	29·815	W S W	12	82·3	78·3	87	0·02	20·33	...
Neemuch	29·765	W	13	86·8	72·1	73	...	7·51	−12·94
Indore	29·801	W	3	84·0	71·1	80	..	11·75	−10·27
Saugor	29·734	N	4	86·3	73·1	92	0·24	27·06	−3·23
Jubbulpur	29·745	W S W	3	81·9	71·1	95	0·70	42·58	+1·71
Hoshangabad	29·780	W	6	87·3	73·1	84	..	31·78	−6·07
Khandwa	29·800	W	8	87·7	76·3	78	..	16·83	−3·38
Raipur	29·702	W S W	10	89·0	75·8	90	0·04	31·59	−4·31
Nagpoor	29·732	WNW	6	91·8	75·9	75	0·32	23·09	−7·98
Amraoti	29·775	WNW	14	90·8	73·9	72	..	12·89	−9·15
Akola	29·807	N W	12	89·6	74·8	78	...	14·65	−6·79
Surat	29·835	S W	L	89·0	77·0	85	0·02	42·52	+11·39
Malegaon	29·853	W S W	10	85·3	70·3	74	..	9·07	−3·59
Bombay	29·864	W	17	85·2	78·0	81	0·23	49·82	−7·42
Poona (Yeraoda)	29·876	W	11	77·8	69·0	78	0·16	10·83	−2·78
Sholapore	29·892	W	10	93·7	71·5	81	0·99	5·42	−9·21
Ratnagiri	29·894	W	12	84·4	77·4	81	...	73·27	−7·85
Belgaum	29·907	WNW	4	76·3	64·8	90	0·06	31·67	+1·92
Goa	29·915	WNW	12	83·1	75·4	85	0·54	44·62	
Karwar	29·926	Calm	2	84·2	74·7	89	0·25	58·76	−33·71
Mangalore	29·923	Calm	1	85·3	74·4	93	0·37	68·62	−18·45
Calicut	29·966	Calm	5	84·8	74·5	88	...	66·91	−7·96
Cochin	29·972	N	M	85·3	75·6	87	0·21	49·12	−12·31
Bangalore	29·968	S W	8	86·7	67·9	79	..	12·70	+1·14
Secunderabad	29·846	WNW	10	91·7	69·8	90	1·16	6·77	−9·51
Masuliptm.	29·786	WNW	3	95·7	76·0	94	0·70	13·15	−2·34
Bellary	29·898	W	13	95·0	72·8	70	..	3·26	−2·11
Cuddapah	29·874	N W	..	98·2	78·9	65	..	5·04	−5·30
Madras	29·853	W	10	96·2	79·6	65	..	3·09	−6·67
Coimbatore	29·930	S	6	95·3	71·8	84	...	2·57	−1·20
Trichinopely	29·895	W	8	91·0	76·8	70	..	5·16	+0·17
Negapatam	29·865	WNW	2	98·1	78·2	59	..	1·58	−4·69
Colombo, (19th Aug.)	29·959	S W	11	85·5	7 ·0	71	0·25	15·55	−2·38

Bombay local rain-fall J. J. H=0·11 (69·67); E. G. H.=0·03 (55·83); G. T. H.=0·06 (56·26); C. P.=0·23 (49·82).

In column "Wind, rate per hour," L=Light, M=Moderate, F=Fresh, S=Strong, H=Heavy.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has decreased slowly at Nagpur and Malegaon, but has increased elsewhere. The rise has been rapid in the Panjab, North-West Provinces and generally moderate in other places. The general distribution remains the same as reported yesterday, and the isobars indicate the continuance of the depression at Allahabad. Gradients are moderate. Pressure is abnormally low at Allahabad, but is above the average in other places. Winds over the Central and North-West Provinces are cyclonic, while in other parts of the Indian region the directions are fairly normal. Allahabad reports a severe gale of wind, but in several other districts the force has been generally fresh. This morning the wind velocity was 16 miles an hour at Bombay, 14 at Karachi, Neemuch and Akola, 12 at Nagpur and Amraoti, and 10 at Allahabad, Deesa, Khandwa, Secunderabad and Bellary. The maximum temperature is on the whole above the normal in all districts, except at Allahabad, Karachi, Jubulpore, Malegaon, and Trichinopoly, where it is below it. The highest maximum was 105° at Jacobabad. The night temperature variations continue to be generally small everywhere. The lowest temperature last night was 65° at Belgaum. Humidity has increased largely at Agra, Jhansi, Jubulpore, Sholapur and Secunderabad, but has changed by small amounts in other places. The skies are cloudy to overcast almost everywhere, except in the Punjab, Rajputana, Gujarat and at Neemuch and Calicut, where they are clear. Heavy rain has fallen at Allahabad (6·68") and at Jhansi, Veraval, Saugor, Jubulpore, Raipur, Nagpur, Surat, Bombay, Sholapur, Belgaum, Goa, Karwar, Mangalore, Cochin and Masulipatam there have been light to moderate showers. Cawnpore and Secunderabad report having received 1·68" and 1·16," respectively. The monsoon gradient on the West Coast continues to be generally weak, being only ⅔rds of its average strength on the Malabar Coast and 4-5ths of its average strength between Karwar and Bombay; hence a continuance of local showers is probable. The storm noticed near Allahabad yesterday still exists there, but appears to be diminishing in intensity. The weather in the Central and North-West Provinces is, therefore, still unsettled and disturbed and more or less rain is likely in these districts. The general weather conditions in all other districts, except the Punjab, Rajputana, Gujarat and the greater part of the Madras Presidency are only slightly favourable and local showers may be expected. The isobars on the West Coast show that the weather off that coast in the Arabian Sea is squally, rainy and slightly disturbed.

S. H. C. HUTCHINSON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, AUG. 20.

The barometer has fallen over the Circars and east of the North-West and Central Provinces. It has risen elsewhere, the rise being brisk over a large part of North-West India and small but a well defined depression lies near Sutna, otherwise the general distribution is unchanged. Winds are variable over a large part of Northern India, but blow from normal monsoon directions. Elsewhere the monsoon currents are moderate or feeble, and the mean temperature shows a considerable deficiency in the North-West Provinces and modrate excess in Madras. Elsewhere variations are small, but very showery weather prevails except in Sind, Rajputana, and South Madras, where weather is fine. The rainfall again is heavy in Allahabad, and moderate in other parts of Northern India and light in the Centre and the South.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

Bombay, 19th August, 1891.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·777
Temperature of the Air	81·3
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77·1
Dew Point	75·6
Relative humidity of Air	830
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	7·8
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day)	85·2
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	78·1
General Directions of Wind*	W.
Movements of Wind in 24 hours *	421
Fall of Rain	0·21
Total fall during month	3·33
year	50·00
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 20th Aug.	0·11

* From midnight to midnight.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 20.

BY the occurrence of the *Mohurrum* and "Cocoanut" holidays, the business days in the past week have been reduced to four, during which the principal features have been increased activity in Wheat at higher prices, consequent on advices from the other side and a better demand for steamer tonnage at enhanced rates. Seeds also have advanced in value in presence of a much better enquiry for export on some days. Cotton has been quite neglected by shippers, and in small request by local consumers; and the latest news from the districts concerning the new crop are generally of a favourable tenor. Exchange has moved but little; and rates this evening only show a decline of 1-32d. in Bank Bills and of 1-16d. in Credits compared with last Thursday's quotations. Government Paper is ⅛ per cent. higher in Fours. Freights are now quiet but steady. The Import market is unchanged in prices generally, though previous quotations for staple goods have been barely maintained, and there has been less doing, both in ready and arrival business.

MONEY.—There was not much change in the position of money during the period covered by the Presidency Bank's statement of affairs issued on Monday, but the Cash Balance showed a rather larger falling-off, at some 10 lakhs, than at the close of the previous week, reducing the balance to 314 lakhs. The principal item of change, as shown by the return, was in Private Deposits, in which there had been a decrease of 28 lakhs but against this there had been a diminution of 9½ lakhs on Loans and of 7¾ lakhs in Bills discounted, the net increase in trade requirements being thus represented by about 10¾ lakhs. Some impetus has latterly been given by advices of the scarcity of cereals in Europe to one branch of our export trade; but otherwise business continues to partake of the usual monsoon dulness, and the demand for money is still very restricted. The minimum rate of the Bank of Bombay remains at 2 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGE opened very irregularly last Friday, and a little Bank Demand was given at 1s. 5⅜d.; but soon afterwards three months' sight Credits were placed at 1s. 5½d., and the Banks' selling rate was reduced to 1s. 5 5-16d. The market closed with a weak feeling at 1s. 5 9-32 to 5-16d. for Bank Demand and 1s. 5½ for three months' sight Credits. On Saturday the Banks were closed for the *Mohurrum* holiday, and rates re-opened on Monday at 1s. 5¼d. for Bank Demand and 1s. 5 13-32d. for three months' sight Credits; but nothing was done until a Bank took some Bills at 1s. 5 7-16d., and this rate was still available in one direction for the mail at the close, the other Banks maintaining the quotations of the morning. A very limited enquiry was felt for Bank Paper, the best forward rate quoted during the day having been 1s. 5½d. for Demand. The feeling was quiet and business dull. On Tuesday the market opened quiet at a drop of 1-32d. on Monday's closing rates, say 1s. 5 7-32d. for Bank Demand and 1s. 5 13-32d. for three months' sight Credits for this or next mail, and a few Bills were placed at that rate and at 1s. 5 7-16d. and 1s. 5 13-32d. for early and all September, respectively. Later in the day a steadier feeling prevailed, and the market closed firmer at the undernoted rates, at which Bank remittance was done; Telegraphic for December-January transfer having been quoted at 1s. 5⅜d. Yesterday the Banks were closed again for a native holiday; and this morning the market opened with a firmer feeling; but a considerable demand for remittance setting in, and leading to a large business in Bank Telegraphic at 1s. 5¼d. and Demand at 1s. 5 9-32d., rates gave way slightly, and Bills could be placed at 1s. 5 7-16d., while 1s. 5 9-32d. for Demand was available only in one direction. Little Private Paper, however, came out at the decline. Credits for all next month were quoted at closing at 1s. 5½d. and ready rates as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand			1s. 5 9-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic			1s. 5¼d.	„
Do.	3	months' sight	1s. 5⅜d.	„
Do.	4	do.	1s. 5 13-32d.	„
Do.	6	do.	1s. 5 15-32d.	„
Credits	3	do.	1s. 5 7-16d.	„
Do.	6	do.	1s. 5 9-16d.	„
Documents	3	do.	1s. 5 15-32d.	„
Do.	6	do.	1s. 5 17-32d.	„
Francs	3	do.	183¾	„
Do.	6	do.	185	„

The usual weekly official Return relating to Silver at the Mint gives the following figures:—

Statement of Silver Balance in the Bombay Mint for the week ending 19th August 1891	Rs.	25,16,000
Bullion belonging to private individuals	„	6,000
	Rs.	25,22,000
Last week	„	25,18,000

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—The feeling in this market on last mail-day favoured operators for the rise, and there were buyers of Fours for both the accounts, but little was actually booked. For Money the rate has been steady at 107 13-16; the closing quotations for Account having been 107 11-16 for the end of this month, and 107 7-16 for the September settlement. On the market reopening on Monday after the native holiday, the feeling was quiet but steady, and Friday's closing rates were quoted for Fours during the greater part of the day, with sellers for this month's settlement at 107 11-16, but buyers for the September Account at 107 7-16. Before the close, however, rates weakened a little, and closing quotations were partially a shade lower, 107¾ having been named for Money, and 107⅝ for the coming account. The market was strong and advancing, and a rise of ⅛ per cent. was established in the price of Fours both for Money and Account, closing quotations having been 107⅞ for cash; 107¾ for the settling day at the end of this month; and 107 9-16 for the end of September. The market was closed again yesterday for the Cocoanut holiday and on re-opening to-day, rates for Fours advanced 1-16 to ⅛ per cent. with a steady feeling in the market, and although a portion of the rise was lost the closing rates were still 107 15-16 for cash, and 107 13-16 for the next settling day.

Five per cent. Municipal Loan is ½ per cent. higher at 111½. Port Trust Bonds are 2 per cent. higher at 106.

SHARES.—The prevailing dulness in this market has been intensified by the holidays, and business has been upon a very small scale. We have few changes to note this evening, but those which have occurred in prices of Mill Scrip have been generally in favour of buyers, while in rates for Press Shares the reverse has taken place. Compared with our quotations of a week ago we have to note a decline of Rs. 15 each in David and Howard and Bulloch Mill Shares; of Rs. 10 each in Empress and James Greaves; and of Rs. 5 each in Mazagon, Queen, and Connaught. In Press Shares there has been an advance of Rs. 5 in New Berar; of Rs. 2½ in Mofussil; and of Re 1½ in New Indian. In Miscellaneous shares, Bombay Burma Trading are Rs. 100 higher in the 1st issue and Rs. 40 in the others; Kemp and Co. have advanced Rs. 8 per share. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 2½ lower.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—Demand for staple *Grey Goods* for the up-country markets has been very small during the past week, and stocks in the bazaar are increasing, while rates continue to be barely maintained. The weaker Exchange since last mail has, however, prevented any actual downward movement in prices, though dealers are very willing sellers at current quotations, but without meeting with buyers of any importance. A very small business has transpired in *Bleached Goods* during the past week, and rates are anything but strong, though they show no quotable change, and the same remark applies to *Turkey Red*, *Dyed* and *Printed* Goods. In *Local* Goods, some Calcutta buyers and bazaar dealers have made purchases of *Chodas* which constitute the principal business of the week. The clearances of *Imported* Goods have been 2,100 bales; those of *Local* Goods some 1,000 bales. *Yarns Imported Twist* has been dealt in to only a small extent in a quiet market, and prices may be called ¼ anna per lb. lower. Sales of *Bombay Spinnings* at Hongkong, Shanghai, and in Japan for the fortnight ending on last Monday aggregated about 15,000 bales with Exchange Rs. 221¼ and a downward tendency in prices. Spinners here are very anxious sellers, but find no buyers on a large scale. Rates have gone down very much, but there is no steadiness even at the present quotations. The market closed quiet at the following official rates, the sales for the week having aggregated 1,200 bales:

Twist...	... No. 6s Mule,	As.	3¾	to	4	per lb.
„	... „ 8s „	„	4	„	4¼	„
„	... „ 10s „	„	4½	„	5	„
„	... „ 12s „	„	4¾	„	4½	„
„	... „ 16s „	„	5	„	5¼	„
„	... „ 20s „	„	5⅜	„	5⅞	„
„	... „ 24s „	„	6	„	6½	„
„	... „ 30s „	„	6¾	„	7	„
„	... „ 40s „	„	8	„	8½	„

METALS.—A moderate business has been done in *Copper* in a quiet market, and at the basis of previous rates. *Yellow Metal* has also been taken to a moderate extent, and the price has advanced 4 annas per cwt. Transactions in *Iron* have been upon a small scale, and rates have declined 4 to 8 annas per cwt. in a quiet market. *Coal* is dull and has been neglected by buyers, no transactions having been reported during the week, prices, in the absence of fresh business, being quoted as before.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—What with the holidays, the absence of demand from exporters, and the slight enquiry from local spinners, this market has been almost stagnant during the past week; but though the tone has been quiet, the few purchases made have been on the basis of previous rates. The Mills have taken under 4,000 bales in the aggregate, consisting principally of Oomra descriptions, Dharwar, and Compta Ginned; while for export the only transaction reported was a small lot of Westerns bought at the close of last week, the business on this line having been meantime been *nil*. The market closed steady this evening, with prices quite the same as they were a week ago.

After the weather and crop reports by wire were issued in the middle of last week there had been, up to Monday, very little rain over the Cotton area, and, as a further fall was not generally required, the plants were reported to be flourishing in most of the districts where they were growing, while sowing was making good progress in others. The only district where the absence of rain had prevented the Cotton crop being sown was Bellary; while a further fall was needed at Beawar, in the Bengal circle. On the other hand, the crop was suffering from too much rain at Delhi; and at Khangaum, in the Oomra circle, fine weather was required; but at Jaulgaum, in the same circle, where, it will be remembered, the rain fall had been excessive, the plants continued to show more improvement. At Broach the weather was seasonable, and crop prospects were good, the late unusually heavy rain notwithstanding. There had been no further fall in the Dhollera circle; but sowing had begun at Veerumgaum, it was progressing at Dhollera itself, and the plants were flourishing at Bhownuggur, in which district the prospects were stated to be good.

Since the above advices came to hand, heavy and continuous rain fell at Cawnpore in the Bengal circle, bringing up the fall to over the average; and the plants were flourishing in this district. Generally, this is also the telegraphic report from other circles to-day, though more rain was wanted at Oomrawattee and Barsee and a break at Khangaum. Weeding was completed in the Broach district; and from the Dhollera the news is favourable on the whole.

The following are to-day's quotations for full pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without Commission, viz.:—

Cotton—	Per candy.	Per lb. C & F.
Bengal, Fine	Rs. 160	=3⅜d.
Do. Fully Good	„ 148	=3 11-32d.
Do. Good	„ 141	=3 7-32d.
Oomra, Fully Good (Good Staple)	„ 170	=3 13-16d.
Do. Good do.	„ 158	=3 9-16d.
Khandeish, Fully Good	„ 164	=3 11-16d.
Do. Good	„ 153	=3 15-32d.
Broach, Fine	„ 198	=4 13-32d.
Do. Good	„ 180	=4 1-16d.
Belatee, Fine	„ 165	=3 23-32d.
Do. Fully Good	„ 151	=3 13-32d.
Do. Good	„ 142	=3 7-32d.
Dhollera, Fine	„ 185	=4¼d.
Do. Fully Good	„ 173	=3⅞d.
Do. Good	„ 162	=3 21-32d.
S. G. Dharwar, Good	„ 162	=3 21-32d.
Westerns, Good	„ 157	=3 9-16d.

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1891. Bales.	1890. Bales.	1889. Bales.
For the week	4,814	2,863	6,631
From 1st Jan. to 19th August	1,780,039	1,867,109	1,666,645
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	2,414	5,451	4,010
From 1st Jan. to 19th August	971,201	1,360,381	1,187,650
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	1,133	258	299
From 1st Jan. to 19th August	106,062	55,841	26,498

WHEAT.—A moderate business was passing in this staple when last mail left, but the tone of the market was firm, and prices were put up half an anna per cwt., all round; and the week closed with a strong feeling and a further advance of half to one anna per cwt., transactions, however, remaining on the previous moderate scale. This week, notwithstanding the holidays, a large business in the aggregate has been done in a strong or firm market, and prices were again put up half an anna per cwt., at its commencement.

SEEDS.—A considerable business was done in *Linseed* and *Rapeseed* at the close of last week, and the market became firm at an advance of one anna per cwt. in these kinds, other descriptions being unchanged, and, though the holidays have interfered with business in the meantime, a good deal has been done, and a further advance in prices has been established, our closing quotations this evening being as follows:—

Linseed		Rs. 6-11-6 to Rs. 6-14-6 per cwt
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat	„	8- 4-0
Do. do. Cawnpore	„	7-15-0 to Rs. 7-14-0 „
Do. Red do. ...	„	6-14-0 to Rs. 7- 0-0 „

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1891. Cwts.	1890. Cwts.	1889. Cwts.
Wheat for the week	126,330	66,806	54,925
Do. from 1st Jan. to 19th August	10,904,975	4,628,563	4,881,015
Linseed for the week	33,493	12,225	16,460
Do. from 1st Jan. to 19th August	4,206,173	1,937,532	1,696,595
Rapeseed for the week	14,864	258	69,507
Do. from 1st Jan. to 19th August	1,222,831	880,386	1,662,526
Gingelly seed for the week	3,224	554	1,161
Do. from 1st Jan. to 19th August	967,363	632,494	652,995

The clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1891. Cwts.	1890. Cwts.	1889. Cwts.
Wheat for the week	162,810	155,816	209,392
Do. from 1st Jan. to 19th Aug.	9,874,722	3,748,830	4,246,018
Linseed for the week	74,237	11,670	28,006
Do. from 1st Jan. to 19th Aug.	3,927,332	1,662,742	1,711,985
Rapeseed for the week	19,956	...	4,002
Do. from 1st Jan. to 19th Aug.	1,141 686	633,058	1,572,499
Gingellyseed for the week	1,983	...	...
Do. from 1st Jan. to 19th Aug.	1,023,978	835,461	702,994

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In.	cts.	Fort. In.	cts.	Esplanade. In.	cts.	Colaba. In.	cts.
Previously registered	71	25	55	80	53	19	49	79
Thursday, Aug. 20	....		0	3	0	6	0	21
Total	71	25	55	83	53	25	50	0
Total fall to 20th August 1890	64	92	66	13	63	62	53	87
Total fall to 20th August 1889	62	14	65	73	64	26	59	14

Rainfall at Byculla registered from 6 p.m. to 6 p.m.; at the Fort and Esplanade from 8 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and at Colaba from 6 a.m. to 6 a.m.

ON THE B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.

THE following is the total return of rainfall on 17th August, 1891:—

	In.	ct.		In.	ct.
Bandora	54	77	Baroda	18	93
Panjoo	60	17	Mehmadabad	19	47
Vaiturana	44	65	Ahmedabad	24	20
Palghur	62	69	Viramgam	33	99
Gholwad	52	55	Wadhwan	13	91
Daman	51	73	Kharaghora	24	0
Bulsar	46	56	Dabhoi	26	60
Nausari	54	73	Sevalia	22	28
Surat	47	55	Godhra	21	80
Kim	39	39	Odwada	23	63
Broach	48	71	Dohad	13	39

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price.—As. 4 Per Copy.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

ROGAY—August 19, at her residence, Pydownee, Mrs. Mahomed Amin Rogay, mother of Mr. Mahomed Ali Rogay, aged 56.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BUSH—August 10, at Barrackpore, the wife of Lieut George Harrington Bush, of a son.

McLEAN—August 11, at Dudputlee Tea Estate, Cachar, the wife of Colin McLean, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

MALPOSS—August 11, at Nowgong, Henry Edward, the beloved child of Mr A Malposs, M W D, aged 2 years and 2 months.

SILCOCK—August 13, at Bilaspore, C P, Alexander John Henry Bernard (Barney), only and dearly loved child of Surgeon and Mrs Alexander Silcock, aged 9 months and 23 days.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, AUGUST 21, 1891.

THE Manipur Jubraj was hanged a week ago, and only an academic interest therefore can attach to the appeal sent to the Government of India in his behalf and his brother the Maharajah's by Mr. Manmohun Ghose. But the document is very ably written, and it raises certain questions of political concern, the interest in which has not disappeared with the exit of his clients from the scene. So well indeed has Mr. Ghose done his work that his clients cannot have lost anything by the refusal of the Government of India to hear counsel in their behalf. At the worst they were left, at that stage, in the same position as a condemned prisoner in England who is seeking the clemency of the Crown, through the Home Secretary, who never hears counsel on an appeal of this kind. What is much more to be regretted than the absence of Counsel from the appeal to the Government of India is the extraordinary way in which the prisoners' interests had been represented in the trial at Manipur. Janoki Nath Bysack, who was supposed to do what he could to save these men's necks from the gallows, described himself as a trader by profession, and in a memorial to Government represented that he was not a lawyer, and never had any experience of how criminal trials were conducted. It is too late for the observation to be of any practical effect; but we cannot see how any one can look upon that as a satisfactory way of securing that in a matter of life and death justice should be done to the accused princes, to say nothing of the lowering of the dignity of what was to all intents a State trial which resulted from it. It is stated that an endeavour was made to get proper legal assistance for the princes; it would have added greatly to the weight of the Court's findings if this endeavour had succeeded. However, the points of widest interest in connection with the case are not such as would have been raised before the Special Court in Manipur, whose inquiries were necessarily directed to matters of fact. The Maharajah and the Jubraj were found guilty of waging war against the Queen Empress, and the Jubraj was found guilty of abetment of murder. Mr. Ghose addresses himself firstly and chiefly to the question whether the Manipur Princes could rightly be held to be chargeable with "waging war against the Queen" in the sense implied in the Penal Code. The offence, he contends, necessarily involves a breach of allegiance, the Indian Law Commissioners, when it was suggested to them that the condition of owning allegiance to the British Government should be stated, holding that this would be unnecessary, as allegiance was clearly implied. Was there, then, anything in the *status* of the Manipur State which brought its rulers or its people in allegiance to the British Government? In connection with this point, Mr. Ghose mentions a number of incidents of independent sovereignty vesting in Manipur. The country has never been conquered by the British, and it pays no tribute to our Government. It is governed by its own laws, has an executive of its own, and its internal administration is independent of British intervention, and there has never been any express reservation, by treaty or compact, of allegiance from the ruler of the State to the British Crown. There is, in fact, only one incident which can be held to derogate from its independence, and that is the British treaty guarantee to the Rajah against invasion.

The question presented to the Government of India in the princes' behalf was whether, such being the facts, the Princes and people of Manipur owed such allegiance to the Government that resistance on their part to its orders and to the lawful acts of its officers would constitute treason, or, as the expression in the Indian Penal Code is, "waging war against the Queen" Every one must acknowledge the industry and the ingenuity with which Mr. Ghose has set out this part of his case. Some of his industry, however, is thrown away. For instance, when he reminds an that an express reservation of allegiance was considered necessary when Aquitaine was made over by Edward III. to the Black Prince, we are tempted to think that there is a Black Prince in both cases, but that beyond that the parallel is very indistinct. Nor do we think that his case is greatly helped by his citation of the case of the Ionian Islands, the people of which, during the British Protectorate, were held not to be British subjects owing allegiance to the Queen. It was in some Admiralty proceedings that this *dictum* was pronounced. We suspect that if the inhabitants of Corfu had offered an armed resistance to the troops of the Protecting Power, and the tribunals had been called on to pronounce judgment upon the ringleaders, their independence of the Crown would not have been so absolutely proclaimed. Vattel, it is not surprising to find, is on Mr. Ghose's side—at least he says what Mr. Ghose wishes him to say. Whether what he says is apposite to the case under consideration is another question. The great classic, in a note on unequal alliances, says that whatever the condition of alliance may be, provided the inferior ally reserve to itself the sovereignty, it ought to be considered as an independent State, that keeps up an intercourse with others under the authority of the law of nations. Aquitaine, the Ionian Islands, and Vattel—these are fair samples from the field from which Mr. Ghose has gathered his illustrations and his arguments. The field is fatally wide. The moment an attempt is made to regulate the relations between the Government of India and the States around it by the general principles of international law we shall see how hopeless the undertaking is. International law has been developed out of the practice of a group of nations who have, generally speaking, reached the same stage of civilization, and who are assumed to be on a footing of equality. Its deductions have not been derived from the practices of any Asiatic people or of any European people in Asia, and significantly enough, as soon as a European nation establishes relations with a Government outside the European group—as in Turkey, or Egypt, or Japan—the general rules of international law have to be abruptly departed from. In other words, the circumstances of the particular country in question must determine how much, or how little, the relations of the British Government with it must be governed by the principles expounded by Vattel and the great international lawyers of later time.

The truth is that international law has never contemplated the exceptional, and in most respects quite modern, relationships which subsist between the British Government and the States in subordinate alliance with it. It may seem cynical to say so, but as they were the inventors of the system, so they must provide the principles according to which it must be regulated. What can international law have to say to that system of "frontiers beyond the frontier" upon which Sir Alfred Lyall has learnedly discoursed this month; to the status of a group of sovereign States who, for the peace of the Empire and the good of the Paramount Power, have been divested of liberty of political intercourse with each other and with foreign states; to States, again, for whose internal tranquillity and for whose protection against misrule and tyranny we have become *de facto*, though not *de jure*, responsible? For such a varied set of problems as the relations between the Supreme Government and the native States present we have very much to find a solution, as we go on, and the only abiding principles of conduct to which we can refer in connection therewith are the principles of equity and good conscience, interpreted with careful regard to the interests of the particular State concerned and of the Empire at large. If there has been no express reservation of allegiance to the British Government in this case, it is necessary that such allegiance should be presumed. As a political necessity that presumption must lie at the base of all relationship between the Empire and the States in subordinate reliance with or dependence upon it. The alternative would be to recognize as a lawful act of war the resistance of the authorities and the population of native States to the execution of the orders of the Government of India within its limits. The alternative may be debatable if we assume that the table is clear, that we are beginning at the beginning, and that no such preponderating fact as the existence of the Indian Empire as it is stands in the way. But we must take things as they are, and unless we are prepared to reconstruct the Empire, and to radically change its relation to the States who have profited so largely from their connection with it, we must hold such resistance to authority as that which was offered in Manipur as an act of treason, according to the English law, or "waging war against the Queen," in the sense of the Code. Mr. Ghose, with the instincts rather of a politician than of a lawyer, hints that this must be the last time that this question of allegiance would have to be considered. In bringing it forward perhaps he did no particular service to his clients; but it is well that all that could be said in its favour has been said, if only to show how little that was.

AT the Congress of Hygiene and Demography, just come to a close, the subject of sanitation in India was brought under discussion by a paper written by our ex-Surgeon-General, Sir William Moore. This was read on one of the two special afternoons set apart for the consideration of both branches of the Congress which dealt respectively with hygiene and demography, and an interesting discussion was anticipated. As we have already learned, this special meeting was largely attended and there was an interchange of views from which Sir Douglas Galton anticipated much practical good to India—an anticipation which we must earnestly hope will be fully realised. Sir M. Grant-Duff, who presided, appears however to have struck a note which does not sound very hopeful. He dwelt upon the necessity of native feeling in India being in unison with that of the specialists in whatever measures are taken for the improvement of sanitation in India. Is not this to expect from the general run of people in this country a degree of enlightenment, qualifying them to appreciate the advantages of improved sanitation, which the English sanitarians of fifty years ago did not find in England itself, and cannot count upon with entire confidence even now? The first Board of Health worked wonders under the masterful impulse of the enthusiastic and ubiquitous Sir Edwin Chadwick. But it found, not co-operation and good will, but apathy and dogged resistance in the provincial towns and even in London. Eventually it was disestablished, and the cause of sanitation, for a moment and for more than a moment, seemed to be under a cloud. Merciless epidemics, bringing in their train great mortality and resulting panic, enabled the sanitarians to make head again. The local authorities were compelled to do against their will what they would never have done had they been left to their own devices. Lord Beaconsfield did not succeed in his well meant attempt to substitute *Sanitas, Sanitatum omnia sanitas*, for the far more popular cry of political reform and household suffrage. The truth is in such matters the public is every where quite satisfied with the hygienic conditions to which they have been always accustomed. They can only be moved by those who better understand the importance of sanitation. Happily in India something has been already done in this direction. Sir William Moore was able to speak words of encouragement with respect to the prospect of improvement in this country, and he instanced the large measure of success which has attended the introduction of vaccination as a preventive of small-pox. No town even in the Indian mofussil has taken up arms against Jenner's vaccine as Leicester has done with impunity in England. Dr. T. H. Hendley whose labours in Jeypore have been so fruitful in accustoming a Native State to accept and assimilate new ideas and new methods, gave useful counsel as to the wisdom of adapting western methods to eastern conditions so as to avoid irritating those whom it is desired to benefit.

IT is we see proposed to provide a "tropical section" in future Congresses so that the difficult questions arising in respect to the hygiene of countries within the tropics may be fully discussed. Such discussions will do good; but after all the principles of sanitation are now very well understood; the great difficulty is to apply them to apathetic populations, which care for none of these things. How hard it is to get people to breathe pure air rather than foul! Even the wealthy and educated classes in Europe do not yet grasp the elemental truth that without good air and plenty of it, disease is certain, and health impossible. A few years back overcrowding was as much a matter of course in hospitals, goals and other institutions all over Europe as it is now in a Bombay chawl. In the English workhouses of the last century, of twenty-four children under one year, twenty-three died. Improved ventilation brought down the number of deaths from two thousand and three thousand to four hundred and five hundred. In cases of typhus from famine, fifty years ago, patients put out of the wards to die, often recovered owing manifestly to the cessation of inhalation of poison coinciding with a better supply of oxygen. In the military hospitals of Scutari during the Crimean War, there was great mortality; the first thing done by the doctors sent out to effect an improvement was to use their walking sticks to break the glass in the windows, and thus give the outer air access to the patients. In Austria, when sick soldiers were removed from the hospitals into tents, they immediately began to get better, and made a quicker and more complete recovery than those treated within doors. Many other of the prevalence in quite recent times of insanitary arrangements are given by the writers of the article in the *Contemporary* to which we have already referred. A mortality in the French cavalry stables of 197 horses per thousand per annum was reduced by an enlargement of the stables and better ventilation to 68 per thousand and ultimately to 28 per thousand. In the officers' stables, which of course were not crowded, the mortality was only 20 per thousand. Cows are subject to great mortality from lung disease in unventilated sheds. The remedy in all cases is more air—a formula which is recommended to every one by the writers and by the high authorities to whom they submitted their paper. Professor Huxley insists with characteristic energy on the importance of fresh air, especially combined with exercise. He attributes what is commonly called "overwork"—the depression of the nervous organization of brain-workers—to under-oxygenation and the consequent accumulation of waste matters which operates as poison. Dr. Clifford Allbutt recommends all who doubt the practical conclusions arrived at to try the marvellous recreation of camping out for a few nights. But he recommends care as to "draughts," which kill more painfully and quite as quickly as ptomaines. Dr. W. B. Cheadle regrets that so few people bear in mind that they spend one-third of their lives in their bed-rooms, and submit to a process of nightly poisoning which they would not tolerate in their sitting-rooms. This process goes on in the dormitories of public schools and of other public institutions and in the nurseries of even the well-to-do. The recent Congress of Hygiene, seventh of the series, found plenty to do in discussing the hindrances to health in civilised Europe and how to remove them; how much more needed are such efforts in tropical countries?

MR. G. JACOB, C.S., has been permitted to return to duty within the period of his leave.

THE decision of the military authorities on the Manipur Court of Inquiry is not likely to be made known for some time to come, as the despatch on the subject was sent home only last week.

HIS HIGHNESS AGA KHAN has subscribed Rs. 1,000 to the Mahuva Relief Fund.

MR. J. L. LUSHINGTON has been appointed Divisional Inspector, Land Records and Agriculture, Southern Division, in room of Mr. F. W. Francis.

MR. A. W. CRAWLEY BOEVEY, C.S., has been appointed to do duty as Collector and District Magistrate and District Registrar, Thana, and to be President of the Local Board; Mr. E. M. Pratt, C.S., has also been appointed to the same offices until relieved by Mr. Crawley Boevey.

MR. F. GLEADOW, Deputy Conservator of Forests, has been attached to the office of the Conservator of Forests, Northern Circle.

SURGEON-MAJOR F. S. BARKER, M.D., F.R.C.S.I., has been appointed to act as Presidency Surgeon, First District, and Ophthalmic Surgeon, during the absence of Brigade-Surgeon G. A. Maconachie, on leave.

MR. H. MURRAY, Deputy Conservator of Forests and Divisional Forest Officer, Belgaum, has been allowed furlough for thirteen months.

A TERRIBLE story, which may be true, comes from Pilerne, Goa, that four tobacco hawkers on false pretences sought a night shelter in the house of a woman who had just received Rs. 50 by registered letter, of which they were cognisant. At midnight one of the hawkers entered the room and opened a big box, the lid of which he leaned against the wall. He then put his head inside and was searching for money and jewellery, when down came the heavy lid and the thief was killed on the spot.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending August 18 was 531, giving a death-rath of 31·80 per annum per thousand as against 27·13 the corresponding period of last year, and 28·38 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 132 died from fevers; 1, small-pox; 77, phthisis; 5, Measles; 1, leprosy; 72, diseases of the nervous system; 89, affections of the respiratory organs; 24, diarrhœa; 8, dysentery; 29, still born; 44, old age and debility; 4, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Buddhist or Jain, 30; Brahmin, 18; Lingaet, 1; Bhattia, 7; Hindu of other caste, 243; Hindu outcaste, 45; Musalman, 134; Parsee, 29; Jew, 2; Native Christian, 14; Eurasian, 3; European, 3; Negro-African, 2. The total number of births was 336 as against 266 the corresponding period of last year, and 279 the average over the past five years.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

INVESTITURE OF BIRTHDAY HONOURS.

LONDON, Aug. 19.

Her Majesty the Queen held an investiture at Osborne, to-day, of the Birthday recipients of the Orders of the Bath, St. Michael and St. George and the Distinguished Service Order.

Her Majesty also conferred on Dr. Hendley and Mr. Vincent Robinson the Order of the Indian Empire.

ARRIVAL OF THE FRENCH FLEET.

LONDON, Aug. 20.

The French Squadron arrived in the Solent, yesterday, in lovely weather. Salutes were exchanged with the British men-of-war, which were gaily dressed in honour of the occasion. The yards were manned and the visitors were heartily cheered. Thousands of persons assembled on shore and afloat to witness the arrival of the fleet.

SPECIAL HONOURS.

LONDON, Aug. 19.

As a special honour to the officers of the French Squadron, they will be admitted to parts of the arsenal and dockyard from which foreign visitors are usually excluded.

THE FRENCH PRESS ON THE RECEPTION OF THE FLEET.

PARIS, Aug. 20.

The French press is delighted with the reception the fleet has met with in England, and interpret the welcome as indicating that Great Britain is not bound to Germany.

TERRIFIC CYCLONE IN THE WINDWARD ISLANDS.

Advices received here from the Windward Islands state that a terrific cyclone has passed over Martinique, doing enormous damage. Twelve vessels, mostly French-owned, foundered during the hurricane, and every house in the town of St. Pierre, the commercial capital of the island, was wrecked. Many lives are also reported to have been lost.

COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, Aug. 20.

The match between Lancashire and Kent terminated yesterday in the defeat of Kent by an innings and 108 runs.

THE EVACUATION OF EGYPT.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 19.

It is believed here that M. Cambon, the new French Ambassador to Turkey, will be instructed by his Government to support the efforts of the Porte to bring about a renewal of negociations for the British evacuation of Egypt.

THE INSURRECTION IN CHILI.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.

Telegrams from Chili report that an insurgent fleet with 10,000 soldiers has sailed southward to attack the forces under President Balmaceda. The point of attack is not disclosed.

THE CHARGES AGAINST CANADIAN OFFICIALS.

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.

The Canadian Government has summarily dismissed the heads of the Engineering and Stationery Departments for taking bribes.

THE PURCHASES OF SILVER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.

The Treasury to-day purchased 280,000 ounces of silver at prices ranging from 98·75 to 98·86.

This completes the quantity of silver to be bought for the current month. Purchases will be resumed in September.

POONA TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 20.

The final tie of the Gymkhana Gentlemen's Doubles Tennis Handicap was played off yesterday, and resulted in a win for Major Von Donop.

1st Tie.—Dr. Pollen and Capt. Stuart owe ½ 15, beat.
Dr. Street and Mr. Fry scratch.
Mr. Loch and Mr. Dunsterville, beat.
Dr. Younger and Mr. Bolton retired.
Mr. Doig and Captain Vidal owe 15, beat.
Captain Turner-Jones and Mr. Greer, 15.
Major Von Donop and Captain Piers, a bye.
2nd Tie.—Major Von Donop and Captain Piers, beat Pollen and Stuart.
Mr. Doig and Captain Vidal beat Mr. Loch and Mr. Dunsterville.
Final Tie.—Major Von Donop and Piers owe 30, beat.
Mr. Doig and Capt Vidal owe 15, 6-1, 6-1.

In the final for the Mixed Doubles, the result was a win for Miss Howard and Major Von Donop.

1st Tie.—Mrs. Hensby and Capt L. Conyngham.
1st beat.—Miss Barnard and Mr. Diog, the bisque.
Miss Howard and Major Von Donop, scratch.
Mrs. Doig and Capt. Vidal owe 15, Mrs. Beckham and Capt. Piers, scratch, had byes.
2nd Tie.—Miss Howard and Major Von Donop beat Mrs. Hensley and Capt. Conyngham.
Mr. Doig and Capt Vidal beat Mrs. Beckham and Capt. Piers.
Final Tie.—Miss Howard and Major Von Donop beat Mrs. Doig and Capt. Vidal, 6-4, 6-3.

MINDEN BALL AT POONA.

Last night the Warrant Officers, Staff Sergeants, and Sergeants of the 2nd Lancashire Fusiliers gave their annual "Minden" ball at their Wess at Ghorpuri. About four hundred guests were present, including officers from the several regiments in the station, and the dance was an unqualified success. The ball-room was prettily decorated with flowers and bunting, and everything possible was done to ensure the comfort and pleasure of the dancers. The guests commenced to arrive at 9-30, and immediately entered into a programme of twenty dances, the music being supplied by the regimental band. At 12 o'clock an excellent supper was served in tents erected in the compound, after which dancing was again resumed and kept up with vigour until 5 o'clock in the morning. All the arrangements were carried out by the President, Colour-Sergeant W. Wrench Ganly, Colour-Sergeant Kearney, Sergeant-Major Murray, Sergeant Ruddock, and Sergeant Crupper.

RIFLE MATCH AT GANESHKHIND.

Yesterday at Ganeshkhind the Affinity Stakes rifle match was competed for, and the shooting proved of an excellent character. The successful competitors were, Mrs. Von Donop and Col. Rhodes, their score being 86 out of a possible 100. Miss Croft and Mr. Edgerley took the second place with 83 points, and the others who took place in the competition were His Excellency and Lady Harris, Mrs. Blundell and Col. Wodehouse, Miss Cunningham and Capt. Cox, Miss Wodehouse and Dr. Martin, and Mrs. Hensley and Capt. the Hon. St. L. Jervis. The conditions were five shots each at fifty yards and five shots at one hundred yards.

CRICKET AT POONA.

GUNESHKHIND XI VS. AHMEDNAGAR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 20.

As arranged, the Ahmednagar team came to Poona to-day in advance of their fixture with the Gymkhana, and played with Lord Harris's Guneshkhind eleven. The game opened at 11-15 on a mat wicket in excellent cricketing weather. Ahmednagar won the toss and batted first, sending in Lieutenant Bowden-Smith and Dr. Maunsell, the bowlers being Lord Harris and Corporal Sharp. Maunsell was bowled first ball from Lord Harris, who also accounted for Mr. Kennedy for a single also within the first over. Mr. Wilkins had no sooner joined Bowden-Smith than the latter was bowled by Lord Harris for single. Three wickets had now fallen for but three runs. When Lieutenant Sanley joined Wilkins a good defence was made, and the bowling broken between them. They lifted the score to 53, when Wilkins, who had already made 22, was bowled by Sharp. Lieutenant Sanley, who played a strong game, had by this time been twice let off Mr. Pinhey, who joined him after Wilkins had been bowled, made 10 runs and was clean bowled by Colonel Wodehouse. Mr. Marker, who followed him, played carefully and knocked up 21 before being bowled by Sharp. Driver Ince then partnered Sanley, but he only made 5, when he was bowled by Captain Cox. Lieutenant Graham was the next to go in, but had not been long at the wicket when Sanley was dismissed by Colonel Rhodes to whom he returned the ball. The Colonel made a splendid catch, terminating the career of Ahmednagar's strongest batsman for the brilliant score of 74. The remainder were soon disposed of. Graham was caught by Cox off Rhodes for 4. Private Lievers was bowled by Sharp for 6, Captain Stewart not out 0. Extras 14. Total 158.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	B.	R.	M.	W.
Lord Harris......	95	51	2	3
Sharpe	115	43	8	3
Wodehouse	35	22	0	1
Cox	20	13	1	1
Rhodes	17	15	0	2

The home team commenced their innings immediately after luncheon, and the players who went first to the wicket being Colonel Rhodes and Dr. Martin to the bowling of Driver Ince and Private Lievers. Colonel Rhodes was given out leg before wicket before he had broken his duck by bowler Lievers. H. E. Lord Harris then went in to partner Dr. Martin, and it was immediately seen that His Excellency was in first class form. Before these gentlemen could be parted, the score was carried to 116 ; they completely collared the bowling, and notwithstanding repeated changes, were immoveable. Martin was first to leave, being clean bowled by Kennedy, having made the useful score of 68. Captain Cox was bowled by Kennedy for 1 run ; Captain Jervis was bowled by Ince for 8 runs, and Colonel Wodehouse was caught out by Sanley off a rise at his first ball. Mr. Edgerley then went to join the Governor, who was the while playing brilliant cricket. Mr. Edgerley caught contagion from His Excellency, and both batted freely. His Excellency got his score for the first time this season above the century ; he was then bowled by Kennedy for 101 ; and Sharpe was caught by Bowden-Smith off Wilkins for 11. Heavy rain now commenced to fall, and stopped the play altogether. Edgerley, not out, 30 ; Phillips, not out. 8. Extras 17. Total for 7 wickets 214.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	B	R	M	W
Lievers	80	29	7	1
Ince	105	61	3	2
Wilkins...........	90	48	3	1
Kennedy	113	58	2	3

Lievers bowled one no ball. Ince bowled two no balls.

FRONTIER NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 20.

The Samana range is stated to be quiet, but reports are still current of Mudalis trying to excite disaffection among the Afridis but without success. Fortunately the question of troops to be retained during the winter in the Black Mountain is likely to be settled shortly. After the first snowfall supplies could not be forwarded to more than one of the outposts.

THE WEATHER AT ALLAHABAD.

The rainfall registered here this morning was about fourteen and a-half inches. The high wind which accompanied the rain has done much damage to trees, buildings and roads in the station and city.

THE PRESIDENCY STAFF CORPS.

The despatch in connection with the recent warrant amalgamating the Presidency Staff Corps has been forwarded to England.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, Aug. 20.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Goorkha left here yesterday afternoon.

PLYMOUTH, Aug. 19.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Shannon arrived here this morning.

PORT SAID, Aug. 19.

The Hall Line steamer Locksley Hall left here this morning.

HONGKONG, Aug. 20.

The P. and O. s. s. Gwalior (extra) left here yesterday evening for Bombay.

COLOMBO, Aug. 20.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Kaisar-i-Hind with Australia and China mails left here for Bombay at 11 a. m. to-day.

The Anchor Line steamer Roumania arrived at Marseilles from Bombay on the 19th instant.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Aug. 19.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed in favour of buyers. Surats in favour of buyers.

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight, 1s. 5⅛d.

2¾ per cent. Consols for account...	96⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	95¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	77¼
4½ per cent. "	75⅞
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107
Bar Silver	45 5-16.

The sum of about £100,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England for Germany.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, August 19.

10 p.m. .. .. 80·3

THURSDAY NIGHT, August 20.

6 a.m. .. .. 79·0
10 a.m. .. .. 81·8
2 p.m. .. .. 79·4
4 p.m. — — — — — — — — — — — — 81·1

NEWS OF THE DAY.

IT is intended to sacrifice 4,000 slaves in connection with the King of Dahomey's funeral. French missionaries report that the new King will soon try to expel the French, when Germany will enter the country, having already sent large quantities of arms.

IT is stated by the Madras contemporary that Sir Arthur Collins, Chief Justice of Madras, is an applicant for the Recordership of London. It is said that Mr. Justice Straight of Allahabad is also an applicant for the vacancy.

IT is reported that instructions have been issued for the removal from the Madras Revenue Board Office to the Museum at Egmore of the collection of the Forest Museum at the former place.

THE revision of the new Cantonment Rules now being carried out in the Quartermaster-General's Department at Simla will probably be completed before the end of the current season. Every effort is being made to condense the regulations under last year's Act, so as to make them easy of apprehension both by cantonment authorities and the public generally.

THE Hindu god Juggernaut is said to have grown tired in his dilapidated temple at Puree, and has gone for a change to Santipur. A vernacular paper tells us that the migration was foretold by an old woman to whom the holy Juggernaut himself mentioned the matter in a dream. A temple is being built for him at Santipur, and two pahdas have been brought over to the new shrine from Puree.

THE statistics of cinchona cultivation in Bengal for the year 1890-91 have recently been published. During that period the total number of plants, cuttings, and seedings in the Government plantations amounted to 4,749,861, divided as follows : plants in permanents plantation 4,515,861, stock plants for propagation 4,000, andseedlings 230,000. The quantity of bark in store at the beginning of the year was 426,256lbs., while the outturn of bark of the year ending April last was 293,972lbs., making a total of 720,247lbs. From the latter amount has been issued for manufacture of cinchona febrifuge and sulphate of quinine 250,330lbs., leaving a balance in stock at the end of the year of 469,917lbs.

PRAYERS for rain were offered up in all the Roman Catholic churches of Pondichery on Sunday last. The water situation continues to be alarming. The main supply brought into the city from the spring at Mettapollium, a distance of five miles, is gradually decreasing, and the many artesian wells in and around the station fail to make good the deficient supply.

THE Madras High Court has issued a circular to all District Judges and Sub-Judges, prohibiting District Munsiffs calling personally upon the Judges of the High Court with a view to pressing their claims for promotion or transfer. The Judges have no objection to those officers seeking their objects through the proper channel, viz., by written applications. District Judges are forbidden to write to the High Court, demi-officially, recommending Munsiffs for promotion and transfer.

WITH a view to ascertaining the capabilities of the Salonica Railway as an alternative route for the Indian and Eastern mails, the Postmaster-General has applied to the Board of Trade for the assistance of one of their railway inspectors to survey and report upon the condition of the line.

LIEUTENANT EHLERS on his return from a three weeks' visit to the Ruby Mines district has been interviewed in Rangoon regarding the prospects of the enterprise. His report is not altogether encouraging. Rubies, he says, are not lying about like mangoes. The monthly yield of the mines has amounted, indeed, of late to no more than five thousand rupees. The Company obtains further a sum of about two lakhs annually in rent paid for native workings. Under these conditions, the success of the mines would of course be impossible ; but Lieutenant Ehlers is inclined to look forward with confidence to the present administration of Major Kunhardt, which is, he says, beyond praise. New washing machines are now in work, and he anticipates that the yield of precious stones will increase fivefold in the immediate future. Mining is, however, a lottery, and it is, he says, just possible in such an enterprise as that in which the Ruby Mines Company is engaged that one day's find may more than equal in value the result of years of hard work. In any case, the prospects of the Company have, he thinks, vastly improved. Of Mogok and its climate Leutenant Ehlers speaks in the most enthusiastic terms. It is by far the most charming of the districts which he has visited in the course of his Indian tour. Situated four thousand feet above the sea, with an unuasually bracing atmosphere and a temperature of only 76° in midsummer, there is no place in the East which Lieutenant Ehlers would prefer to Mogok for a few years' residence.

A MILLION gold coins of the size of a twenty-mark piece have been found at Bruthen in Silesia. They are dated 1508.

THE Pope having approved an exhibition of the Holy Coat at Treves has promised forgiveness of sins to pilgrims to that place. Immense preparations are being made, not on the Continent alone, but in the United States for the conveyance of pilgrims to this old-world German town. Three steamers, each conveying nine hundred devotees, will go from the United States. Special trains are to be run from all parts of the Continent. Several new hotels and three new railway stations are to be built at Treves, and the tram lines will be doubled. The good people of Treves are expecting to reap a rich harvest.

THE officers' mess of the 1st Battalion Roya Irish Regiment at Colchester was totally destroyed by fire on the 22st ultimo, together with the colours of the battalion and many valued relics of campaigns from Blenheim to the Soudan. O'Neill, the mess waiter, who was asleep, was dragged out of the burning building by Major Hatchett at great personal risk. The silver Nile boat, presented by Lord Wolseley, was saved. The damage is estimated at £4,000.

THE Attorney-General has deprecated despondency on account of Wisbech, declaring that if all bye elections since 1886 were examined, it would be found that the Unionist votes preponderated.

A STORY was current in England the week the mail left that the Czar, at the request of the President of the United States, conveyed through the American Minister and Consul-General at St. Petersburg, has consented to a temporary relaxation of the severity of the edicts against Jews ; but this has been authoritatively denied.

SOME Russian Jews who have arrived in the United States say that a hamlet, consisting of eighteen houses, a few miles from Viele, was burned on 18th June by twelve Russian officials. The soldiers arrived there at midnight, and set fire to the houses without warning. Fourteen Jews were burned to death and twenty others were badly injured by the flames. The survivors, who largely outnumbered the Russians, attacked the latter, who, surprised at the suddenness of the assault, retreated. They were chased by the Jews, who stoned them, wounding several. One young man, whose mother had been badly burned, killed two Russians with a crowbar and fatally injured a third. Shortly afterwards some officers from Viele arrived on the spot. They arrested the youth and several others, who, it is expected, will be sent to Siberia. A Jewish refugee states that any Russian Christian wishing to obtain possession of the property of a Jew could do so by paying a tenth of its value to the agent of the Government, who thereupon gave the would-be purchaser authority to expel the owner and instal himself. It is quite an ordinary occurrence for the house of a Jew to be burned over his head, or for a Jew to be stoned in the street. In certain parts of the country it is well understood that by killing a Jew a Christian renders himself liable to a fine of twenty roubles, no other punishment being ever inflicted. Even this fine is seldom imposed.

MONSIEUR Gallois-Montbrun, the Mayor of Pondicherry and President of the Municipality, has been created a *Chevalier de la Legion d' Honneur*, in recognition of the distinguished and valuable services he has rendered to the colony for a period of many years. Monsieur Montbrun celebrated the event by inviting the whole of the *elite* of the town, including His Excellency the Governor, to a breakfast at the Pondicherry Club, of which he is the President. The building was handsomely decorated and illuminated, while the Sepoy Band discoursed a choice selection of music.

THE German Emperor has been cruising in the North Sea since he left Leith, and has been whale hunting, has made a tour to the North-Cape to see the Midnight Sun, has inspected many of the Norway Fjords, and has managed also to seriously injure his knee by slipping on the wet deck. He has decided not to race his yacht at the Cowes Regatta. It is now said that when he visits England again, early in August, he will only do so to fetch home the Empress and their children, who are still staying at Felixstowe. While he is absent Prince Bismarck's organ, the *Hamburger Rachrichten*, has adopted extraordinary tactics, blaming the Emperor for not keeping on better terms with Russia. This is the more remarkable when we remember what was recently stated on the best authority, that the original quarrel between Prince Bismarck and the Emperor arose out of Prince Bismarck's desire to withhold the young Emperor from being too friendly with the Czar, and to debar him from going to St. Petersburg.

A GENEVA paper reports that a conspiracy against the Czar has been discovered. Shortly after the arrival of the French squadron at Cronstadt, twenty-eight officers were arrested at St. Petersburg. They were charged with having founded a secret society with the object of overthrowing the Czar's autocratic from of Government, of the murder of the Czar, and forcing the Czarewitch to found a constitutional monarchy. The police arrested the members of this secret society, and at the same time discovered a Nihilist printing press. Seventy police agents are said to have taken forty Nihilists by surprise, who barricaded themselves and defended themselves for two hours with revolvers. After a hard fight, the police, who received military assistance, succeeded in bursting open the doors of the printing office. Seven Nihilists are said to have been killed, and twenty-six were arrested. The other seven escaped.

THE lad named George Pratt, whose mistake as pointsman caused the death of ten men at the Manchester Ship Canal, has been discarged by the Magistrate, who held that no *prima facie* case had been established against so young a boy.

THE Parnellite Convention at Dublin exhibits great enthusiasm for Mr. Parnell. The Convention has formulated a demand for Home Rule, embracing a free Irish Parliament with full power over Irish affairs, including the Land Laws, only subject to the veto of the Crown. The Irish Executive will be dependent upon Parliament, will have the control of the Constabulary, and the appointment of Judges and Magistrates.

MISS BALFOUR has contributed to *Murray's Magazine* a vivid and animated account of her visit to the congested districts in Mayo and Galway.

THE rainfall at Pangim on the 10th instant was 53 inches against 96 inches in 1889 and 100 in 1890.

MANY curious particulars regarding the Nihilists in Paris are furnished by M. J. H. Rosny in an article in "Harper's Monthly." Mr. Rosny, who speaks with some authority on this subject. tells us that they number several hundreds. The Russian refugee Nihilists proper, however, are at the outside some sixty, scattered about, but mostly clinging to their old centre, the silent quarters near the fortifications on the south-west side of the city. In general they are poor, although several belong to aristocratic and rich families. It is not easy for them to receive help, for if the Russian police can discover a relative who has sent money to an exile, his or her property is immediately confiscated. Some obtain employment as translators ; others live by giving lessons or by minor journalistic occupations. Works of importance, however, have been produced by them—Stepniak's "Russie Souterraine" and Tikhomiroff's "Russie Politique et Sociale," for example. These people, it is said, bear their misery with stoicism. Plebeans and nobles, Jews and Christians, receive one another in their scantily furnished rooms. M. Rosny affirms that they have not a revolutionary organization of any kind, their propaganda being carried on merely by publicity ; and that the "terrible organization with its headquarters in Geneva," is purely a police invention. Yet M. Rosny declares the Government allow numerous Russian secret police to act in Paris with full liberty. It is said also that French "mouchards," or police spies, are frequently told off to act with them, and that letters are intercepted and opened, janitors bribed, and inhabitants of the quarter terriffed with stories of bombs and conspiracies into driving these Russian refugees out of the neighbourhood.

AUTOMATIC machines have not met with the same success in Paris as in London. One reason, a correspondent says, is that in Paris it is more doubtful whether one will get any return for one's money, and another reason is that the French Government will not grant licenses for selling tobacco or matches by these machines. In one instance however, our correspondent tells us, the automatic machine has proved a distinct success. In front of the Paris School of Medicine is a self-acting fountain, where a pail of hot water may be had for a halfpenny. There are always a number of women of the neighbourhood crowding round this novel kind of thermal spring, waiting to take their turn ; and in winter cabmen come here to fill their warming pans. The Municipal Council has just recognised the utility of this system of hot-water distribution by granting to its inventor a concession for 15 years to set up eighty of these hot-water fountains in different parts of Paris.

M. JANSSEN, of the Academie des Sciences, will leave Paris in a few days for Chamounix to make an interesting series of experiments. He intends to take soundings of the depth of snow at the top of Mount Blance in order to ascertain the possibility of erecting an observatory there, which would, of course, be the highest in the world. A Paris correspondent telegraphs that all the expenses in connection with this attempt, as well as the cost of building and endowing the observatory, if found practicable, will be defrayed by M. Bischoffsheim and Baron Alphonse de Rothschild. who are colleagues in the Academy of M. Janssen. M. Janssen, with a view to researches on Mount Blanc, last year got himself carried up to the summit in a litter, only three porters being with him. He was able to remain there somewhile without feeling any ill effects.

Two important monuments in Pompeii have now been opened to the public, after remaining closed for the last thirty years because they were used as deposits for objects of art. They are the Temple dedicated to Augustus and the Women's Baths. The latter is the only building in Pompeii in which are preserved intact, without any restoration, the ceilings of the rooms, and the pavement of the tepidarium is also intact. In the Temple only one object—but that of great value to art—is preserved, the altar on which sacrifices were offered up. It is of marble, perfect in all its parts, covered with rich bas-reliefs, representing the different forms and incidents of sacrifice. On one side is represented a virgin seattering incense over the altar, while the sacrificial bull is brought up in a procession of priests and musicians, On the other side are sculptured a wreath of oak leaves and two branches of laurel.

MR. MORTON has not done with his crusade against the refreshment-bars in the House of Commons. He has discovered that it has been found necessary to procure a license from the magistrate to sell intoxicating liquours in the refreshment-rooms at the Royal Courts of Justice ; and he believes that the same obligation by right applies to the sale of liquors in the precincts of the House of Commons.

ARRIVAL OF THE S. S. ASTON HALL.

THE s.s. Aston Hall, in command of Captain Samuel Fowler, which sailed from Liverpool on the 4th July with a general cargo bound for the port of Karachi, was towed into Bombay Harbour at one o'clock yesterday afternoon by the Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's s. s. Poseidon, and took up her moorings at the south-east middle ground, off the Apollo Bunder. As has already been stated, the vessel made a prosperous voyage till the 28th July, three days after leaving Aden, when she encountered strong south-west monsoon winds with a high sea. The ship rolled tremendously, and it was whilst she was steaming under such difficulties in the Arabian Sea on the 28th July that the main shaft of her propeller and stern tube broke. This was a serious accident, and Captain Fowler immediately headed the vessel to Bombay. But the progress of the ship in the absence of her propeller and yards was very slow, and although a couple of sails were set, she could only drift along to Bombay favoured by the monsoon winds during this season, making from twenty to thirty miles a day, the ship rolling and labouring heavily all the time. On entering lat. 60° E there was a moderation in the gale, and slowly but steadily the steamer continued on her course towards Bombay till the 15th August, when the mail boat s. s. Siam was sighted at half-past four in the afternoon. The Siam hailed the Aston Hall, and the accident was reported to the mail steamer, which brought intelligence of falling in with the Aston Hall at a distance of 386 miles from Bombay in lat. 17' 37" N. and long. 66' 24" E., and communicated with Messrs. Edward Bates and Company, the agents, that the vessel needed assistance. After the mail boat had steamed away, no other vessel was sighted till ten o'clock on the morning of the 17th August, when the Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's s. s. Poseidon, Captain Lemesich, bound for Bombay with a general cargo and passengers, hove in sight and came up with the s. s. Aston Hall in lat. 17' 49" N. and long. 67' 53" E. She found the disabled steamer rolling heavily. After Captain Lemesich was acquainted with her condition, a connection between the two steamers was attempted by a boat at considerable risk. With two hours hard work in a lifeboat guided by one of the officers of the Aston Hall, the s. s. Poseidon made fast the first line on board, and four hours later saw the crippled vessel well fastened astern by one wire rope and a hempen hawser. The Poseidon now commenced towing, and started with her engines "slowed." But owing to the pitching of both steamers, the hemp rope parted and another stoppage was necessary to connect the vessels with a second wire rope. This was effected with considerable difficulty, and all was well at seven o'clock on the night of the 18th instant. The passage was resumed to Bombay, and the Khundari Lighthouse was sighted at half-past seven yesterday morning. The speed of the s. s. Posseidon was again reduced to dead slow to await high water to enter the harbour. At twenty minutes to eleven the same morning Mr. O'Leary, pilot, boarded the leading steamer, and Mr. Welsh, the s. s. Aston Hall, and anchored both the vessels safely off the Apollo Bunder. Although the s.s. Aston Hall was drifting to Bombay for eighteen days in her disabled condition in most unpropitious weather, her hull, masts, and rigging do not appear to have suffered from the violence of the weather after the vessel's propeller commenced to drag. The navigation of the steamer was ably and skilfully conducted by Captain Samuel Fowler, regarding the safety of whose ship so much anxiety prevailed, both in Karachi and Bombay, from her prolonged voyage. And the officers of the s. s. Poseidon bore witness to the skilfulness and bravery of their brethren in the s. s. Aston Hall, who behaved admirably and are entitled to every praise. It may be mentioned that the B. I. S. N. Company's steamtug Escort, which was despatched to the assistance of the s. s. Aston Hall, fell in with the two vessels on Wednesday evening. She remained in their company till yesterday morning, and then steamed into Bombay as her assistance was not necessary. The s. s. Aston Hall will be towed into dock at noon to-day, and it will be some time before she will be able to put to sea again, as she will have to await the arrival of a new shaft from England.

THE RUGBY FOOTBALL TEAM FOR CALCUTTA.

THE following gentlemen will start by the 22-30 train to-night from Bori Bunder for Calcutta to play in the Tournament mentioned in our issue of a few days ago :—Messrs. C. W. Paul, A. Walpole, R.E, Marshall Reid (Captain), H. H. Tudor, R.A., C. B. LaTouche, G. E. Hewitt, C. H. Ross, E. Tudor, Tudor, R.E., F. W. Watling, R.E., W. S. Cory, J. M. Anderson, R. R. Owen, J. A. Milne, J. F. N. Mitchell, and possibly another We are sorry to say that Mr. C. D. Johnson, of H. M.'s "Lapwing," a much needed "full back," has been unable to obtain leave of absence. Dr. H. F. Cleveland will join the team at Calcutta. The team will dine at Bori Bunder refreshment rooms at 8 o'clock to-night, and several gentlemen have intimated their intention of dining with them. Should others intend to join they should let the Honorary Secretary know as early as possible, so that arrangements may be made.

MILITARY NEWS.

MR. EDWARD RUSHTON DANGERFIELD, has been appointed Second Lieutenant, G. I. P. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

CAPTAIN A. PHAYRE, Indian Staff Corps, and Conductor T. Legat, Ordnance Department, have been permitted to return to duty.

SECOND LIEUTENANT J. H. PEEK, 2nd Battalion Royal Dublin Fusiliers, has been appointed a probationer for the Indian Staff Corps,

CAPTAIN JOHN TATE has been appointed Major, Sind Volunteer Rifle Corps, vice Major J. Pollen, C.S.,LL.D., who has been placed on the Supernumerary List.

MAJOR F. T. N. SPRATT, R.E., Military Secretary to H. E. the Commander-in-Chief, has been granted leave for three months to proceed out of India on private affairs.

SECOND LIEUTENANT G. M. ROLLAND 2nd Battalion Bedfordshire Regiment, and Second Lieutenant W. A. Fisher, Royal Artillery, have been appointed probationers for the Indian Staff Corps.

OWING to the departure on leave of Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant J. W. Lewis, Deputy Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant John Riding has been appointed acting Assistant Commissary in the Barrack Branch, Public Works Department ; while Conductor G. Dunn has been appointed acting Deputy Assistant Commissary, Sub-Conductor W. R. Nicholson acting Conductor, and Sergeant M. J. Flannery acting Sub-Conductor.

THE SUMMING UP OF EVIDENCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Under sections 179 and 180 of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act XIV of 1882), no summing up of the recorded evidence is allowed. The party on whom lies the burden of making out the affirmative states his case to the Court, and then produces evidence in support thereof. The opposite party next address the Judge, and then calls his evidence if he has any ; then the counsel of the party who begins has the right of replying generally on the whole case.

Thus it will be seen that the party who begin has the first word, and if any evidence is adduced by the other side he has also the last. Now it not unfrequently happens that the evidence relied upon by the opposite party falls short of his previous expectations. The credit of his witnesses is shaken on cross-examination—though they are perfectly honest and their testimony is not false—and new facts turn out requiring explanation, in the absence of which there is always the fear of producing in the mind of the Judge an impression quite inconsistent with the justice and the merits of the case.

In conformity with the provisions of these sections the High Court have strictly prohibited the "hearing of all the arguments of both parties at the close of the suit," ignoring, as it appears to me, the provisions of section 198, which enables the parties to address arguments simultaneously at the close of the suit. The serious inconvenience and the apparent reasons which arise from this system for fearing miscarriage of justice can well be imagined. I have, therefore, thought it desirable to bring this matter, through your columns, to the notice of the honorable Judges of the Court, hoping that they will perhaps deem it necessary to reconsider their orders on this subject.

Ratnagiri, Aug. 16. P. R. DESAI.

THE BANKING OF THE MUNICIPAL FUNDS.

THE question of the banking of the Bombay Municipal Funds occupied the whole of yesterday afternoon's sitting in the Corporation. The Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram, the Hon. Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik, and Colonel Merewether withdrew the amendments which they placed before the meeting on the 22nd of June last in order to allow of the question being debated on from a fresh basis. The Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram then moved :—" That, in accordance with the recommendation contained in the Standing Committee's resolution No. 2008, dated 20th May 1891, the President be requested to apply to Government for the amendment of the Municipal Act in such a way as to give the Corporation power to deposit its funds in any bank or banks in Bombay, it being left to the Standing Committee to decide upon the place or places of deposit and the limit of deposit in each. (2) That the manipulation of the funds so deposited be left with the Commissioner within the limits so fixed. (3) That the amount thus deposited in each bank be stated on the agenda paper of each meeting of the Standing Committee." Mr Dexbury seconded. The Hon. Mr. Javerilal then moved, as an amendment and Mr. Suntook seconded,—" That, in the opinion of the Corporation, no case has been made out for going up to Government for a change in the Bombay Municipal Act or the Presidency Banks Act of 1876, with regard to the place of deposit of Municipal Fund elsewhere than with the Bank of Bombay. (2) That in the opinion of the Corporation the system on which monies are at present borrowed from the public, and the manner in which a portion of them is subsequently invested, is unsatisfactory and requires improvement. (3) That, having regard to the safety of the Municipal Fund, the Corporation think that any power given to the Municipality to deposit the Municipal Fund elsewhere than with the chief Presidency Bank will tend to diminish the confidence of the investing public who have a large stake in the safe and sound administration of the fund ; that the authority to deposit and transfer the Municipal Fund which at present vests in the Corporation should remain undisturbed ; that no reason has been shown to limit the powers of the Standing Committee in financial matters by allowing them to be exercised only on the recommendation of the Commissioner. (4) That, in the meanwhile, the Secretary and Treasurer of the Bank of Bombay be asked to state what concessions, if any, the Bank is prepared to make in regard to a profitable investment of the Municipal Fund in the future." This was, however, ruled out of order, the President stating it was sufficient for Mr. Javerilal in negativing a motion simply to hold up his hand against it. Colonel Merewether quite approved of the Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram's motion, but did not think it comprehensive enough. He therefore moved an amendment which was seconded by Mr. Kabraji as follows :—" (1) That the President be requested to apply to Government to amend the Municipal Act in such a way as to leave the Corporation free to dispose of its surplus moneys whether by deposit or investment or otherwise in such manner as shall seem good to them. (2) That this may be done by repealing section 122, sub-section (1), and making verbal alterations in section 122, sub-section (*c*). That it be pointed out to Government that no restriction is placed upon the Corporation in the matter of raising taxes under the Act or in the matter of expending them when raised, and he respectfully submits that there is no valid ground for treating them as unfit to take due and proper care of their moneys between the time when they are received and the time when they are spent. (*d*) That the Act at present confines them to the two alternatives of depositing their surplus funds with the Bank of Bombay at interest or investing them in public securities ; that as the Bank has refused to allow them interest they ought in order to keep strictly within the law to invest them, but the high prices of public securities renders this inexpedient. (*e*) That the average annual loan fund balances of the Municipality with the Bank of Bombay have been during the past three years more than 18 lakhs, while the mean minimum bank rate of interest during the same period has been more than 5½ per cent. ; that on these balances the bank has been paying their interest up to last June at a mean annual rate of 2 per cent. but has refused to pay interest for the future even at this low rate ; that the exchange banks would probably gladly receive the Municipal balances on these terms, but the Corporation are debarred from availing themselves of the opportunity ; that deposits withdrawable at all are practically as safe with exchange banks as with presidency banks, and the corporation are therefore deprived of interest on their balances without any compensating advantage in the way of greater security. (*f*) That the present state of the law goes so far as to debar the Corporation even from the perfectly safe operation of lending their balances to banks or other parties on the security of Government paper. (*g*) That the circumstance that Government allow their balances to be without interest at the Presidency banks has no bearing upon the question one way or the other, as reasons for doing so may and do exist which have no application to the case of the Corporation. (*h*) That the Corporation respectfully repudiate analogies drawn from either Calcutta or Madras, but if a comparison is to be made they venture to point out that no such restrictions as exist in their case exist either at Calcutta or Madras any more than at any borough in Great Britain. (*i*) That the President be requested to forward copy of this resolution, and to add that if the Corporation are to be confined to the Bank of Bombay as at present, they respectfully request Government to guarantee the security of their funds at that bank. It is not fair, they submit, that if they are compelled to place their balances at any given bank, the security of their funds in the quarter chosen for them should be guaranteed to them." The discussion, which was not finished, was adjourned till Monday afternoon. A detailed report will appear in to-morrow's issue.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Siam, Captain H. T. Weighell, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Aden with the English mail and the following passengers :—

FOR LONDON.

Mr H Keene
Mr P R Allen
Mr J Lawson
Mr and Mrs Martin
Miss Mandelli
Miss Henay
Mr and Mrs Cunliffe
Mr Abdulla Jusufali
Major Verner
Mr G C Foy

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr Masters
M D G Newland
Col Mortimer
Mr Greaves
Captain J W Pringle
Captain Macdonald
Mr S Bell
Lieut C H D Ryder
Captain Oswald
Mr G T Egan
Mr Sayed Ali
Hon G H P Evans
Mr Culloden

FOR MARSEILLES.

Mr J L Duffield
Mr E P Henderson
Mr C J Ibbetson
Major Burton
Lt Reynolds
Mr W M Macdonald
Mr W Rees
Mr W Marshall

FOR ADEN.—Mr L F Poole.

The following passages are engaged :—

Per s.s. Kaisar-i-Hind, Captain G. W. Atkinson, on 28th August, 1891.

FOR LONDON—Mr Cumming, Mr Lala Tekchand, Rev G and Mrs Litchfield, Pandit Nathkoul, Mr Shea, Mr and Mrs Kinealy, Mrs Evens and family, Mr and Mrs Cauldrey, Major and Mrs Heaton and child, and Mrs Cross.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr Hodder, Mr Westmacott, Col and Mrs Tomkins, Mr Rawlins, Mr W H Long, Mr and Mrs Pugh, Col Trevor, Lt Twiss, RE, Rev G Ral, Mr J W Russell, Mr W Hertz, and Mrs Blundell.

Per s s. Assam, Captain G. W. F. Browne, on 4th September, 1891.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr T Davies, Mr H G Cooke, Mr J S Alston, and Mr Patel.

FOR MARSEILLES—Mrs Macpherson and Mrs G Watkin Williams.

Per s. s. Clyde, Captain J. L. Parfitt, on 11th September, 1891.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr Cameron, Mr Schun, Rev L Telford, Mr H A Hall Maitland, and Captain Lyon Montgomery.

FOR LONDON—Col Wright and 2 Messrs Wright.

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

THE following is the list of business to be brought forward at a meeting of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations to be held to-morrow afternoon, at 3-30 p.m. :—

I.—Bills and orders of the day :—

(1) Bill No. 1 of 1891.—A Bill to amend the law for the periodical inspection and the management by competent Engineers of boilers and prime movers in the Presidency of Bombay.—*Third reading.*

BOMBAY BUILDING BY-LAWS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—It is to be hoped that your sensible and opportune leader on the draft Municipal by-laws will, in connection with the letters from Mr. Stevens and Mr. Campbell, have the desired effect, and that these by-laws will now be submitted, for consideration and final settlement, to a committee of experts constituted in accordance with Mr. Stevens' suggestion.

The public by this time is, I think, agreed that the Corporation was not the proper body to discuss these by-laws, and although one or two of the most objectionable clauses has been withdrawn and several others have been modified, yet, even in their present form, they are incomplete and unsatisfactory, whilst some of the clauses retained, notably No. XXV, are oppressive: this one, which was passed by a narrow majority of two in spite of my protest, prohibits gutters constructed with combustible materials, and therefore abolishes teak gutters covered with cloth and dammer, which in many cases are the only possible materials for this city, and which have been used in our houses from time immemorial. The insistence of this clause will inflict the greatest hardship on the city, and what is more, I believe, it will be found impossible to work it.

Mr. Campbell has very rightly called attention to an abuse in the ease with which a licensed surveyor's signature may be obtained to plans which he never prepared, and I believe Mr. Stevens' suggestion that a licensed surveyor should be made responsible to supervise the building he plans is a proper one.

Another suggestion—and one that was made by Mr. Campbell and myself at the Coroner's inquest on the Jamblimolla disaster, was that no mistrie should be allowed to erect a building unless he held a Municipal license as a mistrie. Such a provison is most necessary. No plumber can do his work without a license; and even architects, engineers, or surveyors must be licensed. Why then should the native mistrie, who is largely responsible for much of the jerry building in this city, by exempted?

My partner, Mr. Gostling, had several interviews with Mr. Murzban whilst the Committee on the draft by-laws was sitting, at which he urged that non-official experts should be heard, but he was informed that the Committee had no authority to receive evidence, and it was in consequence of this want of power that Messrs. Gostling and Campbell, at Mr. Murzban's suggestion, addressed their letter to the Chairman of the Committee with a view to their objections to the by-laws coming before the Corporation.

Surely it was a most extraordinary proceeding to appoint a Committee to draw up by-laws with only one architectural expert upon it—*and he an official*—and to so tie the hands of that Committee that it had no power to accept assistance from the only persons who were competent to give it.

During the last 28 years in which I have been in practice in this city, I have, in addition to designing and building a great many houses for Europeans and also for natives, inspected, measured, and valued several thousands of houses belonging to the various castes who make up our community. I have necessarily become familiar with the customs and needs of the city, and the same can be said for Messrs. Gostling, Campbell, and Hewson, and several of the native architects, besides whom we have Mr. Stevens with his exceptional abilities as an architect and experience in large buildings. Now I ask is it conceivable that not one of us should be in a position to give real and very practical help in such a measure as by-laws for the buildings of a city in which we are engaged every day, whose interests we have at heart, and which we have in some small measure helped to improve and to beautify?

I feel very strongly that in the interests of the public, we architects had a right to be heard, and I think that if the Committee were without the power to consult us, they should have asked for it and so obtained the co-operation necessary to secure to the city a set of by-laws, which, whilst providing against unsafe and badly ventilated houses, shall not interfere with native customs, or press with undue harshness upon any section of the community, and shall stand the wear and tear of practical work. In any case the working of the by-laws should be entrusted to an assistant to the Executive Engineer of the Municipality, who must be a trained architect.—Yours, &c.,

J. MORRIS,

Aug. 19. M.S.A., and Assoc. Inst. C.E.

AN INCIDENT AT A RAILWAY TERMINUS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—I was an eye-witness last night of an incident on the platform of the Victoria Station, G. I. P. Railway, which I must characterise as little short of an outrage. I drove down to see a friend away by the Poona train that leaves at 9-30 p.m. There were in all three of us, Europeans; we passed the barrier with our friend's baggage without the least trouble or inconvenience, and when we got to the platform it wanted five minutes to the starting time. Our friend put his baggage into his carriage, and we were waiting for the train to start, when we saw a whipper-snapper of a ticket collector, aged I should say about seventeen, come up to the adjoining carriage in which were seated four Mahomedan women and a few male friends. Although it was then some five minutes to the starting time, this young man in a rude authoritative tone, and in scorn of all respectful protests on the part of the native passengers, insisted on every particle of baggage being taken out of the carriage to be weighed. My friend remarked to me that the baggage would never be back in time, and the event proved that he was in the right. The train started punctually at nine o'clock, and the two Mahomedan ladies—the others were friends who got out—and their gentleman friend went on. As the carriage passed, I called my friend's attention to the fact that there did not seem to be a particle of baggage in the carriage, not even a rug or a pillow. It was too much for any fair and candid European to let pass without an angry feeling. My friend and myself followed the Mahomedan friends of those who had just left, and we found from enquiry that the two Mahomedan ladies were passengers to Secunderabad, that the baggage that had been taken out was merely bedding and food, and that all that the women had in the carriage with them was a *coojah* of water; that was quite in agreement with what we saw pass us—a bare carriage without a rug or blanket on the seats. The seats of the carriages in which the Europeans were, were littered with baggage—I presume not weighed—for not a parcel of my friend's baggage was so treated: he was never asked a word about it. These are the simple facts of this case, and my feelings of fair play have been so wrenched that I cannot but give public expression to them, in the hope that something will be done to stop this state of things.

Now, sir, I have been an eye-witness to a great deal of this kind of thing before, and it seems to me there is but one way to cure it. I believe I am correct in saying that under the Native Passenger Ships Act, there is a Government Inspector who sees that ship-owners give the passengers what they are entitled to, and that their helplessness is not imposed upon. Not a vessel with native passengers leaves or arrives at this port but under vigilance, and I am of opinion that, so far as dumb native third class, and even second class, passengers are concerned, they should in like manner be reserved out of the hands of the guards and station masters of railway companies. The supervising and independent control of a Government inspector should be over them. I must say that, within my experience, natives are treated much better on the B. B. and C. I. Railway line than they are on the G. I. P., and this I attribute—it pains me to have to say it, because it cuts at my own kith and kin—to the fact that the guards and station masters of the two are well mixed with the Europeans. I am not anxious to appear quixotic, but if you think it will serve any good purpose in supplying my card to anyone who who may ask for it, that is either Mr. Conder, Mr. Barnett, or any Government Director of Railways, you are at perfect liberty, Mr. Editor, to send it. My friend (Mr. H.) and myself are willing to appear before anybody and answer any questions they choose to put us, provided good is likely to come of any such examination.—Yours, &c.,

J. W.

P.S.—By the way we ascertained that the rugs, bedding, fruit, and other food of the two Mahomedan ladies and the gentleman who went on to Secunderabad, and which they left behind them, weighed three maunds. The Railway Company may have been within its right, but why was the baggage allowed to pass the barrier and dragged out five minutes before the train left.

Advice to Mothers.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a Chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from the pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 0½d. per Bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

The following Season Reports for the week ending 18th August were published in yesterday's *Government Gazette.*

Karachi.—Strong westerly winds. Rain at Bulakhan 20 cents. River at Kotri on 16th 19 feet 10 inches against 18 feet 4 inches on same date last year. Transplanting of rice seedlings progressing. Sowing of charkhi crops continues. Locusts doing damage in 3 talukas. Agricultural stock in fair condition.

Shikarpur.—Kharif operations in progress. Locusts appeared 11 talukas, damaging juar, til, cotton and rice crops in 6. Agricultural stock healthy. River 14 feet 3 inches against 15 feet 5 inches last year.

Hyderabad.—Kharif cultivation in progress. Agricultural stock fair. Locusts in 5 talukas, causing slight damage.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Area of kharif cultivation much below average, repeated destruction of young crops by locusts having checked sowings. Cattle suffering from want of pasturage in 2 talukas.

Ahmedabad.—(For week ending 15th August).—Rain throughout the district: maximum at Parantij 1 inch 55 cents, minimum at Dhandkuka 3 cents; for season maximum at Viramgam 30 inches 13 cents, minimum at Gogha 12 inches 10 cents. Sowing of bajri and transplantation of rice in progress. Agricultural stock in good condition. Supply of fodder sufficient. Prices stationary.

Panch Mahals.—Rain during week maximum 4 inches 83 cents, minimum 79 cents; total for season 25 inches 95 cents at Halol; and 13 inches 44 cents at Jhalod. Standing crops and cattle in good condition.

Kaira.—(For week ending 15th August).—Rain for week maximum at Anand 3 inches 95 cents, minimum at Mehmadabad 28 cents and average for the district 1 inch 7 cents; for season maximum at Anand 28 inches 9 cents, minimum at Thasra 17 inches and average for district 20 inches 46 cents. Total fall sufficient throughout the district. Standing crops in good condition, but caterpillars doing slight damage in Mehmadabad Taluka. Sowing of rice and jowari progressing. Fodder supply sufficient. Agricultural stock in good condition. Prices of bajri and rice slightly fallen.

Broach.—(For week ending 15th August).—Rain for week maximum 30 cents at Anklesvar; none at Broach and Hansot; for season maximum 48 inches 19 cents at Anklesvar, minimum 18 inches 70 cents at Jambusar. Total fall sufficient throughout the district. Sowing, ploughing and weeding operations in progress. Standing crops in good condition. Fodder supply good. Agricultural stock healthy.

Surat.—Slight rain throughout the district; maximum I inch 55 cents at Pardi and minimum 13 cents at Olpad; total maximum 54 inches 30 cents at Jalalpor and minimum 33 inches 9 cents at Olpad. Resowing of cotton and jowari in progress. Agricultural stock healthy.

Khandesh.—(For week ending 15th August).—Rain for week at Dhulia 16 and average in the district 29 cents; for season at Dhulia 18 inches 65 cents and average in the district 18 inches 44 cents. Sowing of bajri almost completed. Weeding continues. Standing crops good. Condition of fodder improving.

Nasik.—(For week ending 16th August).—Rain for week at Nasik 26 cents; in talukas maximum at Peint 4 inches 33 cents, minimum at Malegaon 2 cents; for season at Nasik 15 inches 2 cents. Transplantation of rice and nagli nearly completed. Sowing of tusar crops completed and of kharif in progress. State of standing crops good. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock fair in 9, middling in 2, and poor in 1 taluka.

Colaba (Bombay).—Rain every day; total of week 0·54 inch, total to date 49·79, being 4·15 below average. Abnormal temperature nil on 12th, 1° warm from 13th to 15 and on 18th, and 2° warm on 16 and 17th. Vapour in air normal. Abnormal wind from south-west on 13th; wind normal on all other days.

Thana.—Rain for week at Thana 2 inches 31 cents; in talukas maximum at Kholapur 3 inches 17 cents, minimum at Bassein 42 cents; for season at Thana 64 inches 82 cents. Transplanting of kharif nearly finished; state of plants good. Prospects good. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock good.

Kolaba—Good rain throughout the district. Transplantation almost completed. Standing crops good.

Ratnagiri.—Rain everywhere; maximum 8 inches 2 cents at Vingurla, minimum 1 inch 55 cents at Ratnagiri. Transplantation nearly finished. Weeding operations in progress.

Poona.—(For week ending 15th August),—Rain throughout the district except Baramati; for week at Junnar ·47, Indapur ·06, Khed ·37, Ambegaon ·64, Sirur 20, Purandhar ·51, Bhimthadi ·01, Haveli ·44, Mulshi 2·20, and Maval 1·24 inches; for season maximum 38 inches 49 cents at Mulshi and minimum 3 inches 74 cents at Bhimthadi; more rain wanted in Indapur, Bhimthadi, Haveli, Purandhar and Sirur talukas. Transplantation of rice and nagli in progress in Haveli, Maval and Junnar talukas. Sowing of kharif crops continues. State of standing crops good. Prospects of kharif crops improving. Fodder supply good Agricultural stock healthy. Prices stationary.

Ahmednagar.—Slight rain in 6 talukas; maximum 74 cents at Akola, minimum 6 cents at Nagar; for season maximum 12 inches 37 cents at Akola, minimum 3 inches 34 cents at Shrigonda. Total fall insufficient throughout the district. Sowing of kharif continues in parts. Land being prepared for rabi in 3 talukas. Fodder insufficient in 3, and condition of the agricultural stock poor in 6 talukas.

Sholapur.—(For week ending 15th August).—Rain for week at Sholapur 45, Barsi 2, Madha 14, Karmala 25 and Sangola [illegible] cents; none at Pandharpur and Malsiras; for season maximum at Barsi 7 inchs 12 cents and minimum at Malsiras 2 inches 94 cents; 2 inches 17 cents of rain fell at Sangola on 16th. Total rainfall insufficient throughout the district. Standing crops fair. Land being prepared for rabi crops. Rain urgently required throughout the district. Fodder supply sufficient in all the talukas except Sholapur and Pandharpur. Agricultural stock good.

Satara.—Rain at Satara 1 inch 51 cents; total 22 inches 43 cents; in talukas during week maximum 4 inches 4 cents in Patan, minimum 12 cents in Man. Sowing completed. More rain wanted in Tasgoan and eastern part of Valva. Fodder dear in 6 talukas. Agricultural stock good.

Bijapur.—Showers in all talukas, maximum at Badami 97 and minimum at Indi 11 cents. Kharif crops benefited by the showers in Bagalkot and Badami, but withering in the rest of the talukas. Paddy crops withered in Singgi. Fodder scarce and dear in 5 talukas. Agricultural stock moderate. Heavy rain urgently needed for rabi sowing.

Belgaum.—Rain at Belgaum 1 inch 90 cents; total 33 inches 24 cents; rain throughout district, maximum at Chandgad 9 inches 10 cents, minimum at Athni 15 cents. Young crops thriving. Price of fodder continues high.

Dharwar.—Rain throughout the district; average for week 1 inch 31 cents, for season 12 inches 61 cents. Paddy and other crops good. Showers still required. Sowing of jowari almost completed. Agricultural stock good. Land being prepared for sowing late crops.

Kanara.—Moderate rain throughout district. Crops doing well. Transplanting and sowing nearly finished.

Rajkot.—Rain during week 7 cents; total 25 inches 81 cents. Kharif crops and agricultural stock in good condition.

Wadhwan.—Rain during week 2 cents; total 13 inches 72 cents. Sowing almost finished. Crops in good condition.

Baroda.—Rain during week 21 cents; total 20 inches 11 cents. Agricultural stock good. Transplanting of rice continues in some talukas and re-sowing of cotton seeds in some places of the Navsari division.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 20th August, 1891.

(Difference in longitude allowed for)

Via.	Latest Date.			Time occupied in transmission.	
	D.	H.	M.	Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	19	5	10 p.m.	17	19
Teheran	20	12	28 p.m.	1	23
Suez..........	20	2	20 p.m.	..	9

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. on 20th August, 1891.

	Maximum Time.		Minimum.	
	H.	M.	H.	M.
From Calcutta..........	..	33	..	2
" Kurrachee	..	17	..	1
" Madras	..	16	..	1

The Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap.—Pure, Mild and Emollient—This essentially complexion soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence with its soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency is particularly valuable in hot Climates. A luxury for the Toilet and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists. Agents—Treacher and Co., Bombay.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Telang presided at a sitting of the Court yesterday, when the following among other matters were heard:—

RE PREMJEE DEOKARAN.

On the application of Mr. Manker, the insolvent was granted leave to amend his schedule with an extension of his interim order for two months.

RE RAMCHUNDRA MORESHWUR.

Mr. Dhairyavan, for the insolvent, applied for an interim order and leave to amend the schedule. The application was not opposed and was granted.

RE GOKULDAS NENSEY.

Mr. Manker, for Mr. Lakhmidas Khemjee, a creditor, moved absolute a rule *nisi* granted on the 22nd ultimo, calling upon the insolvent to show cause why he should not deposit with the Official Assignee those of his books which related to the firms of Lalljee Nensey, Permanand Gokaldas, and Gokaldas Nensey and Co.

Mr. Dhairyavan, in showing cause against the rule on behalf of the insolvent, said the rule required the deposit with the Official Assignee of all the books in the hands of the insolvent. The latter had informed the Official Assignee that all the books in his hands had already been lodged in his office, and that the rest were with his brother. The brother was written to and replied that he had sold all the books of account along with his household effects.

His lordship, after some further discussion, ordered that the rules should stand over till the hearing.

Mr. Manker applied for three weeks' time for the completion of the inspection of the accounts.

Mr. Dhairyavan opposed the application, remarking that the opposing creditor had already had four months for an inspection of the books.

His lordship granted two months' further time for the inspection of the books.

RE GOVINDJEE LILLADHUR.

Mr Robertson, on behalf of the insolvent, asked for an interim order. On Mr. Inverarity opposing the application on behalf of a creditor, Mr. Robertson asked for a postponement on the ground that his client had no time to answer the affidavit of the opposing creditor. Mr Inverarity had no objection to a postponement, which was accordingly granted for a fortnight.

RE ALLADINBHOY HUBIBBHOY.

Mr. Kirkpatrick, for Rahmoobhoy Hubibbhoy, a creditor of the insolvent, asked for a postponement of the hearing of the matter for a compromise on the ground that his client had no time to reply to the affidavit served on him that morning.

Mr. Inverarity, for the Official Assignee, opposed the application.

After some discussion, his lordship postponed the matter till Monday next.

RE MANOCKJEE EDULJEE TODDYWALLA.

Mr. Dhairyavan, on behalf of the insolvent, moved for a month's postponement of the hearing of the matter. His lordship granted the application.

RE KURMALLI JOOSUB.

On the application of Mr. Manker, the insolvent was granted leave to amend the schedule and to serve notices.

RE BHANJEE JOOTANI AND ANOTHER.

On the application of the same learned counsel, these insolvents were granted leave to serve notices and to amend the schedule.

RE NAROOBHOY GUNGADAS.

Mr. Manker applied for a month's extension of the interim order to the insolvent, which was granted.

RE NARRONDAS MADHAVJEE JAMNAGARWALLA.

Mr. Manker, for Vallabhram Hemchand, a creditor, asked for a fortnight's postponement of the hearing of the matter. Mr. Dhairyavan, for the insolvent, consented to the application, which was granted accordingly.

RE JAIVANT MOROBA NAIK.

On the application of Mr. Manker, the insolvent was granted leave to amend the schedule and to serve notices.

DISCHARGES.

The undermentioned insolvents were granted discharges:—Sittaram Morojee, Pandernath Narayen and others; Apprabai, Moola Goolam Ali, Ganpat Pillajee, Kursandas Hunsraj, Hassumali Allibhoy, Abba Shaik Mahomed and others, Dhunjeebhoy Hormusjee Khan, and Ramchunder Bhowanishunker.

ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE UNION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—Bombay, under the auspices of the Elphinstone College Union, is being treated to lectures of the very first order. Allow me, through your columns, to make a couple of suggestions regarding these lectures. I venture to propose that the [illegible] arrange for a lecture to be delivered every second Saturday. In the first place, I suggest Saturday, it being the only day of the week of which both college students as well as non-collegians have the afternoon at their disposal. Secondly, one fortnightly will distribute these lectures fairly throughout the year, which will be far better than having them delivered in quick succession followed by months together without a single lecture. I write this in the hope it will catch the eye of some one connected with the Elphinstone College Union,—Yours, &c.,

Aug. 19. H. J. S.

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

The regular monthly meeting of the Grant College Medical Society was held in the Grant College Library on Tuesday, when Dr. R. N. Khory, the President, occupied the chair, and the following gentlemen were present:—Drs. A. P. de Andrade, N. K. Kalianivala, Cowasjee Hormusjee, F. N. Bisni, Khoja Abdulla, Atmaram Pandurang, S. D. Bharucha, H. J. Appoo, M. D. Cama, A. V. Velkar, B. K. Bhatwadikar, and N. N. Katrak, Honorary Secretary.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

Drs. D. H. Bharucha and L. G. Dhargolkar were elected and F. S. Gandhee and Ardeshir Dadabhai Nowrojee were proposed members of the Society.

In the absence of Dr. J. Arnott, his papers were reserved for a subsequent meeting. Dr. K. R. Khory, the President, then read notes of a case of epithelial vegetative cancer of the cervix, operation and recovery. At the conclusion of the reading of the paper, some discussion took place in which Drs. A. P. de Andrade, N. K. Kalianivala, S. D. Bharucha, B. K. Bhatwadekar and Cowasjee Hormusjee took part. After a vote of thanks to the chairman for his interesting paper the meeting dissolved.

FUNNY NAMES.

In a bright number of *Cassel's Magazine* we find an amusing little article upon the extraordinary names with which some cruel parents burden their children, from which we take the following extract:—

A Somerset House clerk has lately declared that the tedium of his labour on the registry of births and deaths is often relieved by coming across a humorous juxtaposition of names. There is indeed a good deal of humour in the Somerset House Registry, the fun consisting in an odd or barbarous collocation of names. For hours the eye of the clerk will roam over reams of dull propriety in such names as Henry Wilson, George Williams, or Samuel Smith; and then the face of the clerk will be covered with a smile as he comes across "Ether" for the front name attached to the surname of "Spray." It may seem strange, but it is certainly true, that entered in the books is "foot-bath," which must be written in capitals "Foot-bath" as really the name of a fellow-creature. "River Jordan" is another case in point. Mr. Jordan had a child to name, and, like a free-born Briton, he claimed his right to name it as he pleased. Unfortunately the name he selected has left the sex of the child rather doubtful. Mr. Anthistle had a daughter to name, and he must be forgiven for giving her the Christian names "Rose Shamrock." "Rose Shamrock Anthistle is a young lady whose names must please any patriotic man. Another happy father who gave his innocent offspring the names "Arthur Wellesley Wellington Waterloo Cox" behaved rather unfairly to the infant, as he pledged him to a career of greatness. The baby must have had some difficulty in understanding the obligations imposed upon him. Probably Master "Arthur," etc., etc., found it difficult to live up to his names, and despairingly endured an existence which gave no promise beyond mediocrity. Miss "Fanny Amelia Lucy Ann Rebecca Frost O'Connor Douall Luck Holberry Duffy Castler Hill" it is to be hoped has realized all the expectations formed of her when she received her baptismal names somewhere about the time of the Chartist agitation. One lady is actually going about with six-and-twenty "front names"—one for each letter of the alphabet in its proper order, as "Ann Bertha Cecilia," and so on down to "Xenophon, Yetty, and Zeus."

Some children have been rather cruelly named in a manner which for ever reminds them that they have made a mistake or committed a fault in coming into the world. Thus, "One Too Many Harry," or "Not Wanted James" may be happy young men; but if they are it is in spite of their names. "That's it, Charlie," or "Who'd Have Thought It, Tom," are names which certainly give utterance to a mild surprise.

MORE LETTERS OF CHARLOTTE BRONTE.

Packed with good things; that is the only way to describe the new *Macmillan.* If for nothing else, the number would be notable for the beginning of a new story by Mr. Bret Harte—"A First Family of Tasajara." It is a Californian tale, of course, but it is a little early to criticise it. Mr. Charles Edwardes contributes some pleasant gossip about "The Dutchman at Home," while Mr. A. R. Hope Moncrieff tells in "A Real Tartarin," the moving story of the adventures of Orllie Antoine I., King of Araucania and Patagonia. But the most generally interesting thing in the number is the third (and last) instalment of letters from Charlotte Bronte, communicated by Mrs. Williams. These letters are, perhaps, in some respects the most important of the series. We make a few extracts.

CHARLOTTE BRONTE'S READING.

We find Charlotte Bronte dwelling frequently and with gratitude on the pleasure and profit derived by the quiet family at the parsonage from the arrival of a box of books forwarded her from time to time by the kindness and courtesy of her publishers at Cornhill. There was the beauty of mystery about these delightful visitors which appeared to enhance their value. Charlotte writes as follows:—

Do not ask me to mention what books I should like to read. Half the pleasure of receiving a parcel from Cornhill consists in having its contents chosen for us. We like to discover, too, by the leaves cut here and there that the ground has been travelled before us. I took up Leigh Hunt's book "The Town" with the impression that it would be interesting only to Londoners, and I was surprised, ere I had read many pages, to find myself enchained by his pleasant, graceful, easy style, varied knowledge, just views and kindly spirit. I like Carlyle better and better. His style I do not like, nor do I always concur in his opinions, nor quite fall in with his hero-worship; but there is a manly love of truth, an honest recognition and fearless vindication of intrinsic greatness, of intellectual and moral worth considered apart from birth, rank, or wealth which commands my sincere admiration. Carlyle would never do for a contributor to the *Quarterly.* I have not read his "French Revolution." Carlyle is a great man, but I always wish he would write plain English. Emerson's "Essays" I read with much interest and often with admiration; but they are of mixed gold and clay—deep, invigorating truth, dreary and depressing fallacy, seem to me combined therein.

"JANE EYRE" ON THE STAGE.

Miss Bronte was much startled and disturbed by the intimation that "Jane Eyre" had been dramatized, and that, whether its "onelie begetter" liked it or not it was going to be performed. She writes to say that she is sure the performance would be "an afflicting spectacle." She continues:—

I suppose all would be woefully exaggerated and painfully vulgarized. What I cannot help asking myself would they make of Mr. Rochester? And the picture my fancy conjures up, by way of reply, is a somewhat humiliating one. What would they make of Jane? I see something very pert and very affected as an answer to that query. Still, were it in my power, I should certainly make a point of being myself a witness of the exhibition. Could I go quietly and alone, I undoubtedly should go; I should endeavour to endure, for the sake of the useful observations to be collected in such a scene. As to whether I wish you to go, that is another question. I am afraid I have hardly fortitude enough really to wish it. One can endure being disgusted with one's own work, but that a friend should share the repugnance is unpleasant. Still I know it would interest me to hear both your account of the exhibition and any ideas which the effect of the various parts on the spectators might suggest to you. In short, I should like to know what you would think and to hear what you would say on the subject. But you must not go merely to satisfy my curiosity—you must do as you think proper: whatever you decide on will content me. If you do not go, you will be spared a vulgarizing impression of the book; if you do go, I shall perhaps gain a little information; either alternative has its advantages.

OLD MAID AND THE "WOMAN QUESTION."

In her letters she has much to say about governesses and women generally who have to work for their living. In one she thus expresses herself:—

I often wish (she writes) to say something on the "condition-of-women" question, but it is one on which so much cant has been talked that one feels a sort of reluctance to approach it. I have always been accustomed to think that the necessity of earning one's living is not, in itself, an evil, though I feel it may become heavy evil if health fails, if employment lacks, if the demand upon our efforts made by the weakness of others dependent upon us becomes greater than our strength. Both sons and daughters should early be inured to habits of independence and industry. A governess's lot is frequently indeed bitter; but its results are precious. The mind, feelings, and temper are subjected to a discipline equally painful and priceless. I have known many who were unhappy as governesses, but scarcely one who, having undergone the ordeal, was not ultimately strengthened and improved—made more enduring for her own afflictions, more considerate for the afflictions of others. The great curse of a single female life is its dependency: daughters, as well as sons, should aim at making their way honourably through life. Teachers may be hard-worked, ill-paid, and despised; but the girl who stays at home doing nothing is worse off than the worst-paid drudge of a school: the listlessness of idleness will infallibly degrade her nature. Lonely as I am, how should I be if Providence had never given me courage to adopt a career, perseverance to plead through two long weary years with publishers till they admitted me? How should I be with youth passed, sisters lost, a resident in a moorland parish where there is not a single resident family? In that case I should have no world at all. The raven weary of surveying the deluge, and with no ark to return to, would be my type. As it is, something like a hope and a motive sustain me still. I wish every woman in England had also a hope and a motive, Alas! I fear there are many old maids who have neither.

NOTIONS OF "SELFISHNESS."

There came a time when her friends were repeatedly urging upon her the desirability of engaging the services of some bright, cheerful girl, whose fresh young presence might enliven her solitary existence, and lead her mind away from the too constant contemplation of its bereavement and desolation. But this suggestion she could never bring herself to adopt; she shrank from what she considered the "selfishness" of such an arrangement, and disliked the idea of exacting cheerfulness and brightness from any fresh young nature under conditions so ill-calculated to inspire these qualities. The imaginary "young person" under discussion, when viewed in this light, might, she feared, become more of a pain than a pleasure to her employer, and she finally rejects the plan in these words:—

There are two persons whom it would not suit, and not the least incommoded of these would be the young person whom I might request to come and bury herself in the hills of Haworth—to take a church and a stoney churchyard for her prospect; the dead silence of a village parsonage, in which the ticking of the clock is heard all day long, for her atmosphere; and a grave silent spinster for her only companion. I should not like to see youth thus immured. The hush and gloom of our house would be more oppressive to a buoyant than to a subdued spirit. My work is my best companion—hereafter I look for no great earthly comfort, excepting what congenial occupation can give.

MUSIC AS MEDICINE.

The *Lancet* gives a very cautious reply to a suggestion as to the use of music as a medical treatment. "Five years ago," says the *Lancet's* correspondent, "I had an opportunity of trying the effect of dreamy music upon a lady of great intellectual power, who retained, too, her faculties at the ripe age of 86. About seven minutes were occupied by the music, and before its last notes were heard my revered friend, the Viscountess Combermere, had closed her eyes and was napping." This story reminds us (says the *Hospital*) of another told by the late Dean Ramsey in his "Reminiscences of Scottish Life and Character." A certain country laird was taken ill with some affection which produced marked sleeplessness. All sorts of remedies for the insomnia were tried, but tried in vain. The laird had a son who was what is called in Scotland "daft," that is, he was somewhat weak in the upper story. When the other members of the laird's family were in a state bordering on distraction, the lad, whom nobody thought of taking into consultation, suddenly burst out with, "Feyther aye sleeps i' the kirk." The suggestion of getting a minister to preach to the sleepless man was acted upon immediately, and with the best results. Hardly had the rev. divine got well into the second head of his discourse, before the patient was sound asleep and snoring like the drone of a bag-pipe. The peculiar monotony of the preacher's voice had acted as an irresistible soporific. It is a common experience that the monotonous reading of a book, or the measured cadences of quiet singing, is often of great value in the soothing of the nervous system. It might be well if nurses were taught to chant a little, and were to learn suitable music for the bedside. Young ladies, too, and even matrons, would be all the better if, in the course of their ordinary education, they had a little instruction in music of a sleep-inducing kind. There is manifestly a field for the musical composer also, as well as for the nurse and the young lady.

A PRESENT-DAY PEPYS.

The late Mr. "Thomas Sopwith, F.R.S., Mining Engineer; practical scholar in men, events, things; and Northumbrian to the backbone," left a diary, in 171 volumes, and covering fifty-seven years, 1822-1879. The industrious diarist wrote beautifully and never made a blot or an erasure. Dr. B. W. Richardson has put together a volume of excerpts from the 171 volumes, and Messrs. Longmans have published it. As we shall presently see, there is much that is of extreme interest in the compilation, but in some respects it contains disappointing pages. One comes across trivialities which induce a longing that the editor had been a little more judicious in his selection, and yet, as Dr. Richardson's volume stands, in another century or so even some of the banalities of this modern Pepys will possess considerable value, as showing exactly what nineteenth-century life was like in small things. In 1891 Mr. Sopwith's editor may be forgiven for his literary sins, on the plea that his dull pages are outnumbered by "readable" ones. From the latter we proceed to make some extracts.

"Dagger Money": and Lord Brougham.

Many curious incidents are related in the early diaries, showing the social life of the old English town Newcastle and Durham at the commencement of the century. An account of the assize held at Durham, and of the outside ceremonial in 1823, is quaintly told:—

It was once customary to present the mayor of the town on these grand occasions with a dagger, actually for his defence. The custom had ceased by this time, but the remembrance remained in the fact of the continued payment of a sum of money as "dagger money." At an assize at Newcastle this same year Mr. Sopwith is an observer of Mr. Brougham, previous to attending the trial of Mr. Carr, the Captain of the Watch. Brougham, then rising towards the zenith of his fame, is described as "a tall, thin, dark, coarse-featured man, with nothing in his appearance indicative of those abilities which he so eminently possesses."

The Church-Bell Nuisance in Newcastle.

Here is some bell-lore which has a special interest for our readers just now. Under the head of "Extracts from Brand's and Bourne's 'Antiquities'" (says Dr. Richardson):—

Mr. Sopwith makes some curious comments on the "Soul Bell," adding the following particulars on the use of the bells of the churches in the populous town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne. There, he says, the church bells have not been confined to ecclesiastical uses. They have also with great propriety (!) been adapted to civil purposes. The tolling of the great bell at St. Nicholas's Church there was an ancient signal for the burgesses to convene a guild-day, and likewise on the day of electing magistrates. The little carnival Pancake Tuesday commences by the same signal. A bell, usually called "the Thief and Reever" (reever=a robber: to reeve, to spoil, or rob) bell, proclaimed the two annual fairs. A peculiar kind of alarm was given by a bell for accidents or fire. A bell was rung at six in the morning, except Sundays and holidays, with a view, it would seem, of calling up the artisans to their daily labour. There was also retained the vestige of the old Norman curfew at eight in the evening. The bells were muffled on January 30th, for which he could find no precedent. Their sound on this occasion was peculiarly pleasant. Had my friend inquired more carefully into this matter he might possibly have discovered that the muffled bells on January 30th were the continuous mourning for the death of Charles I. Distinction of rank, he observes, was preserved in Newcastle in the tolling of the Soul Bell. A high fee excludes the common people and appropriates to the death of persons of consequence the tolling of the great bell of each church. A bell also was tolled and sometimes chimes were rung, a little before the burial, and while the body was being carried to the church. They chime or ring too, sometimes, when the grave is being filled up.

Mr. Ruskin as "Kata Phusin."

At Dr. Buckland's, in Oxford (1839), Mr. Sopwith records that he had some conversation with Mr. Ruskin:—

He asked my opinion about the principles of perspective drawing recommended in Mr. Parsey's book, and I told him very freely my opinion of it. I said I had bought his book for twelve shillings, that I thought myself very foolish for throwing away so much money on so useless a production, and had never supposed that it would occupy any share of the attention of any intelligent person. The subject, I said, had been discussed at Loudon's table, where I laughed heartily at the manner in which Candidus rode roughshod over Parsey and his whimsical perspective. I explained my views at full length, both as to the theory and practice of this method of perspective, and was glad to find that Mr. Ruskin was the author of the able papers which have appeared in *Loudon's Magazine* under the title, or rather signature of Kata Phusin (according to Nature). It was truly delightful for me to become acquainted with the ingenious author of these very able papers, and still more so to find that we exactly coincided in opinion. His essays on the "Poetry of Architecture" range exactly towards the same feelings and objects as those which influenced me in the composition of the papers on the "Principles of Design" in the same magazine.

Mr. Sopwith subsequently chronicles his admiration of Mr. Ruskin's drawings; and Dr. Richardson says:—

Amongst his many admirers the distinguished author of "Fors Clavigera" had not one more earnestly sincere than Mr. Sopwith. One night, at the Society of Arts, Lord Shaftesbury in the chair, we had discussion in which Mr. Ruskin ran a-tilt at steam engines, arguing that they did the work which should alone be done by the human engine. I reported this to my friend with some glee, knowing his admiration of the steam engine as well as of Ruskin. He thought a little while, and then observed, with his characteristic sly humour, "Well, the human is the best engine, and if Ruskin could get the same amount of work out of it he would be right." Again (in 1842) there is a reference to Mr. John Ruskin, whom he has met in London, and "on whom his feeble encomiums cannot convey the faintest idea of the consummate skill of an artist of truly amiable and pleasing character."

Mr. Sopwith on Mr. Spurgeon.

In 1861 the diarist makes the following entry:—

Sunday, January 20th.—I went with Mrs. S., Mrs. Christiansen, and two of my daughters to Exeter Hall, and heard the Rev. Mr. Spurgeon preach. I was much interesed by hearing for the first time so celebrated an orator. The first impression, after he commenced speaking, was that of admiration of the clearness of his voice and the distinctness of his utterance. He maintained a seriousness of manner, a high respectability of demeanour, an argumentative and emphatic eloquence, which is very attractive, and to many minds must be very impressive. I had heard many accounts from former hearers, most of them tending to the opinion I am here expressing, and I was gratified to find that the extraordinary popularity of Mr. Spurgeon rests on a basis of great talent and great earnestness.

Miscellanea: and the Monocleid

Space precludes more than mention of many other good things; such as the story of Dr. Buckland and a friend who were riding towards London on a very dark night when they lost their way. Buckland dismounted, and taking up a handful of earth smelt it. "Uxbridge," he called out at once to his friend, "his geological nose telling him the precise locality." Again, in 1860, Mr. Sopwith paid a visit to Mr. Babbage, at the well-known house in Manchester-street, and found that learned man occupied in some analytical amusements, one of them being the solution of an anagram—"I tore ten Persian MSS." into "Misrepresentations." This was a favourite amusement with Babbage. Nor must mention be omitted of the ingenious contrivance, called a monocleid, which Mr. Sopwith began to work at in 1837:—

This magical writing-table had a flat top which would contain fifteen drawers, two closets, and three spaces for books and papers, all of which could be opened by one key. This effort ultimately led to the construction of one of the most ingenious literary cabinets ever invented. He many times showed Dr. Richardson this remarkable piece of furniture, which seemed almost automatically to put before you everything you wanted at a moment's notice; and the more he experienced the great saving of time effected by this contrivance the more he became convinced of its value for professional and official purposes.

Altogether, the book will be found rich in reminiscence and entertainment. That Mr. Sopwith looked upon the posting up of his diary as almost a sacred duty is pathetically shown by the fact that on his birthday in 1879 (January 3) he ceased to write it, marking in the volume he then completed the words "The End." Within a fortnight he was dead.

Now that the steamer Utopia has been raised work upon her is rendered almost unendurable, by reason of the stench arising from the number of dead bodies in the cabin bunkers. Among the bodies was that of a woman clasping a child to her breast, while another child clung to her skirts.

"MONY ane blames their wife for their ain unthrift." Did you bring home that SAPOLIO which your wife wanted? Sapolio is a solid cake of Scouring Soap. But the knows that. Agents.—H. BALLANTINE & SONS, 11, Hornby Row, Bombay.

SOMETHING TO DO.

It is a fact hardly worth insisting on, writes the *Globe,* that there is a number of young men in the present day looking out for "something to do." Many of these have, unfortunately, been brought up with the notion that to do anything but enjoy life is altogether ridiculous. Their parents are to blame for this. A public school and university education very often leads up to nothing. There was probably in some instances a hazy notion that after leaving college the Bar might be chosen as a career; but nothing definite was arrived at. What so pleasant as to enter a profession by simply eating a certain number of dinners, and then going circuit periodically for a holiday tour? Meanwhile, a tolerably filled purse and *carte blanche* at one's tailor's seemed a matter of course. But suddenly the "governor" would be taken ill and die. Then those horrid lawyers would do their best to delay a settlement, and when there was no further excuse for this, it was found that the deceased parent did not "cut up" nearly as well as was expected. The "Mater" had a life interest in everything, and when all the property had been realised, it became clear that poor papa had just died in time. All this is very hard on the young man, and it is, of course, a great shame that, having been brought up to do nothing, he should now have to look out for "something to do." The typical case just given is not exaggerated. It may be met with every day of the week, and yet it is not the less sad. Here is a young man brought up in every comfort and luxury suddenly called on to find an occupation whereby he can keep himself. Of course he is unable to do it, and the result is that, after living a hand-to-mouth existence for some time and exhausting all the patience of his friends, he most likely becomes a loafer and an outcast.

For what comes under the category of "something to do?" You may ask this question of the young man himself, and he will be puzzled for an answer. If he has any intelligence in him, he will most likely say that he thinks he would be a good secretary to a Member of Parliament or wealthy man of position. Or, if his life has been much spent in the country, that he would be an admirable agent to some landed proprietor He is a good shot, knows something of farming and stock, and thinks it would be rather enjoyable to ride to hounds or round the estate and give his orders to his employer's tenants. Of course the shooting and fishing would be agreeable, and with a small, comfortable house on the property, he fancies he could rub along very well until some wealthy heiress fell in his way and would marry him for his "beaux yeux." These are the notions with which he first of all embarks on his new start in life. With his education and possible accomplishments nothing seems easier. Besides see what an acquisition he would be in a country house. After joining the shooting party in the morning, he would be ready to make himself agreeable in the evening, and help his employer to entertain the guests and keep the ball rolling. Happy, indeed, is the young man who realises this day-dream. But how many of the unfortunate achieve such a position? Some have, no doubt, and perhaps have eventually married the daughter of the *nouveau riche,* and ended their days as the squire of the place. But this is like drawing the £20,000 prize of the German lottery. It may have occurred, but no one has ever set eyes on the lucky person.

After an agency or the secretaryship to a member of Parliament or nobleman, the best position which the unfortunate unemployed thinks he is most fit for is that of secretary to a club. This requires certain business capacities which may or may not be present, but it requires something more. If the club is a members' one,it means the possession of a vast amount of interest. Kissing goes by favour we know, and still more so does that of the appointment in question. Supposing that the applicant has every requisite qualification, if he does not possess interest he may as well give up the contest at once. An advertisement, we will say, appears in the papers for the secretaryship of the "Old Fogies," applications and testimonials to be sent in by a certain date. This sounds all right of course, but the hopeful aspirant little knows that the election being in the hands of the committee, the post is virtually given away before the notice appears. If he is wise he will immediately obtain a list of the committee, and work like a horse to get at each individual member through some private friend. Even with the help of powerful supporters his chance is but small. Without it he may as well save himself all the trouble and annoyance of certain failure. Proprietary clubs or limited liability companies are a different matter. If he could find some wealthy friends to join the syndicate who are starting the concern he has a better chance, but then how few of the impecunious unemployed are in such a position. After these posts come those which require some amount of capital. Possibly with the aid of a certain sum obtained through his lawyers on his expectations he may find an opening in the City. "In the City" is a vague term, extending from a junior position in some stockbroker's office to a sleeping partnership in some rotten concern which will soon swallow up his little capital, and leave him worse off than before. No: the City is hardly the place, except under very favourable circumstances, for the unfortunate young man. A University and public school education is undoubtedly a good thing, but hardly suitable without experience for the great struggle of life, when opposed to those whose whole existence has been devoted to pushing their way in the world.

Many of the young men we are thinking of have neither capital nor interest. They have then to consider what they can possibly do for a living without them. And now comes the rub. Brought up as they have been, they naturally shrink from anything which is not "genteel." A high-spirited man revolts at the idea of touting for a wine merchant or an insurance office. He rightly thinks he is not entitled to make use of his old friends by inducing them to become clients either of the one or of the other. Even if he condescended to do this, the result would probably be insignificant, and he would lose his self-respect. Then he must drop the genteel and take anything, satisfied that nothing will make him less of a gentleman, and that those who know him will honour him for obtaining work under such painful circumstances. But now comes the bitterest pang of all. He finds that the very fact of being a gentleman is against him. Many and many a time has an applicant for a certain post of a somewhat menial character had all his hopes crushed out of him when he had to acknowledge that he was well born. "My dear sir," has come the reply, "I am very sorry, but this is no place for you; it would be impossible for you to fill the post with justice to your position or with satisfaction to your employer. So the University education, instead of being an advantage, has positively been a drawback. Little did he contemplate this at the outset of his college life.

What, then, is to become of the poor gentleman who is in search of something to do? It is a difficult question to answer. Even the Colonies seem shut out from him, as one hears on all sides that mechanics and not gentlemen are required in those parts, unless they possess capital. It is indeed a hard look-out, and emphasises all the more plainly the wickedness of parents bringing their sons up in a position which they are subsequently unable to maintain. Better by far had they given them a commercial education, or prepare them to enter a career which, if not as showy as they could wish, would yet have secured them a competency in after-life. *Apres moi le deluge* seems too much the motto of those selfish persons who, living for present appearances only, never remember that hereafter their children may be at their wits' end for "something to do."

"A.K.H.B.," in *Longman's,* tells an entertaining anecdote of the late Archbishop Tait:—Tait was helped by his vein of Scottish humour. He listened to an amusing story with real enjoyment; and he told one admirably well. The sorrowful face, with the sad smile, added to the effect. Some remember one which Dean Stanley repeated at a Bishop's dinner at Lambeth on the authority of a Scottish friend. It elicited from the Archbishop no more than "A very good story," but it is literally true. On one of his latest visits to a certain country house in a Scottish county, he went alone to the post-office to send a telegram to his brother. He wrote it out. "The Archbishop of Canterbury to Sheriff Tait," and handed it in. The sceptical old postmaster read it aloud in contemptuous tones: "The Archbishop of Canterbury;" and added, "Wha may ye be that taks this cognomen?" The Archbishop, taken aback, remained silent for a moment. The morning was cold, and he had a woollen comforter wrapped round his neck; but on second view, the postmaster thought he looked more respectable than on a first, and added, "May be ye're the gentleman himsel'?" Tait replied, modestly, "For want of a better, I am." On which the good old Scot hastened to apologise for his first suspicion of imposture, adding, "I might have seen you were rather consequential about the legs." Then he added words of cheer, which Tait said truly were vitally Scotch, "I have a son in London, a lad in a shop; and he gaed to hear ye preach one day and was verra well satisfeed."

PURE PERSONALITIES.

A WORCESTER correspondent writes :—Mr. John Corbett, M.P., the Salt King, began life as a canal barge boy. His father was a canal carrier at Brierley Hill, and had several sons, one of whom, Mr. Thomas Corbett, is now a doctor at Kingston, Surrey. Mr. John Corbett left school at ten, and began to navigate one of his father's barges from Brierley Hill to London. He was a bookworm, however, and he beguiled his spare moments on these long and tedious journeys by the study of any volume which came to his hand. As he grew older he reached the dignity of barge-captain ; but this life was not to his mind, and he went to be engine driver at the salt works, at Stoke, near Droitwitch. Promotion awaited him ; he became outrider, and then cashier, and finally he purchased the business. It was then a very small concern. The Salt Union now rules at Stocke, but Mr. Corbett is still "the Salt King." Impney, where he lives alone in solitary state —his wife and family reside always in London—was built by himself. He is seventy-four years of age, and is not going back to Parliament after the dissolution.

Dr. Parker gives the following description of Dr. Robertson Nicoll in a sketch in *Great Thoughts* :—"In stature Dr. Nicoll is slightly below the middle height, but in rotundity he occupies his full share of a railway carriage or a friendly dinner-table. His head is remarkable both for size and form. Seen from behind it expresses great power of impulse and invincible obstinacy ; seen in front, it distinctly notifies force of mind and benevolence of disposition. He has the gift of insight, and the faculty of an ecclesiastical Delane in matters editorial. As to type, artistic distribution of material, conformity of policy, inborn sense of the value of compositions, and observance of character and faculty, Dr. Nicoll may be profitably consulted before the vast majority of editors. Whatever he undertakes he is apt to execute as if it were the only thing he had ever undertaken. It would seem as if he never needed to do his work twice over. Perfection comes at once and easily."

The following stories of Mr. Spurgeon are told by the *British Weekly* :—Mr. Spurgeon has an almost unexampled faculty of recognising people and remembering their names. If he ever makes a mistake he will rectify it felicitously. A gentleman who had been at the annual college supper was present again the following year. Mr. Spurgeon saluted him with "Glad to see you, Mr. Patridge," Mr. —— was surprised to find himself recognised at all, but replied, "My name is Patridge, sir." "Ah, yes," was the instant rejoinder, "I won't make game of you any more." On one occasion Mr. Spurgeon, in the midst of his sermon, turned to the deacons, who occupied seats immediately behind him, and without appreciably interrupting the course of his sermon said in a low voice, "Pickpocket, Mrs. So-and-So's pew," and resumed the thread of his discourse. Two deacons left their seats, and, passing out by the stairs behind, re-entered the Tabernacle on the area floor from opposite, one of them bringing with him the policeman stationed at the doors. They met in the aisle by the pew indicated, and the pickpocket was taken out, most people supposing it was merely a case of fainting.

The distinction just conferred on the Senior Sheriff for the City practically adds another to the already long list of Australian knights. For Sir William Farmer is considerably more of a Colonial than a Cockney. He spent the best twenty years of his life in Sydney, where the monster drapery establishment founded by his father is one of the sights of the metropolis of New South Wales. He is now the head of the London branch of the business. All the big Australian soft-goods houses have found it to their advantage to send their very best men to London to superintend the buying and dispatching of the enormous consignments required for the colonial trade. Sir William Farmer once had rather a melancholy experience of burglary. When he gave up business in Australia his employes presented him with a piece of plate worth £500. Burglars entered Sir William's residence at Chislehurst, and carried away the plate, and no trace of it was ever found. However, the burglars were not altogether wanting in chivalry, since they left Sir William the illuminated address which had been presented with the plate. He now resides at Coworth-park, a charming house near Sunningdale.

The announcement that the petition of the Countess Russell against her husband in the Divorce Court will be obliged to stand over, owing to the block of business, will probably be a great disappointment to all parties concerned, as the case has been hanging on for nearly a year. Lord Russell is the son of the eccentric, but amiable, Viscount Amberley and a grandson of the great Lord John. He was educated at Winchester and Balliol. In his Oxford days he a little astounded his undergraduate colleagues by his advanced views on social and political questions. His maiden speech at the Union was directed against field sports, and he was a teetotaler and a vegetarian. He also affected an interest in Theosophy, and brought certain strange members of that mysterious cult to dine with him in Balliol Hall. He is still only twenty-five. Countess Russell's sister was the young lady who figured in the Sebright case.

The President of the British Medical Association the members of which are now assembled at Bournemouth, is Dr. Roberts Thomson, consulting physician to the Bournemouth Royal Victoria Hospital ; and a like position at the Sussex County Hospital is held by the president of the council, Dr. Withers Moore, who is a very well-known man at Brighton. Dr. Clifford Allbutt, who is to start a discussion in the Psychology section on the proposed hospital for the treatment of the insane, had to give up a very lucrative practice and leading position in Leeds on being appointed Commissioner in Lunacy a couple of years back. In one of her letters published by Mr. Cross, George Eliot referred to Dr. Allbutt as a charming doctor.

The late Sir Charles Forster was a little man, and had for a number of years suffered from increasing difficulty in walking. He might often be seen shuffling along in a manner peculiar to himself, never lifting his feet from the ground, leaning on a stick in one hand and on the arm of a friend on the other. For a year or so his lameness has been so bad that he has had a litte wheeled chair brought in. It has usually been deposited behind the Speaker's chair ; and Sir Charles never failed to find a kindly friend to wheel him through the division lobby.

He was great in his attendance at church. There was not a remarkable preacher in Established or Nonconformist churches whom he had not frequently been to hear, and his criticisms both on the matter and the manner of their sermons were both excellent and instructive. Sir Charles gave very good dinners. He lived in a house at Queen Anne's-gate, and being a man of great wealth there was no stint in his entertainments, whether "at homes" or other. He liked to entertain political personages on both sides of the House, and they liked being entertained by him. Mr. Gladstone was a frequent guest at his house, and has met Mr. Chamberlain there.

Mr. Frank Miles, who lately died, was about eight years ago a personality in fashionable society, frequently to be seen hovering about the "professional beauties." At one time he and Oscar Wilde lived under the same roof in Tite-st., and gave tea parties. Mrs. Langtry, Mrs. Wheeler, Lady Archibald Campbell, Lady Mandeville, and many other beauties were to be seen in the asthetic studio drinking tea, handed by the lovely model, Sally Higgs, dressed in a Japanese costume. Frank Miles made a reputation by drawing pretty female heads in pencil. He was a good-looking man, but weak. Some years ago his mind gave way, and he had to be placed in a *maison de sante.*

Alderman Faudel Phillips is said to be prepared to step into the breach caused by the retirement of Mr. Gray, and to be the Lord Mayor for next year. Great expectations are entertained of Mr. Phillips, who is known to be rich and generous, while his wife is both charming and beautiful. Mrs. Phillips will look every inch a Queen of the City. Mr. Phillips has the reputation of being the best-dressed man in the Corporation, and though short of stature with hair which might indicate Scotch rather than Hebrew ancestry, he has impressed the whole of the Court very favorably, especially as regards his speaking abilities.

The name of Captain Albert Markham, although now mentioned in connection with flag promotion, is not so well known as it was some fifteen years ago. He is referred to at the present time simply as being the Commodore of the Training Squadron, and yet years ago he was immensely popular and much spoken of in connection with Sir George Nares' Polar expedition in the Alert and Discovery. During the expedition the intrepid captain led a sledge party as high as latitude 83deg. 20min., or within four hundred miles of the Pole—thus undeniably surpassing all former record.

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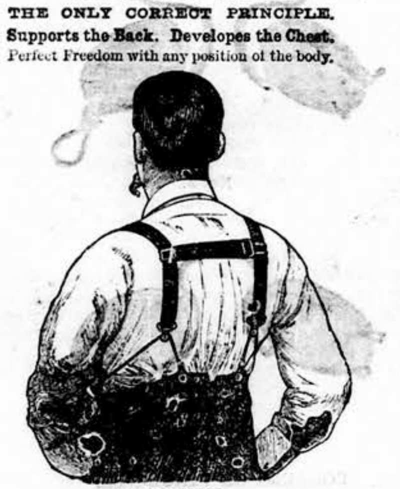

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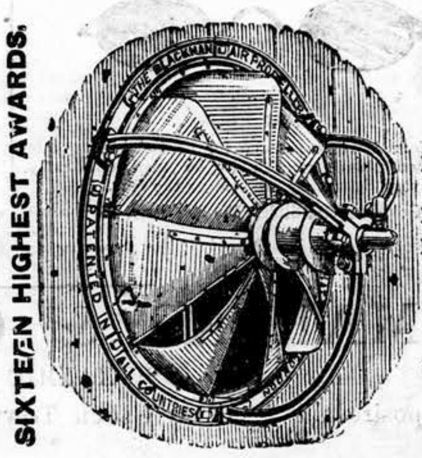

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ALLSOPP'S Sole Agents for Bottled Beers in India, specially brewed for India and specially bottled by the Company, are—

BOMBAY ......
CALCUTTA ....
MADRAS ......
LAHORE ......
} MESSRS. CUTLER, PALMER & CO.
KURRACHEE .. MR. H. J. RUSTOMJEE.
COCHIN ......
CALICUT .....
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} MESSRS. PEIRCE, LESLIE & CO.
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FREEMAN'S
TRADE MARK
REJECT SUBSTITUTES.
Sold Everywhere ORIGINAL in Bottles at 12 Annas & Rs. 1/8 to Rs. 10.
CHLORODYNE
CURES FEVERS, INFLUENZA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and ASIATIC CHOLERA. AGUE, CRAMP COLIC, NEURALGIA, and DENGUE FEVERS.

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NOTICES.

SANTAL-MIDY

The pure Essence of Santal obtained by Midy's process from the best Mysore wood.

SANTAL-MIDY entirely different from the santal oil of the Indian Bazars, is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY cures all derangements of the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small round Capsules, each of which bears the name..... MIDY in black letters, without which none are genuine.

SANTAL-MIDY Beware of imitations, all other Capsules or mixtures contain impurities, resins, oils &c. and are worse than useless.

SANTAL-MIDY is sold by all druggists and medicine dealers throughout the world.

PARIS, 8, RUE VIVIENNE, 8

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP OF HYPO-PHOSPHITE of LIME

FOR DISEASES OF THE CHEST

All suffering from **Catarrh, Consumption, Obstinate Coughs** or **Colds** and those affected with diseases of the **Chest, Lungs** and **Bronchial Tubes**, should take

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP of HYPO-PHOSPHITE of LIME

Prescribed by the leading medical authorities in all countries for the last twenty-five years with the greatest success, it continues to retain its reputation where all other medecines have failed.

Grimault's Syrup immediately arrests the **Cough**, Spitting of blood and **Nightsweats**, and the **Appetite** improves rapidly—a fact soon demonstrated by an increase of weight and healthy appearance. **Grimault's Syrup** has a rose colour, and is sold in flat oval bottles. **Beware of Imitations.**

GRIMAULT & Co, Paris. Sold by all Chemists

DUSART'S SYRUP OF Lactophosphate of Lime

HEALTH VIGOUR BONE MUSCLE

This syrup enriches the blood, and streghtens and restores all the vital energies. It contains Phosphate of Lime the substance most necessary to our existence, and indispensable for the formation of the bony and muscular system. It is a specific in Infants' green Diarrhœa, and assists children in the formation and cutting of their teeth, and where the limbs are weak, they greatly improve by this bone-forming material.

DUSART'S SYRUP is the best Tonic for Lymphatic subjects, and all suffering from nervous **Debility, Poorness of Blood** and the **Excesses of Youth.**

L. DUSART, 8, rue Vivienne, PARIS

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Chapoteaut's

PEPSINE PEARLS

for

SICK HEADACHES
WIND IN THE STOMACH
DYSPEPSIA
CONSTIPATION
INDIGESTION.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPSINE PEARLS

Contain in each 4 grains of pure Sheep Pepsine 8 times stronger than other pepsines and capable of digesting 1000 times its weight of meat or other food.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPSINE PEARLS

RELIEVE WITH THE FIRST DOSE

Cramps in the Stomach, Feeling of Heaviness, Sickness, Loss of Appetite, Headaches, and Sickness during pregnancy.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPSINE PEARLS

Will keep in any climate, and are without taste or smell.

8, RUE VIVIENNE, 8, PARIS.

CHAPOTEAUT'S

PEPTONE WINE

TONIC, DIGESTIVE & NUTRITIVE

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE nourishes the Sick & Convalescent, without fatiguing the stomach by the process of digestion; and is far superior to Beef Teas, Jellies, and Meat Extracts, which cannot nourish the body if the digestive organs are defective.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE is used in the London and Paris Hospitals, for affections of the *Stomach, Liver,* and *Intestines,* and for **Indigestion, Anæmia, Consumption, Diabetes, Dysentery**; in extreme weakness and exhaustion arising from *Tumours, Cancerous Affections,* and **all wasting diseases** whenever an extra amount of nourishment is required.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE cannot be too highly recommended as a Tonic stimulant and Restorative to the Aged, Delicate Females, Lymphatic subjects and children.

8, RUE VIVIENNE, PARIS.

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WHISKY IN JARS.

	Per Gallon. Rs.	a.
"Very Superior" Scotch	13	8
Finest Scotch	11	4
Old Irish	11	4

BRANDY IN JARS.

	Rs.	a.
* Per Gallon	12	12
** do.	13	12
*** do.	16	12
**** do.	18	0

GIN IN JARS.

	Per Gallon. Rs.	a.
Old Tom	9	12
Dry Gin	9	12

BEER IN BULK.

	Rs.	a.
"McEwan's" in 52 Gallon Hogsheads	57	0
Do. in Kilderkins (18 Gallon cask)	28	

Bottled Beer & Stout.

	Per Doz. Qts.	
Read Bros. "Bull Dog."	6	0
Allsopp & Sons	5	12
Pilsener	5	12
'McEwan's"		
C. P. & Co.'s	5	0

N.B.—One Gallon runs 6 Bottles, so the above prices will be for that quantity in bulk.

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For the convenience of our constituents who study economy we supply high class Whisky, Brandy and Gin, in wickered jars of 1 2 and 4 gallons which *are charged and allowed for, on return. less carriag.*

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IMPORTANT TO TOURISTS.

IMPORTANT TO THE SHIPPING.

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Positively the Best Hair Dressing for Strengthening, Beautifying, & Imparting a Lovely Fragrance.

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HARLENE,

POSITIVELY FORCES

Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers & Mustachios,

To Grow Heavily in a Few Weeks, without Injury to the Skin, and no matter at what age. The world-renowned Remedy for Baldness, from whatever cause arising. As a Producer of Whiskers & Mustachios it has never been equalled. As a Curer of Weak and Thin Eyelashes, or Restoring Grey Hair to its Original Colour, Never Fails.

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EDWARDS & Co. 5, New Oxford-st LONDON, ENGLAND.

Wholesale Agents for India—MESSRS. TREACHER & CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY.

"The Real Cup o' Kindness."

A perfect blending of the Choicest Brands of the Highest Classes of fine Old Whiskies in their Native Purity, as produced in Scotland, absolutely untampered with.

MATURED IN SHERRY CASKS. **TWELVE YEARS OLD** AGE POSITIVELY GUARANTEED.

A LUXURY IN PURE SCOTCH WHISKIES.

The letters B.O.S. are the Name, Brand, and Registered Trade Mark of this matchless Old Scotch Whisky.

B.O.S.

BLENDED OLD SCOTCH

12 Years Old ***	(Gold Capsule.)
8 Years Old **	(Blue Capsule.)
5 Years Old *	(Green Capsule.)

An exquisite blending, possessing a flavour so rare, a character so novel and so entirely its own, that it may fairly claim the very first place among high-class stimulants. Clever judges pronounce it *unique & unrivalled.* B.O.S. is remarkable for its "delicious individuality of flavour," mellowness and softness on the palate—"A very nectar" in marked contrast to ordinary blended Whiskies, which are more or less dominated by one or other of the Whiskies used in blending.

☞ *B.O.S. is sold in square white Bottles, labelled and capsuled, the age being notified by a small label on each Bottle.*

The proprietors are skilled blenders of Scotch Whiskies, but in all the experience of their Firm, extending nearly over the present century, they have never been able to accomplish anything so fully complying with the most exacting tests, as is now presented in this special blend of B.O.S.

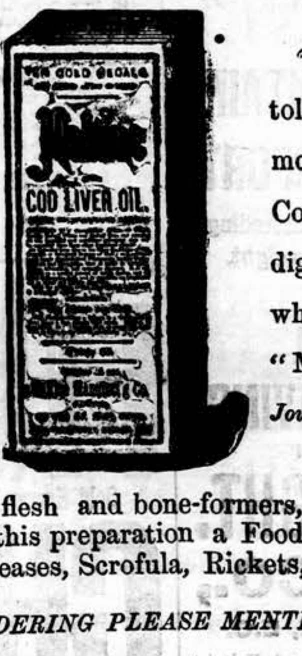
PEASE, SON & CO., 14, QUALITY STREET, LEITH, SCOTLAND.

English Branch—DARLINGTON, DURHAM. Established 1808.

MALTINE WITH COD LIVER OIL.

Palatable, Digestible, and far more Nourishing than any other Preparation of Cod Liver Oil.

The Oil is rendered thoroughly digestible, and its odour and taste are perfectly masked.


COD LIVER OIL.

"Patients unable to tolerate the purest and most carefully prepared Cod Liver Oil can readily digest and assimilate it when combined with "Maltine."—*British Medical Journal.*

The combination of flesh and bone-formers, with fat-making, force giving principles, makes this preparation a Food of incalculable value in Consumption, Wasting Diseases, Scrofula, Rickets, and convalescence.

IN ORDERING PLEASE MENTION

THE MALTINE MANUFACTURING CO., LD.

PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES.

DR. MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES are cut on approved Scientific principles at right angles to the axis of the crystal. In *Dr. Menist's Perfect Pebble Spectacles* it is not only the Pebbles which are perfect, special attention has also been given to the construction and finish of the frames to ensure the pebbles being placed exactly in the proper position for efficiently correcting the particular anomaly of refraction for which they are designed.

Dr. Menist's Perfect Pebble Spectacles stand unrivalled, and command the highst price, but for those who desire it we supply a cheaper class.

We have also a large supply of ordinary glass Spectacles from Rs. 3 a pair.

When a change of power becomes necessary we supply Dr. Menist's Perfect Pebbles at half price (Rs. 8), taking back the unsuitable pair (which we return to Europe to be repolished).

Dr. Menist's Spectacles can only be obtained from MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., LIMITED.

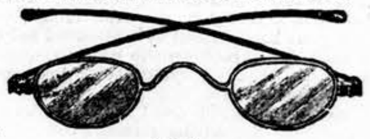
SAMPLES OF FRAMES.

No. 1.

TURNPIN SPECTACLES.

These are made specially for gentlemen; the extra branch to turn down behind the ears, making them firmer on the face than the single temples, but ladies cannot wear them with any comfort on account of their catching the hair.

Gold, Rs. 60; Silver, Rs. 28; Steel, Rs. 16.

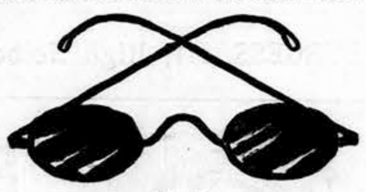


No. 2

SINGLE TEMPLE SPECTACLES.

These are intended specially for ladies, and can be removed easily without catching the hair. The illustration represents a pair for hypermetropia, but by placing the bridge a little lower and slightly altering the plane of the lenses, they are equally suitable for myopia.

Gold, Rs. 50; Silver, Rs. 25; Steel, Rs. 16.



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This form is recommended for near-sighted gentlemen when glasses require to be used constantly. Though very light, they are firm on the face.

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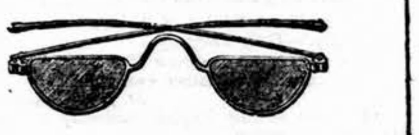

No. 4.

PANTOSCOPIC SPECTACLES.

This kind of frame is made to suit those who only require spectacles for reading, writing, or distinguishing objects at a short distance. The pantoscopic frame allows of the Wearer looking over the lenses without moving the spectacles.

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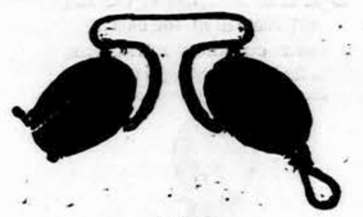

No. 5.

FOLDERS OR PINCE-NEZ.

Gold	Rs.	50
Tortoise Shell, Gold Mounted	„	22, 25
Silver Gilt	„	24
Steel and Nickel	„	16, 18

Folders are handy for occasional use, but for steady work of any kind spectacles are the most comfortable.

Repairs, &c., receive prompt and careful attention.

MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS,

Opposite the RAJABAI CLOCK TOWER, BOMBAY, and at POONA.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

The ORIGINAL and Genuine

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

bears the Signature, thus:—

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Ask for

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

RETAIL EVERYWHERE.

Agents: THE GREAT EASTERN HOTEL Co., and Messrs. BISSONAUTH LAW & Co., Calcutta.

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THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

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MAGNESIA

SOLD THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

N.B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

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NOTED for their mildness, delicacy, and uniformity of quality. Insist on having this brand, and take no other.

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BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS.

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McDOWELL & CO.,

MADRAS.

BRANCHES AT OOTACAMUND, SECUNDERABAD, AND COORG.

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HAMILTON & CO.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,
73, ESPLANADE ROAD,
BOMBAY.

2380 G.
Candlestick, Boar's Tusk, Mounted in Sterling Silver. Ebonised Base, Real Tusks.
Rs. 30 Cash.

2381 G.
Sterling Silver Snuff Box.
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2384 G.
Sterling Silver Scent Bottle.
Rs. 30 Cash.

2385 G.
Engraved Sterling Silver, Christening Mug in Case.
Rs. 45 Cash.

2386 G.
THE "CANADIAN"

A Glass Claret Jug, annealed to resist change of temperature, having the appearance of a block of Ice, most cooling in look and quite new. Best quality Silver-plated mounts.

Rs. 66 Cash.

REPAIRS TO JEWELLERY AND WATCHES CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED BY COMPETENT WORKMEN IN OUR BOMBAY MANUFACTORY.

HAMILTON & CO.,

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CARNRICK'S SOLUBLE FOOD

FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN.
For Mothers, Invalids, Dyspeptics and Aged People.

THE ONLY FOOD *that digests as easily as human milk, and agrees with all infants and children.*

THE ONLY FOOD *that thoroughly nourishes the child without the addition of cow's milk.*

THE ONLY FOOD *that removes from infancy all necessity, danger and annoyance of a wet nurse.*

IF TAKEN BY MOTHERS *once or twice a day the quantity of milk will be increased and quality at once improved.*

IF THE CHILD IS RESTLESS, *change partially from nursing to* SOLUBLE FOOD.

DR. STUTZER, Food Analyst for Rhenish Prussia, says: "CARNRICK'S SOLUBLE FOOD is the best of all the foods I have ever examined."

"OUR BABY'S FIRST AND SECOND YEARS," by Marion Harland. Book of 64 pages, giving careful instructions for bringing up the little ones. Sent free by

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G. & J. ZAIR'S WHIPS

Are Sold by respectable Saddlers and Dealers throughout India.

Gained the First Prize at Sydney, Melbourne, and Adelaide Exhibitions and a Diploma of Special Merit.

MANUFACTORY AND SHOW ROOM—
BIRMINGHAM.

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PASTA MACK For Bath & Toilet Use. This entirely new and excellent health-giving preparation SOFTENS THE WATER, gives it a most *delicious odour*, and BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION in a most extraordinary way. Should be in every Bathroom and Bedroom. *To be had of all respectable Chemists and Perfumers throughout the World.* Sole Manufacturer and Inventor, H. MACK, Ulm o/D.

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